Compact NSX

Moulded-case circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors Measurement and communication from 100 to 630 A

Catalogue 2008







Compact NSX ••• Next-generation circuit breakers

Today, next-generation Compact NSX circuit breakers provide an intelligent outlook and set the standards of tomorrow. A power monitoring unit enhances their invariably impeccable protective functions. For the first time, users can monitor both energy and power, offering new performance in a remarkably compact device.

Compactness, discrimination and modularity – all of the features which defined the success of the Compact NS generation of circuit breakers combined with new functions for safe, easy monitoring and management of installations.

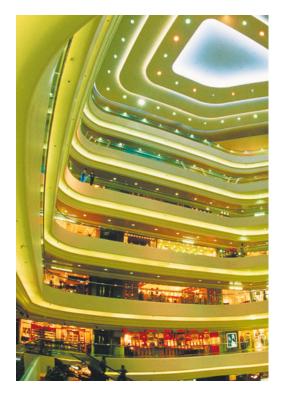
The new range of Compact NSX circuit breakers stands out from the crowd, thanks to its electronic intelligence. Through direct access to in-depth information, and networking via open protocols, Compact NSX lets operators optimise the management of their electrical installations.

Far more than a circuit breaker, Compact NSX is a measurement and communication tool ready to meet energy-efficiency needs through optimised energy consumption, increased energy availability, and improved installation management.



Safety and performance

Compactness, discrimination and modularity – new Compact NSX circuit breakers incorporate advanced monitoring and communication functions, from 40 amps up, combined with impeccable protection.









Expert technology

A roto-active contact breaking principle provides each circuit breaker with very high breaking capacity in a very small device, remarkable fault current limitation performance, and endurance.

- > Compact NSX benefits from a patented double roto-active contact breaking concept, together with a reflex tripping system for ultimate breaking.
- > Exceptional fault current limitation guarantees robust, reliable protection and, above all, reduces the causes of component aging, thus extending service life for installations.



New breaking capacities

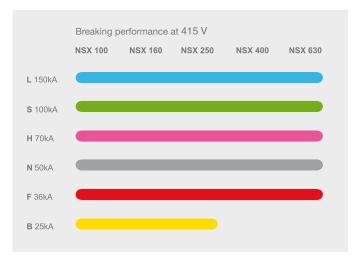
New performance levels for Compact NSX improve application targeting:

- > 25 kA standard low short-circuit level applications, e.g., for service businesses,
- ➤ 36-50 kA standard applications (industrial plants, buildings and hospitals),
- > 70-100 kA high performance at controlled cost,
- > 150 kA demanding applications (maritime).

Enhanced protection for motors

Compact NSX meets the requirements of IEC 60947-4-1 standards for protection of motors:

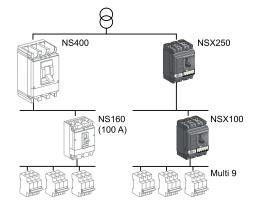
- > well adapted to motor-starting solutions up to 315 kW at 400 V, providing protection against short circuits, overloads, phase unbalance and loss,
- > also enables set-up of additional protection systems for starting and braking with the motor running, reverse braking, jogging or reversing in complete safety,
- ➤ add a Schneider Electric contactor; Compact NSX complies with the requirements of so-called type 2 coordination.



Reduced installation costs

Optimising installations allows for achieving up to 30 % savings:

- > considerable savings at the time of installation, thanks to total discrimination with miniature circuit breakers,
- > smaller devices, more economic switchboards mean best overall installation cost, without overcalibration.



The trip units are now true circuit breaker control systems.



With the integration of electronics, trip units have gained in speed and accuracy.



Greater reliability and better discrimination allows more refined settings, especially for time delays.

Monitoring and management

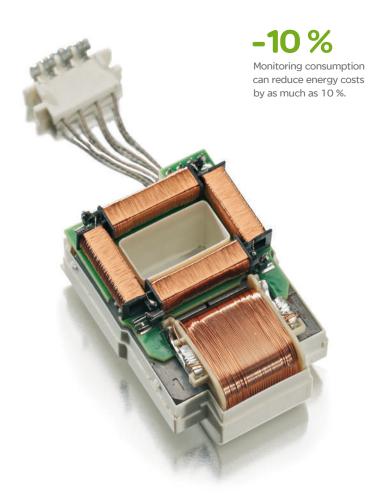
Compact NSX is a single device, which contains a monitoring unit to control energy consumption and power.





Integrated monitoring

- ➤ The new Compact NSX range incorporates Micrologic electronic trip units in the circuit breaker, offering both:
 - an accurate power monitoring unit,
 - a highly reliable protective device.
- > A Micrologic electronic tripping device combines next-generation sensors:
 - an "iron" sensor for the power supply to the electronics,
 - an "air" sensor (Rogowski coils) for measurement, guaranteeing high accuracy.
- > These electronic systems are designed to withstand high temperatures (105°C), ensuring reliability under severe operating conditions
- > The originality lies in how Compact NSX measures, processes and displays data, either directly on screen, on the switchboard front panel, or via a monitoring system.



Accessibility of information...

To keep costs under control and ensure service continuity, relevant information must be available in real time:

- > a kilowatt-hour meter helps optimise costs and their allocation,
- > harmonic distortion rate shows the quality of electrical supply,
- > alarm notification secures operational control and maintenance planning,
- > event logs and tables, activated continuously, ensure the installed equipment base operates correctly, so energy efficiency is maximized.

...for power monitoring

- > Together with power monitoring software (e.g., PowerLogic), the Compact NSX Modbus communication interface provides operators with a parameter set and tools that make system monitoring very easy.
- > Operators have real-time data to control energy availability, to monitor power supply quality, to optimise consumption of different applications or zones, reducing load peaks and continuously supplying priority loads, and to draw up maintenance schedules.
- > A software utility (RSU) allows protection and alarm configuration, in addition to testing communications with all installed devices.



Logiciel de supervision PowerLogic ION-E





Measurement functions are controlled by an additional microprocessor.

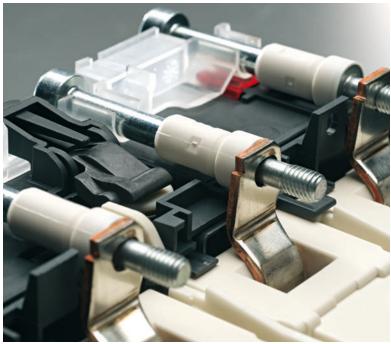
Protection functions are electronically managed independently of measurement functions.

An ASIC (Application-Specific Integrated Circuit) is common to all trip units, which boosts immunity to conducted or radiated interference and increases reliability.

Simplicity

Compact NSX takes the principles of easy installation and use – which made its predecessor so successful – to a higher level.





Simple in design

Compact NSX is mounted and wired reusing the same measurements as Compact NS.

Cut-outs are the same whatever the type of handle. Engineering drawings are the same, so installation and connection layouts can be used on new projects, simplifying extensions or retrofits, and reducing maintenance costs.

Integration in help software, for parameter settings and switchboard installation, further eases design.



Simple to install

- > A Limited Torque Screw (LTS) system ensures proper installation of the tripping device, for added flexibility. It insures each screw is aligned correctly and tightened to the required torque. The LTS system thus avoids the need for a torque wrench.
- > A transparent lead-sealable cover protects access to tripping device switches and prevents settings from being changed.
- > The new electrical control adjustment also has a transparent lead- sealable cover to prevent it from being operated accidentally.
- > Compact NSX has an optional functional terminal shield that offers excellent protection against direct contact (IP40 on all sides, IP20 at cable entry points) and easy installation.
- > All Compact NSX devices can be equipped with a communication function via a pre-wired connection with a Modbus interface module. When the Modbus address is declared, the Compact NSX device is integrated into the network.

65 %

time savings in installation compared with a classic monitoring solution.

- > There are four levels of functionalities:
 - communication of device status: On/Off position, trip indication and fault-trip indication.
 - communication of commands: open, close, and reset,
 - communication of measurements: mainly I, U, f, P, E, and THD,
 - communication of operating assistance data: settings, parameters, alarms, histograms and event tables, and maintenance indicators.
- ➤ The switchboard "plug & play" display unit connects to the trip unit without any special settings or configuration. A cable fitted with an RJ45 connector allows for easy integration with communications networking.

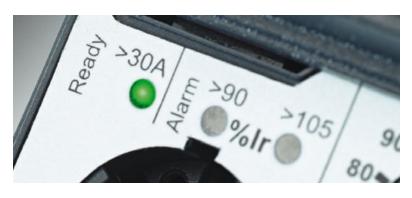
Simple to use

- > Users customise time-stamped alarms for all parameters, assign them to indicator lights, choose display priorities, and configure time delay thresholds and modes.
- > Event logs and tables are continuouslyactivated. Providing a wealth of information, they enable users to ensure that the installed equipment base operates correctly, to optimize settings, and to maximise energy efficiency.
- > Local and remote displays offer easy access to operators and provide the main electrical values: I, U, V, f, energy, power, total harmonic distortion, etc. The user-friendly switchboard display unit with intuitive navigation is more comfortable to read, and offers quick access to information.











Performance, yet unimposing. Compact NSX perfectly blends into its environment.



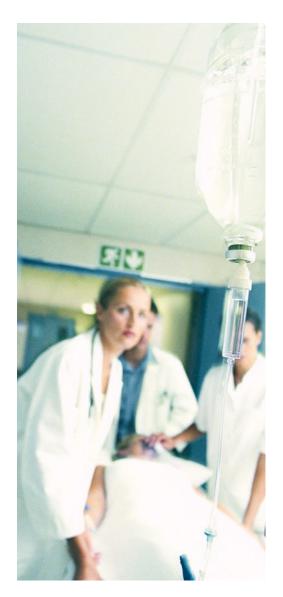
Attractively designed.

The front of Compact NSX circuit breakers has an attractive curved profile.

Measurements are easy to read on a backlit LCD display. Screen navigation is intuitive and settings are simplified by immediate readouts in amps.

Service continuity

Compact NSX makes discrimination its main advantage in minimising the impact of short circuits, ensuring service continuity for installations.



Total discrimination

Thanks to its 30 years of experience, Schneider Electric, with Compact NSX, offers perfect mastery of discrimination for ever more reliable service continuity. Compact NSX circuit breakers strongly limit fault currents, occurring as the result of short-circuits, which reduces installation downtime and avoids overdimensioning cables.

When several circuit breakers are used in series, the downstream circuit breaker trips as close as possible to the fault, isolating only the circuit concerned. The upstream circuit breaker is not affected and allows the other circuits to remain operational.

100 % service continuity



Direct access to maintenance indicators

Service continuity

Adding an SDTAM module allows remote indication of motor overloads and actuation of a contactor, ensuring total service continuity:

- > the SDTAM switches the contactor instead of tripping the circuit breaker,
- > the module allows for machine restart directly from the contactor without having to operate circuit breakers.

Preventive maintenance

Maintenance indicators provide information on the number of operations, level of wear on contacts and total load rates. This makes it far easier to monitor equipment ageing and optimise investments over time. Maintenance is now preventive, avoiding faults.





Schneider Electric expertise

Schneider Electric commits to reducing energy costs and ${\rm CO}_2$ emissions for its customers. It offers products, solutions and services that integrate with all levels of the energy value chain. Compact NSX is part and parcel of the Schneider Electric energy efficiency approach.



Solutions for the future

With Compact NSX, Schneider Electric works through flexible solutions for commercial and industrial buildings, Schneider Electric commits to help customers gradually move towards an active approach to their energy efficiency. It helps get more return from investments and future design solutions.

Energy performance contracts

An energy performance contract offers innovative service to modernise technical installations.

The objective is dramatically to reduce energy costs, whilst improving comfort and safety, all in an environmentally-responsible way.

Environmentally responsible

Schneider Electric meets the expectations of its markets with products adapted to the practices of the 190 countries where it is present and strongly commits to respect the norms and directives of each of those

- Compact NSX, like all the products in its LV ranges, is a product designed to comply with all European directives for the environment. It has also received international certifications and approval from independent agencies.
- In compliance with ISO 14001 standards, all of its factories are non-polluting.
- Designed for easy disassembly and recycling at end of life, Compact NSX complies with environmental directives RoHS* and WEEE**.

Up to 30 % savings in energy costs

4 steps

- > Diagnosis
- > Proposals
- > Implementation
- > Follow-up

^{*} RoHS = Restriction of Hazardous Substances

^{**} WEEE = Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment



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Protection, measurement and communication...



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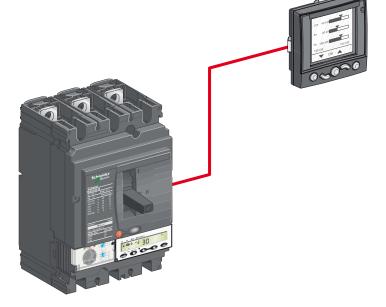
Introduction

Overview of applications

Functions

Applications

Compact NSX100 to 630 offers high performance and a wide range of interchangeable trip units to protect most applications. Electronic versions provide highly accurate protection with wide setting ranges and can integrate measurement, metering and communication functions. They can be combined with the FDM121 switchboard display unit to provide all the functions of a Power Meter as well as operating assistance.



Operating assistance ▶ page A-22

Integration of measurement functions provides operators with operating assistance functions including alarms tripped by user-selected measurement values, time-stamped event tables and histories, and maintenance indicators.

Switchboard display unit page A-24

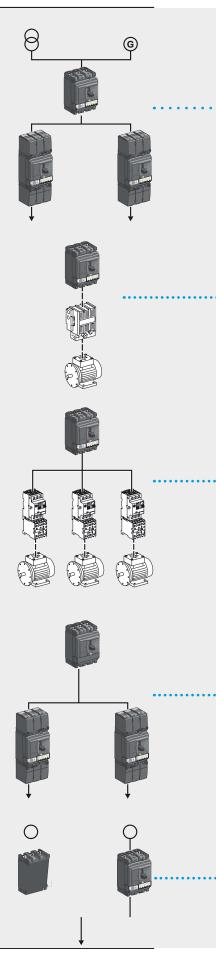
The main measurements can be read on the built-in screen of Micrologic 5 / 6 trip units

They can also be displayed on the FDM121 switchboard display unit along with pop-up windows signalling the main alarms.

Communication

▶ page A-26

Compact NSX equipped with Micrologic 5 / 6 trip units provide communication capabilities. Simple RJ45 cords connect to a Modbus interface module.



Protection of distribution systems (AC 220/690 V)
▶ page A-14

Compact NSX devices are equipped with MA or TM thermal-magnetic trip units or Micrologic 2 / 5 / 6 electronic trip units to provide protection against short-circuits and overloads for:

- distribution systems supplied by transformers
- distribution systems supplied by engine generator sets
- long cables in IT and TN systems.

They can be easily installed at all levels in distribution systems, from the main LV switchboard to the subdistribution boards and enclosures.

All Compact NSX devices can protect against insulation faults by adding a Vigi module or Vigirex relay.

Protection of motors (AC 220/690 V)
▶ page A-36

The Compact NSX range includes a number of versions to protect motor applications:

- basic short-circuit protection with MA magnetic trip units or the electronic Micrologic 1-M version, combined with an external relay to provide thermal protection
- protection against overloads, short-circuits and phase unbalance or loss with Micrologic 2-M trip units

■ more complete protection against overloads and short-circuits with additional motor-specific protection (phase unbalance, locked rotor, underload and long start) with Micrologic 6 E-M trip units. These versions also offer communication, metering and operating assistance.

The exceptional limiting capacity of Compact NSX circuit breakers automatically provides type-2 coordination with the motor starter, in compliance with standard IEC 60947-4-1.

Protection of special applications

page A-48

Special applications:

The Compact NSX range offers a number of versions for special protection applications:

- service connection to public distribution systems

 page A-48
- generators > page A-50
- industrial control panels > page A-52 with:

□ compliance with international standards IEC 60947-2 and UL 508 / CSA 22-2 N14 □ compliance with US standard UL 489

- □ installation in universal and functional enclosures.
- 16 Hz 2/3 systems > page A-53
- 400 Hz systems > page A-54

For all these applications, circuit breakers in the Compact NSX range offer positive contact indication and are suitable for isolation in accordance with standards IEC 60947-1 and 2.

Control and isolation using switch-disconnectors

▶ page A-56

A switch-disconnector version of Compact NSX circuit breakers is available for circuit control and isolation. All add-on functions of Compact NSX circuit breakers may be combined with the basic switch-disconnector function, including:

- earth-leakage protection
- motor mechanism
- ammeter, etc.

For information on other switch-disconnector ranges, see the Interpact (offering positive contact indication and visible break) and Fupact (fusegear) catalogues.

Source changeover systems

➤ page A-60

To ensure a continuous supply of power, some electrical installations are connected to two power sources:

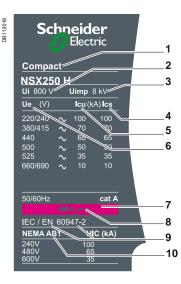
- a normal source
- a replacement source to supply the installation when the normal source is not available.

A mechanical and/or electrical interlocking system between two circuit breakers or switch-disconnectors avoids all risk of parallel connection of the sources during switching. A source-changeover system can be:

- manual with mechanical device interlocking
- remote controlled with mechanical and/or electrical device interlocking
- automatic by adding a controller to manage switching from one source to the other on the basis of external parameters.

Introduction

General characteristics of the Compact NSX range



Standardised characteristics indicated on the rating plate:

- 1 Type of device: frame size and breaking capacity class
- 2 Ui: rated insulation voltage.
- 3 Uimp: rated impulse withstand voltage.
- 4 Ics: service breaking capacity.
- 5 Icu: ultimate breaking capacity for various values of the rated operational voltage Ue
- 6 Ue: operational voltage.
- 7 Colour label indicating the breaking capacity class.
- 8 Circuit breaker-disconnector symbol.
- 9 Reference standard.
- 10 Main standards with which the device complies.

Note: when the circuit breaker is equipped with an extended rotary handle, the door must be opened to access the rating plate.

Compliance with standards

Compact NSX circuit breakers and auxiliaries comply with the following:

- international recommendations:
- □ IEC 60947-1: general rules
- □ IEC 60947-2: circuit breakers
- □ IEC 60947-3: switch-disconnectors
- ☐ IEC 60947-4: contactors and motor starters
- $\hfill \square$ IEC 60947-5.1 and following: control circuit devices and switching elements; automatic control components
- European (EN 60947-1 and EN 60947-2) and corresponding national standards:
- □ France NF
- □ Germany VDE
- □ United Kingdom BS
- □ Australia AS
- □ Italy CEI
- the specifications of the marine classification companies (Veritas, Lloyd's Register of Shipping, Det Norske Veritas, etc.), standard NF C 79-130 and recommendations issued by the CNOMO organisation for the protection of machine tools. For U.S. UL, Canadian CSA, Mexican NOM and Japanese JIS standards, please consult us.

Pollution degree

Compact NSX circuit breakers are certified for operation in pollution-degree III environments as defined by IEC standards 60947-1 and 60664-1 (industrial environments).

Climatic withstand

Compact NSX circuit breakers have successfully passed the tests defined by the following standards for extreme atmospheric conditions:

- IEC 60068-2-1: dry cold (-55 °C)
- IEC 60068-2-2: dry heat (+85 °C)
- IEC 60068-2-30: damp heat (95 % relative humidity at 55 °C)
- IEC 60068-2-52 severity level 2: salt mist.

Environment

Compact NSX respects the European environment directive EC/2002/95 concerning the restriction of hazardous substances (RoHS).

Product environment profiles (PEP) have been prepared, describing the environmental impact of every product throughout its life cycle, from production to the end of its service life.

All Compact NSX production sites have set up an environmental management system certified ISO 14001.

Each factory monitors the impact of its production processes. Every effort is made to prevent pollution and to reduce consumption of natural resources.

Ambient temperature

- Compact NSX circuit breakers may be used between -25 °C and +70 °C. For temperatures higher than 40°C (65°C for circuit breakers used to protect motor feeders), devices must be derated (pages B-8 and B-9).
- Circuit breakers should be put into service under normal ambient, operating-temperature conditions. Exceptionally, the circuit breaker may be put into service when the ambient temperature is between -35 °C and -25 °C.
- The permissible storage-temperature range for Compact NSX circuit breakers in the original packing is -50 °C (1) and +85 °C.

(1) -40 °C for Micrologic control units with an LCD screen.

Electromagnetic compatibility

Compact NSX devices are protected against:

- overvoltages caused by circuit switching (e.g. lighting circuits)
- overvoltages caused by atmospheric disturbances
- devices emitting radio waves such as mobile telephones, radios, walkie-talkies, radar, etc.
- electrostatic discharges produced by users.

Immunity levels for Compact NSX comply with the standards below.

- IEC/EN 60947-2: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear, part 2: Circuit breakers:
- ☐ Annex F: Immunity tests for circuit breakers with electronic protection
- ☐ Annex B: Immunity tests for residual current protection
- IEC/EN 61000-4-2: Electrostatic-discharge immunity tests
- IEC/EN 61000-4-3: Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic-field immunity tests
- IEC/EN 61000-4-4: Electrical fast transient/burst immunity tests
- IEC/EN 61000-4-5: Surge immunity tests
- IEC/EN 61000-4-6: Immunity tests for conducted disturbances induced by radio-frequency fields
- CISPR 11: Limits and methods of measurement of electromagnetic disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment.

Discrimination

Compact NSX reinforces the discrimination capabilities of the Compact NS range by applying the rapid calculation capacity of the Micrologic trip units.

Total discrimination is now possible between NSX100 and modular Multi 9 circuit breakers rated \leq 63 A (see page A-8).

Suitable for isolation with positive contact indication

All Compact NSX circuit breakers are suitable for isolation as defined in IEC standard 60947-2:

- The isolation position corresponds to the O (OFF) position.
- The operating handle cannot indicate the OFF position unless the contacts are effectively open.
- Padlocks may not be installed unless the contacts are open.

Installation of a rotary handle or a motor mechanism does not alter the reliability of the position-indication system.

The isolation function is certified by tests guaranteeing:

- the mechanical reliability of the position-indication system
- the absence of leakage currents
- overvoltage withstand capacity between upstream and downstream connections.
 The tripped position does not insure isolation with positive contact indication.

Only the OFF position guarantees isolation.

Installation in class II switchboards

All Compact NSX circuit breakers are class II front face devices. They may be installed through the door of class II switchboards (as per IEC standards 61140 and 60664-1) without downgrading switchboard insulation. Installation requires no special operations, even when the circuit breaker is equipped with a rotary handle or a motor mechanism.

Degree of protection

The following indications are in accordance with standards IEC 60529 (IP degree of protection) and IEC 62262 (IK protection against external mechanical impacts).

Bare circuit breaker with terminal shields

- With toggle: IP40, IK07.
- With standard direct rotary handle / VDE: IP40 IK07

Circuit breaker installed in a switchboard

- With toggle: IP40, IK07.
- With direct rotary handle:
- □ standard / VDE: IP40, IK07
- □ MCC: IP43 IK07
- □ CNOMO: IP54 IK08■ With extended rotary handle: IP56 IK08
- With motor mechanism: IP40 IK07.





Introduction

Characteristics and performance of Compact NSX circuit breakers from 100 to 630 A



Compact NSX100/160/250.



Compact NSX400/630.

Common characteristics			
Rated voltages			
Insulation voltage (V)	Ui		800
Impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp		8
Operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC 50/60 Hz	690
Suitability for isolation		IEC/EN 60947-2	yes
Utilisation category			Α
Pollution degree		IEC 60664-1	3

Pollution degree	IEC	60664-1	3	
Circuit breakers				
Breaking capacity levels				
Electrical characteristics as per IE	C 60047-2			
Rated current (A)	In	40 °C		
Number of poles				
Breaking capacity (kA rms)				
,	lcu	AC 50/60 Hz	220/240 V	
			380/415 V	
			440 V	
			500 V 525 V	
			660/690 V	
Service breaking capacity (kA rms)			000/000 \$	
	lcs	AC 50/60 Hz	220/240 V	
			380/415 V	
			440 V	
			500 V	
			525 V	
Durability (C-O cycles)		Mechanical	660/690 V	
Durability (0-0 cycles)		Electrical	440 V	ln/2
		2.001.104.		In
			690 V	ln/2
				In
Characteristics as per Nema AB1				
Breaking capacity (kA rms)		AC 50/60 Hz		
			480 V 600 V	
Characteristics as per UL 508			000 V	
Breaking capacity (kA rms)		AC 50/60 Hz	240 V	
			480 V	
			600 V	
Protection and measurements				
Short-circuit protection	Magnetic on			
Overload / short-circuit protection	Thermal ma	gnetic		
	LICCHOING	with neutral p	rotection (Off-	-0.5-1-OSN) (1)
		with ground-fa		
		with zone sele	ective	
5: 1 (111 C 5 5 THS		interlocking (2		
Display / I, U, f, P, E, THD measurements / in Options		rent measurem r display on doo		
Ориона	Operating as		Л	
	Counters			
	Histories and	d alarms		
	Metering Co			
		is/control Com		
Earth-leakage protection	By Vigi mod		-	
Installation / connections	By Vigirex re	nay		
Dimensions and weights				
Dimensions (mm)	Fixed, front	connections	2/3P	
WxHxD	,		4P	
Weight (kg)	Fixed, front	connections	2/3P	
			4P	
Connections				
Connection terminals	Pitch		With/withou	t spreaders
Large Cu or Al cables	Cross-section	on	mm²	
	2.223 00000			

⁽¹⁾ OSN: Over Sized Neutral protection for neutrals carrying high currents (e.g. 3rd harmonics).
(2) ZSI: Zone Selective Interlocking using pilot wires.
(3) 2P circuit breaker in 3P case for B and F types, only with

thermal-magnetic trip unit.

Common ch	aracteristics		
Control			
	Manual	With toggle	
		With direct or extended rotary handle	
	Electrical	With remote control	
Versions			
	Fixed		
	Withdrawable	Plug-in base	
		Chassis	

NS	X10	0				NS	X16	0				NS	X25	0				NS	X40	0			NS	X63	0		
В		N	Н	S	L	В		N	Н	S	L		F		Н	S	L	F	N	Н	S	L	F	N	Н	S	L
100						160						250						400					630				
2 (3),	3, 4					2 ⁽³⁾ ,	3, 4					2 ⁽³⁾ ,	3, 4					3, 4					3, 4				
40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150
25	36	50	70	100	150	25	36	50	70	100		25	36	50	70	100	150	36	50	70	100	150		50	70	100	150
20	35	50	65	90	130	20	35	50	65	90	130	20	35	50	65	90	130	30	42	65	90	130		42	65	90	130
15	25	36	50	65	70	15	30	36	50	65	70	15	30	36	50	65	70	25	30	50	65	70	25	30	50	65	70
-	22	35	35	40	50	-	22	35	35	40	50	-	22	35	35	40	50	20	22	35	40	50	20	22	35	40	50
-	8	10	10	15	20	-	8	10	10	15	20	-	8	10	10	15	20	10	10	20	25	35	10	10	20	25	35
40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150
25	36	50	70		150	25	36	50	70	100	150	25	36	50	70	100	150	36	50	70	100	150		50	70	100	150
20	35	50	65	90	130	20	35	50	65	90	130	20	35	50	65	90	130	30	42	65	90	130	30	42	65	90	130
7.5	12.5	36	50	65	70	15	30	36	50	65	70	15	30	36	50	65	70	25	30	50	65	70	25	30	50	65	70
-	11	35	35	40	50	-	22	35	35	40	50	-	22	35	35	40	50	10	11	11	12	12	10	11	11	12	12
5000	4	10	10	15	20	- 4000	8	10	10	15	20	2000	8 nn	10	10	15	20	10 1500	10	10	12	12	10 1500	10	10	12	12_
5000						2000						2000						1200					8000				
 3000						1000						1000						6000					4000				
2000						1500						1000						6000					6000				
1000	0					7500)					5000)					3000)				2000)			
40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	90	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150	40	85	100	120	150
20	35	50	65	90	130		35	50	65	90		20	35	50	65	90	130	30	42	65	90	130		42	65	90	130
-	8	20	35	40	50	-	20	20	35	40	50	-	20	20	35	40	50	-	20	35	40	50	-	20	35	40	50
-	85	85	85	-	-	-	85	85	85	-	-	-	85	85	85	-	-	85	85	85	-	-	85	85	85	-	-
-	25 10	50 10	65 10	-	_	-	35 10	50 10	65 10	-	-	-	35 15	50 15	65 15	-	-	35 20	50 20	65 20	-	-	35 20	50 20	65 20	_	-
	10	10	10				10	10	10			_	13	13	13			20	20	20			20	20	20		
•						-												-					-				
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-						-						•						-					-				
+						•						-						•					•				
						-						-		-				-					-				
	x 161 :						x 161						x 161						x 255 >						x 110		
2.05	x 161	x 86				140 x 2.2	x 161	x 86				140 2.4	x 161	x 86				185 x 6.05	x 255)	x 110			185 6.2	x 255	x 110		
2.05						2.6						2.4						7.90					o.∠ 8.13				
																		00					5.15				
35/4	5 mm					35/4	5 mm					35/4	5 mm						2.5 mr	n				2.5 m			
200						200						200							0 mm					0 mm			
300						300						300						4 x 2	40				4 x 2	240			

Introduction

Compact NSX trip units

With Micrologic electronic trip units, Compact NSX stands out from the crowd. Thanks to the new generation of sensors and its processing capability, protection is enhanced even further. It also provides measurements and operating information.

Thermal-magnetic or electronic trip unit?

Thermal-magnetic trip units protect against overcurrents and short-circuits using tried and true techniques. But today, installation optimisation and energy efficiency have become decisive factors and electronic trip units offering more advanced protection functions combined with measurements are better suited to these needs. Micrologic electronic trip units combine reflex tripping and intelligent operation. Thanks to digital electronics, trip units have become faster as well as more accurate and reliable. Wide setting ranges make installation upgrades easier. Designed with processing capabilities, Micrologic trip units can provide measurement information and device operating assistance. With this information, users can avoid or deal more effectively with disturbances and can play a more active role in system operation. They can manage the installation, anticipate on events and plan any necessary servicing.

Accurate measurements for complete protection

Compact NSX devices take advantage of the vast experience acquired since the launch of Masterpact NW circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic trip units. From 40 amperes on up to the short-circuit currents, they offer excellent measurement accuracy. This is made possible by a new generation of current transformers combining "iron-core" sensors for self-powered electronics and "air-core" sensors (Rogowski toroids) for measurements.

The protection functions are managed by an ASIC component that is independent of the measurement functions. This independence ensures immunity to conducted and radiated disturbances and a high level of reliability.

Numerous security functions

Torque-limiting screws

The screws secure the trip unit to the circuit breaker. When the correct tightening torque is reached, the screw heads break off. Optimum tightening avoids any risk of temperature rise. A torque wrench is no longer required.

Easy and sure changing of trip units

All trip units are interchangeable, without wiring. A mechanical mismatch-protection system makes it impossible to mount a trip unit on a circuit breaker with a lower rating.

"Ready" LED for a continuous self-test

The LED on the front of the electronic trip units indicates the result of the self-test runs continuously on the measurement system and the tripping release. As long as the green LED is flashing, the links between the CTs, the processing electronics and the Mitop release are operational. The circuit breaker is ready to protect. No need for a test kit. A minimum current of 15 to 50 A, depending on the device, is required for this indication function.

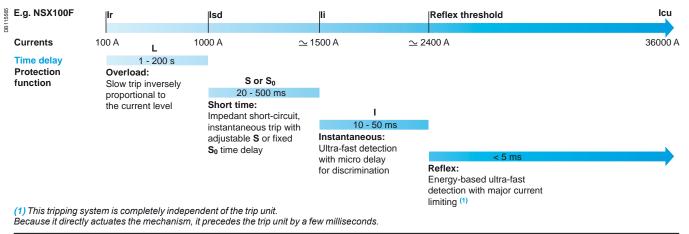
A patented dual adjustment system for protection functions.

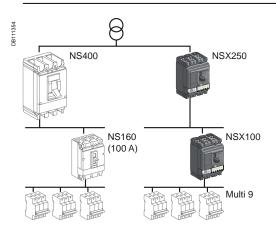
Available on Micrologic 5 / 6, the system consists of:

- an adjustment using dials sets the maximum value
- an adjustment, made via the keypad or remotly, fine-tunes the setting. This setting may not exceed the first one. It can be read directly on the Micrologic screen, to within one ampere and a fraction of a second.

Coordinated tripping systems

Compact NSX detects faults even faster and its tripping time is reduced. It protects the installation better and limits contact wear.





Compact NSX100 with Micrologic for total discrimination with Multi 9 devices rated ≤ 40 A or a C60. Better coordination between protection functions reduces the difference in ratings required for total discrimination.

Unmatched discrimination

Discrimination

Compact NSX provides maximum continuity of service and savings through an unmatched level of discrimination:

- given the high accuracy of measurements, overload discrimination is ensured even between very close ratings
- for major faults, the fast processing of the Micrologic trip units means the upstream device can anticipate the reaction of the downstream device. The upstream breaker adjusts its tripping delay to provide discrimination
- for very high faults, the energy of the arc dissipated by the short-circuit in the downstream breaker causes reflex tripping. The current seen by the upstream device is significantly limited. The energy is not sufficient to cause tripping, so discrimination is maintained whatever the short-circuit current.

For total discrimination over the entire range of possible faults, from the long-time pick-up Ir to the ultimate short-circuit current Icu, a ratio of 2.5 must be maintained between the ratings of the upstream and downstream devices.

This ratio is required to ensure selective reflex tripping for high short-circuits.

	Protection	Frame	Measurements	Applications
	•	÷	•	÷
	1: I 2: LS ₀ I 5: LSI 6: LSIG	2: NSX100/160/250	A: Ammeter	Distribution, otherwise G: Generator AB: Public distribution M: Motors Z: 16 Hz 2/3
	I: Instantaneous L: Long time S ₀ : Short time (1) (fixed delay) S: Short time G: Ground fault	3: NSX400/630	E: Energy SE No. 10 lbd ted ll(th) P tr lbd ted ll(th) A MA 22 AS 9	
ples				
ogic 1.3	Instantaneous only	400 or 630 A		Distribution
ogic 2.3	LS ₀ I	400 or 630 A		Distribution
logic 5.2 A	LSI	100, 160 or 250 A	Ammeter	Distribution

(1) LS_0 I protection is standard on Micrologic 2. To ensure discrimination, it offers short-time protection S_0 with a non-adjustable delay and instantaneous protection.

Introduction

Overview of trip units for Compact NSX

Compact NSX offers a range of trip units in interchangeable cases, whether they are magnetic, thermal-magnetic or electronic. Versions 5 and 6 of the electronic trip unit offer communication and metering. Using Micrologic sensors and intelligence, Compact NSX supplies all the information required to manage the electrical installation and optimise energy use.

Type of protection and applications

DB112028

MA magnetic

TM-D thermal-magnetic

■ Distribution and motors

■ Distribution ■ Generators

Compact NSX100/160/250



Circuit breakers and trip units





MA Distribution and motors

TM-D Distribution TM-G Generators

Compact NSX400/630





1.3-M Distribution and motors

Settings and indications



Adjustment and reading Pick-up set in amps using dials

Non-adjustable time delay



Adjustment and reading

Pick-up set in amps using dials

Non-adjustable time delay

Micrologic 2 electronic

LS₀I

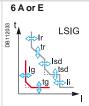
- Distribution
- Service connection (public distribution)
- Generators
- Motors (I only)
- Motors

Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E electronic trip units

5 A or E



■ Distribution and generators



Distribution and generators 6 E-M



■ Motors

\$ TO STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

2.2 Distribution2.2-AB Service connection (public

distribution)
2.2-G Generators

2.2-M Motors

A: current metering functions

E:current and energy metering functions.

5.2 A Distributionand generators5.2 E Distributionand generators

5.2 A-Z 16 Hz 2/3 networks

6.2 A Distribution and generators

6.2 E Distribution and generators



2.3 Distribution

2.3-AB Service connection (public distribution)

1.3-M Motors (I only)

2.3-M Motors



5.3 A Distribution and generators

5.3 E Distribution and generators

6.3 A Distribution and generators6.3 E Distribution and generators



6.3 E-M Motors



Adjustment and reading Pick-up set in amps with fine adjustment using dials Non-adjustable time delay



Front indications



Test connector

Self test





Adjustment and reading Pick-up set in amps

5.3 A-Z 16 Hz 2/3 networks



Fine adjustment via keypad



Adjustable time delays



Front indications

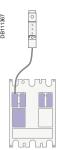


Test connector

Self test



Connection to switchboard display unit



Communication to Modbus

Introduction

Overview of trip units for Compact NSX

The capabilities of Micrologic 5 / 6 A and E trip units come into full play with the FDM121 switchboard display unit.

When the two are connected via a simple cord with RJ45 connectors, the combination offers full Power Meter capabilities and all the measurements required to monitor the electrical installation.



Ammeter Micrologic (A)

I measurements

Current measurements

- Phase and neutral currents I1, I2, I3, IN
- Average current of the 3 phases lavg
- Highest current of the three phases Imax
- Ground-fault current Ig (Micrologic 6.2 / 6.3 A)
- Maximeter/minimeter for I measurements

Operating and maintenance assistance

Indications, alarms and histories

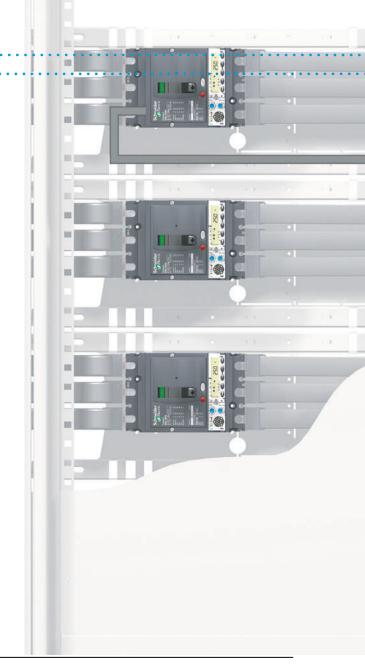
- Indication of fault types
- Alarms for high/low alarm thresholds linked to I measurements
- Trip, alarm and operating histories
- Time-stamped tables for settings and maximeters

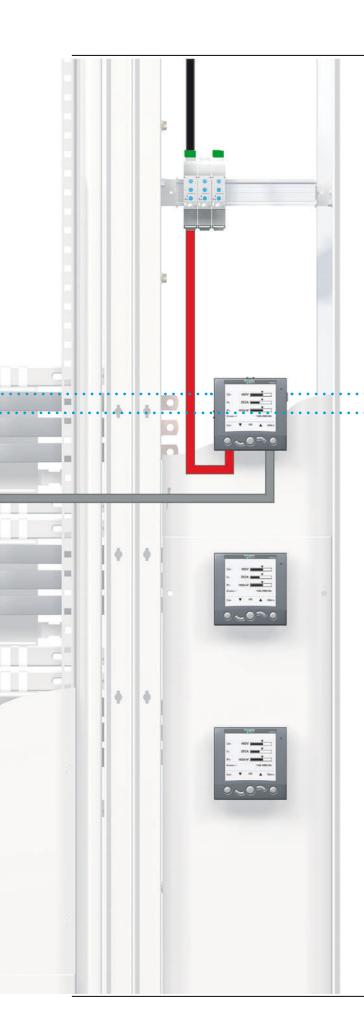
Maintenance indicators

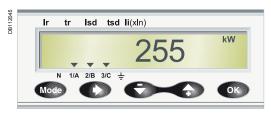
- Operation, trip and alarm counters
- Operating hours counter
- Contact wear
- Load profile and thermal image

Communication

■ Modbus with add-on module







Energy Micrologic (E)

I, U, f, P, E, THD measurements

Current measurements

- Phase and neutral currents I1, I2, I3, IN
- Average current of the 3 phases lavg
- Highest current of the three phases Imax
- Ground-fault current Ig (Micrologic 6.2 / 6.3 A)
- Maximeter/minimeter for I measurements
- Current unbalance between phases

Voltage measurements

- Phase-to-phase (U) et phase-to-neutral (V) voltages
- Average voltages Uavg, Vavg
- Ph-Ph (U) and Ph-N (V) voltage unbalance

Frequency measurements

■ Frequency (f)

Power-quality indicators

■ Total harmonic distortion (THD) for current and voltage

Power measurements

- Active, reactive and apparent power, total and per phase
- \blacksquare Power factor and cos ϕ

Maximeters/minimeters

■ For all I, U, f, P, E measurements

Demand current and power measurements

- Demand values, total and per phase
- Maximum demand

Energy metering

■ Active, reactive and apparent energy, total and per phase

Operating and maintenance assistance

Indications, alarms and histories

- Indication of fault types
- Alarms for high/low thresholds linked to I, U, f, P, E measurements
- Trip, alarm and operating histories
- Time-stamped tables for settings and I, U, f, P, E maximeters

Maintenance indicators

- Operation, trip and alarm counters
- Operating hours counter
- Contact wear
- Load profile and thermal image

Communication

■ Modbus with add-on module

Protection of distribution systems

TM thermal-magnetic and MA magnetic trip units

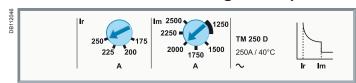
TM thermal-magnetic and MA magnetic trip units can be used on Compact NSX100/160/250 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L.

TM trip units are available in 2 versions:

- TM-D, for the protection of distribution cables
- TM-G, with a low threshold, for the protection of generators or long cable lengths.

Vigi modules or Vigirex relays can be added to all the circuit breakers to provide external earth-leakage protection.

TM-D and TM-G thermal-magnetic trip units



Circuit breakers equipped with thermal-magnetic trip units are used mainly in industrial and commercial electrical distribution applications:

- TM-D, for protection of cables on distribution systems supplied by transformers
- TM-G, with a low pick-up for generators (lower short-circuit currents than with transformers) and distribution systems with long cable lengths (fault currents limited by the impedance of the cable).

Protection



Thermal protection (Ir)

Thermal overload protection based on a bimetal strip providing an inverse time curve I^2t , corresponding to a temperature rise limit. Above this limit, the deformation of the strip trips the circuit breaker operating mechanism.

This protection operates according to:

- Ir that can be adjusted in amps from 0.7 to 1 times the rating of the trip unit (16 A to 250 A), corresponding to settings from 11 to 250 A for the range of trip units
- a non-adjustable time delay, defined to ensure protection of the cables.

Magnetic protection (Im)

Short-circuit protection with a fixed or adjustable pick-up Im that initiates instantaneous tripping if exceeded.

- TM-D: fixed pick-up, Im, for 16 to 160 A ratings and adjustable from 5 to 10 x In for 200 and 250 A ratings
- fixed pick-up for 16 to 63 A ratings.

Protection against insulation faults

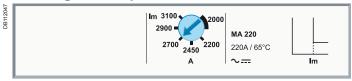
Two solutions are possible by adding:

- a Vigi module acting directly on the trip unit of the circuit breaker
- a Vigirex relay connected to an MN or MX voltage release.

Protection versions

- 3-pole:
- □ 3P 3D: 3-pole frame (3P) with detection on all 3 poles (3D)
- □ 3P 2D: 3-pole frame (3P) with detection on 2 poles (2D).
- 4-pole
- □ 4P 3D: 4-pole frame (4P) with detection on 3 poles (3D).
- \Box 4P 4D: 4-pole frame (4P) with detection on all 4 poles (same threshold for phases and neutral).

MA magnetic trip units



In distribution applications, circuit breakers equipped with MA magnetic-only trip units are used for:

- short-circuit protection of secondary windings of LV/LV transformers with overload protection on the primary side.
- as an alternative to a switch-disconnector at the head of a switchboard in order to provide short-circuit protection.

Their main use is however for motor protection applications, in conjunction with a thermal relay and a contactor or motor starter (see "Motor protection", page A-36).

Protection



Magnetic protection (Im)

Short-circuit protection with an adjustable pick-up Im that initiates instantaneous tripping if exceeded.

■ Im = In x ... set in amps on an adjustment dial ② covering the range 6 to 14 x In for 2.5 to 100 A ratings or 9 to 14 In for 150 to 220 A ratings.

Protection versions

- 3-pole (3P 3D): 3-pole frame (3P) with detection on all 3 poles (3D).
- 4-pole (4P 3D): 4-pole frame (4P) with detection on 3 poles (3D).

Note: All the trip units have a transparent lead-sealable cover that protects access to the adjustment dials.

Thermal-magne		TM1	6D t	o 25	0D					T	M16	G to	o 630	G
Ratings (A)	In at 40 °C (1)	16 25	32	40	50 63	80 1	00125	160	200 25	0 16	25	40	63	
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100		•	•	•		-	-		•			•	t.
	Compact NSX160		-	-			•	•		-			•	l _r
	Compact NSX250		-				•			-	-			T"
Thermal protection														
Pick-up (A) tripping between 1.05 and 1.20 Ir	ir = in x	adjusta	ble in	amps	from 0.	7 to 1 x I	n							In
Time delay (s)	tr	non-ad	justal	ole						no	n-adj	ustab	ole	
	tr at 1.5 x In	120 to	400							12	0 to 4	100		
	tr at 6 x Ir	15								-				
Magnetic protection	1	Ė												
Pick-up (A)	lm	fixed							adjustab	le fixe	ed			
accuracy ±20 %	Compact NSX100	190 30	0 400	500	500 500	0 640 80	00			63	80	80	125	
	Compact NSX160/250	190 30	0 400	500	500 500	640 80	00 1250	1250	5 to 10x	In 63	80	80	125	
Time delay	tm	fixed												
Neutral protection														
Unprotected neutral	4P 3D	no dete	ction							no 4	4P3E) vers	sion	
Fully protected neutral	4P 4D	1 x lr								1 x	lr			
Magnetic trip ur	nits	MA 2	.5 to	o 22()									
Ratings (A)	In at 65 °C	2.5	6.	3	12.5	25	ţ	50	100	150	0	22	0	t,
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100		-		-				•	-		-		Ī
	Compact NSX160	-	-		-				•	•		-		
	Compact NSX250	-	-		-	-	-		•					. Im
Instantaneous mag	netic protection													
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±20 %	Im = ln x	adjusta from 6			settings	s)			adjust 14 x lr	table in a	amps	from	9 to	
Time delay (ms)	tm	none												

⁽¹⁾ For temperatures greater than 40°C, the thermal protection characteristics are modified. See the temperature derating table.

Protection of distribution systems

Micrologic 2 and 1.3-M trip units

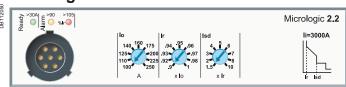
Micrologic 2 trip units can be used on Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L.

They provide:

- standard protection of distribution cables
- indication of:
- □ overloads (via LEDs)

□ overload tripping (via the SDx relay module). Circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic 1.3-M trip units, without thermal protection, are used in certain applications to replace switch-disconnectors at the head of switchboards. Micrologic 1.3-M trip units are dedicated to Compact NSX400/630 A circuit breakers.

Micrologic 2



Circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic 2 trip units can be used to protect distribution systems supplied by transformers. For generators and long cables, Micrologic 2-G trip units offer better suited low pick-up solutions (see page A-50).

Protection.....



Settings are made using the adjustment dials with fine adjustment possibilities.

Overloads: Long time protection (Ir)

Inverse time protection against overloads with an adjustable current pick-up Ir set using a dial and a non-adjustable time delay tr.

Short-circuits: Short-time protection with fixed time delay (Isd)

Protection with an adjustable pick-up Isd. Tripping takes place after a very short delay used to allow discrimination with the downstream device.

Short-circuits: Non-adjustable instantaneous protection

Instantaneous short-circuit protection with a fixed pick-up.

Neutral protection

- On 3-pole circuit breakers, neutral protection is not possible.
- On four-pole circuit breakers, neutral protection may be set using a three-position switch:
- □ 4P 3D: neutral unprotected
- □ 4P 3D + N/2: neutral protection at half the value of the phase pick-up, i.e. 0.5 x Ir
- □ 4P 4D: neutral fully protected at Ir.



Indications.....

Front indications

- Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.
- Orange overload pre-alarm LED: steady on when I > 90 % Ir
- Red overload LED: steady on when I > 105 % Ir



Remote indications

An overload trip signal can be remoted by installing an SDx relay module inside the circuit breaker.

This module receives the signal from the Micrologic electronic trip unit via an optical link and makes it available on the terminal block. The signal is cleared when the circuit breaker is reclosed. For description, see page A-81.

Micrologic 1.3-M for magnetic protection only



Micrologic 1.3-M trip units provide magnetic protection only, using electronic technology. They are dedicated to 400/630 A 3-pole (3P 3D) circuit breakers or 4-pole circuit breakers with detection on 3 poles (4P, 3D) and are used in certain applications to replace switch-disconnectors at the head of switchboards. They are especially used in 3-pole versions for motor protection, see page A-40.



SDx remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

Note: all the trip units have a transparent lead-sealable cover that protects access to the adjustment dials.

Micrologic 2											
Ratings (A)	In at 40 °C ⁽¹⁾		40	100	160	250	400	630			
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100		•		-	-	-	-			
	Compact NSX160					-	-	-			
	Compact NSX250		•		•		-	-			
	Compact NSX400		-	-	-	•		-			
	Compact NSX630		-	-	-			•			
Long-time pro	tection										
Pick-up (A)		lo	value	dependir	g on trip	unit rating	g (In) and	setting o	n dial		
tripping between	In = 40 A	lo=	18	18	20	23	25	28	32	36	40
1.05 and 1.20 Ir	In = 100 A	lo =	40	45	50	55	63	70	80	90	100
	In = 160 A	lo=	63	70	80	90	100	110	125	150	160
	In = 250 A (NSX250)	lo=	100	110	125	140	160	175	200	225	250
	In = 250 A (NSX400)	lo =	70	100	125	140	160	175	200	225	250
	In = 400 A	lo=	160	180	200	230	250	280	320	360	400
	In = 630 A	lo=	250	280	320	350	400	450	500	570	630
	Ir = lo x				ent setting for each			9 - 0.92 -	0.93 - 0.	94 - 0.95	- 0.96 -
Time delay (s)	tr		non-a	djustable							
accuracy 0 to -20%		1.5 x lr	400								
		6 x Ir	16								
		7.2 x lr	11								
Thermal memory			20 mir	nutes bef	ore and a	fter trippi	ng				
Short-time pro	tection with fixed tim	e delay									
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±10 %	Isd = Ir x		1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
Time delay (ms)	tsd		non-a	djustable							
	Non-tripping time		20								
	Maximum break time		80								
Instantaneous	protection										
Pick-up (A)	li non-adjustable		600	1500	2400	3000	4800	6900			
accuracy ±15 %	Non-tripping time Maximum break time		10 ms 50 ms	for I > 1.	5 li						

⁽¹⁾ If the trip units are used in high-temperature environments, the Micrologic setting must take into account the thermal limitations of the circuit breaker. See the temperature derating table.

Micrologic 1.	3-M			
Ratings (A)	In at 65 °C	320	500	+
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX400		-	1
	Compact NSX630	•	•	
S Short time pr	otection			Isd
Pick-up (A)	Isd	adjustable directly in amps		Tisu
accuracy ±15 %		9 settings: 1600, 1920, 2440, 2560, 2880, 3200, 3520, 3840, 4160 A	9 settings: 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500 A	
Time delay (ms)	tsd	non-adjustable		
	Non-tripping time Maximum break time	20 60		
Instantaneou	is protection			
Pick-up (A)	li non-adjustable	4800	6500	
accuracy ±15 %	Non-tripping time Maximum break time	0 30 ms		

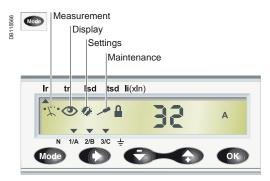
Protection of distribution systems

Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E trip units

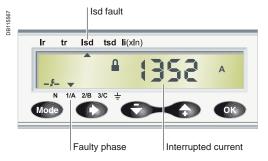
Micrologic 5 / 6 A (Ammeter) or E (Energy) trip units can be used on Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L. They all have a display unit.

They offer basic LSI protection (Micrologic 5) or LSI and ground-fault protection G (Micrologic 6).
They also offer measurement, alarm and

They also offer measurement, alarm a communication functions.



Trip unit menus.



Display of interrupted current.

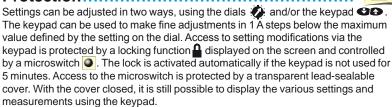


SDx remote indication relay module with its terminal block

Note: all the trip units have a transparent lead-sealable cover that protects access to the adjustment dials.



Protection.....



Overloads: Long time protection (Ir)

Inverse time protection against overloads with an adjustable current pick-up ${\bf lr}$ set using a dial or the keypad for fine adjustments. The time delay ${\bf tr}$ is set using the keypad.

Short-circuits: Short-time protection (Isd)

Short-circuit protection with an adjustable pick-up **Isd** and adjustable time delay **tsd**, with the possibility of including a portion of an inverse time curve (I²t On).

Short-circuits: Instantaneous protection (li)

Instantaneous protection with adjustable pick-up li.

Additional ground fault protection (Ig) on Micrologic 6

Residual type ground-fault protection with an adjustable pick-up **Ig** (with Off position) and adjustable time delay **tg**. Possibility of including a portion of an inverse time curve (I²t On).

Neutral protection

- On 4-pole circuit breakers, this protection can be set via the keypad:
- □ Off: neutral unprotected
- \square 0.5: neutral protection at half the value of the phase pick-up, i.e. 0.5 x Ir
- □ 1.0: neutral fully protected at Ir
- \square OSN: Oversized neutral protection at 1.6 times the value of the phase pick-up. Used when there is a high level of 3rd order harmonics (or orders that are multiples of 3) that accumulate in the neutral and create a high current. In this case, the device must be limited to Ir = 0.63 x In for the maximum neutral protection setting of 1.6 x Ir.
- With 3-pole circuit breakers, the neutral can be protected by installing an external neutral sensor with the output (T1, T2) connected to the trip unit.

Zone selective interlocking (ZSI)

A ZSI terminal block may be used to interconnect a number of Micrologic control units to provide zone selective interlocking for short-time (Isd) and ground-fault (Ig) protection, without a time delay. For Compact NSX 100 to 250, the ZSI function is available only in relation to the upstream circuit breaker (ZSI out).

Display of type of fault.....



On a fault trip, the type of fault (Ir, Isd, Ii, Ig), the phase concerned and the interrupted current are displayed. An external power supply is required.

Indications.....



Front indications



- Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.
- Orange overload pre-alarm LED: steady on when I > 90 % Ir
- Red overload LED: steady on when I > 105 % Ir

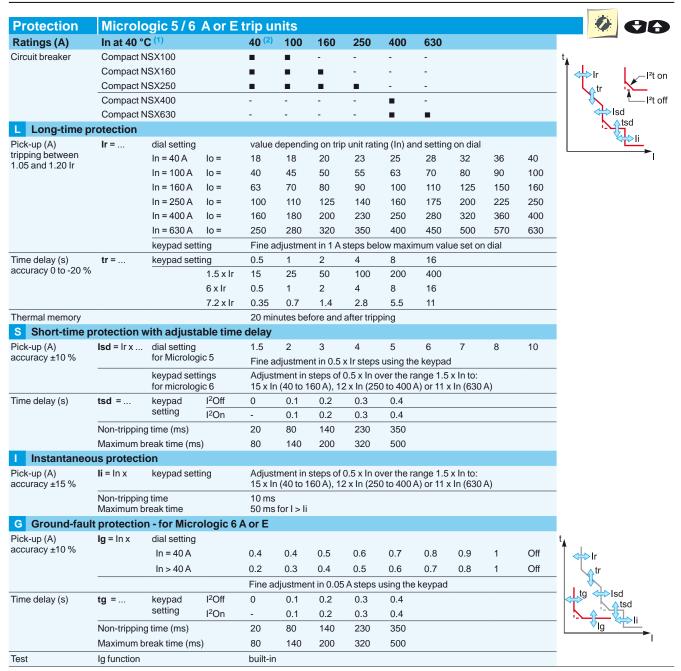
Remote indications

An SDx relay module installed inside the circuit breaker can be used to remote the following information:

- overload trip
- overload prealarm (Micrologic 5) or ground fault trip (Micrologic 6).

This module receives the signal from the Micrologic electronic trip unit via an optical link and makes it available on the terminal block. The signal is cleared when the circuit breaker is closed.

These outputs can be reprogrammed to be assigned to other types of tripping or alarm. The module is described in detail in the section dealing with accessories.



⁽¹⁾ If the trip units are used in high-temperature environments, the Micrologic setting must take into account the thermal limitations of the circuit breaker. See the temperature derating table.

⁽²⁾ For 40 A rating, the neutral N/2 adjustment is not possible.

Power Meter functions

Electronic Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E

In addition to protection functions, Micrologic 5 / 6 trip units offer all the functions of Power Meter products as well as operating-assistance for the circuit breaker.

- display of settings
- measurement functions:

□ Ammeter (A)

- □ Energy (E)
- alarms
- time-stamped histories and event tables
- maintenance indicator
- communication.



Micrologic built-in LCD display showing an energy



FDM121 display: navigation.



Current.

DB112133



DB112134

Consumption

Voltage

Examples of measurement screens on the FDM121 display

Micrologic A and E measurement functions are made possible by Micrologic intelligence and the accuracy of the sensors. They are handled by a microprocessor that operates independent of protection functions.

Display.....



Micrologic LCD

The user can display all the protection settings and the main measurements on the LCD screen of the trip unit.

- Micrologic A: instantaneous rms current measurements
- Micrologic E: voltage, frequency and power measurements and energy metering, in addition to the measurements offered by Micrologic A

To make the display available under all conditions and increase operating comfort, an external power supply is recommended for Micrologic A. It is indispensable to:

- display faults and interrupted current measurements
- use all the functions of Micrologic E (e.g. metering of low power and energy
- ensure operation of the communication system.

The external power supply can be shared by several devices. For description, see page A-32.

FDM121 display unit

An FDM121 switchboard display unit can be connected to a Micrologic trip unit using a prefabricated cord to display all measurements on a screen. The result is a veritable 96 x 96 mm Power Meter.

In addition to the information displayed on the Micrologic LCD, the FDM121 screen shows demand, power quality and maximeter/minimeter values along with alarms. histories and maintenance indicators.

The FMD121 display unit requires a 24 V DC power supply. The Micrologic trip unit is supplied by the same power supply via the cord connecting it to the FDM121.

When the Micrologic, with or without an FDM121 switchboard display unit, is connected to a communication network, all information can be accessed via a PC.

Measurements



Instantaneous rms measurements

The Micrologic A and E continuously display the RMS value of the highest current of the three phases and neutral (Imax). The navigation buttons • can be used to scroll through the main measurements.

In the event of a fault trip, the current interrupted is memorised.

The Micrologic A measures phase, neutral, ground fault currents.

The Micrologic E offers voltage, frequency and power measurements in addition to the measurements provided by Micrologic A

Maximeters / minimeters

Every instantaneous measurement provided by Micrologic A or E can be associated with a maximeter/minimeter. The maximeters for the highest current of the 3 phases and neutral, the demand current and power can be reset via the trip unit keypad, the FDM121 display unit or the communication system.

Energy metering

The Micrologic E also measures the energy consumed since the last reset of the meter. The active energy meter can be reset via the keypad and the FDM121 display unit or the communication system.

Demand and maximum demand values

Micrologic E also calculates demand current and power values. These calculations can be made using a block or sliding interval that can be set from 5 to 60 minutes in steps of 1 minute. The window can be synchronised with a signal sent via the communication system. Whatever the calculation method, the calculated values can be recovered on a PC via Modbus communication.

Ordinary spreadsheet software can be used to provide trend curves and forecasts based on this data. They will provide a basis for load shedding and reconnection operations used to adjust consumption to the subscribed power.

Power quality

Micrologic E calculates power quality indicators taking into account the presence of harmonics up to the 15th order, including the total harmonic distortion (THD) of current and voltage.





Micrologic 5 / 6	ntegrated Power Meter function	ons	Тур	е	Display	
			Α	E	Micrologic LCD	FDM12 display
Display of protection	n settings					
Pick-ups (A) and delays	All settings can be displayed	Ir, tr, Isd, tsd, Ii, Ig, tg			-	
Measurements						
Instantaneous rms mea	asurements					
Currents (A)	Phases and neutral	I1, I2, I3, IN			-	
	Average of phases	lavg = (I1 + I2 + I3) / 3			-	
	Highest current of the 3 phases and neutral	Imax of I1, I2, I3, IN				
	Ground fault (Micrologic 6)	% Ig (pick-up setting)				
	Current unbalance between phases	% lavg	-		-	
Voltages (V)	Phase-to-phase	U12, U23, U31	-	•		-
	Phase-to-neutral	V1N, V2N, V3N	-		-	
	Average of phase-to-phase voltages	Uavg = (U12 + U21 + U23) / 3	-		-	
	Average of phase-to-neutral voltages	Vavg = (V1N + V2N + V3N) / 3	-		-	
	Ph-Ph and Ph-N voltage unbalance	% Uavg and % Vavg	-		-	
	Phase sequence	1-2-3, 1-3-2	-			
Frequency (Hz)	Power system	f	-	•	-	
Power	Active (kW)	P, total / per phase	-		■ /-	
	Reactive (kVAR)	Q, total / per phase	-		= / -	
	Apparent (kVA)	S, total / per phase	-		= / -	
	Power factor and $\cos \varphi$ (fundamental)	PF and $\cos \varphi$, total and per phase	-		-	
Maximeters / minimete	rs					
	Associated with instantaneous rms measurements	Reset via Micrologic or FDM121 display unit	•	•	-	-
Energy metering						
Energy	Active (kW), reactive (kVARh), apparent	Total since last reset	-	•	-	-
	(kVAh)	Absolute or signed mode (1)				
Demand and maximum	demand values					
Demand current (A)	Phases and neutral	Present value on the selected window	-	•	-	-
		Maximum demand since last reset	-	•	-	•
Demand power	Active (kWh), reactive (kVAR),	Present value on the selected window	-		-	•
	apparent (kVA)	Maximum demand since last reset	-	•	-	•
Calculation window	Sliding, fixed or com-synchronised	Adjustable from 5 to 60 minutes in 1 minute steps	-	•	-	(2)
Power quality						
Total harmonic	Of voltage with respect to rms value	THDU,THDV of the Ph-Ph and Ph-N voltage	-	Te :	-	
Total Harriottic	3					

⁽¹⁾ Absolute mode: E absolute = E out + E in; Signed mode: E signed = E out - E in. (2) Available via the communication system only.

Additional technical characteristics

Measurement accuracy
Accuracies are those of the entire measurement system, including the sensors:
Current: Class 1 as per IEC 61557-12
Voltage: 0.5 %
Power and energy: Class 2 as per IEC 61557-12
Frequency: 0.1 %.

Operating-assistance functions

Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E trip units

Personalised alarms with time-stamping



Alarm types

The user can assign an alarm to all Micrologic A or E measurements or events:

- up to 12 alarms can be used together:
- □ two alarms are predefined and activated automatically:
- Micrologic 5: overload (Ir)
- Micrologic 6: overload (Ir) and ground fault (Ig)
- □ thresholds, priorities and time delays can be set for ten other alarms.
- the same measurement can be used for different alarms to precisely monitor certain values, e.g. the frequency or the voltage
- alarms can also be assigned to various states: phase lead/lag, four quadrants, phase sequence
- selection of display priorities, with pop-up possibility
- alarm time-stamping.

Alarm settings

Alarms cannot be set via the keypad or the FDM121 display unit. They are set via communication with the PC. Set-up includes the threshold, priority, activation delay before display and deactivation delay. It is also possible to reprogram the standard assignment for the two SDx relay outputs to user-selected alarms.

Alarm reading

Remote alarm indications

- reading on FDM121 display unit or on PC via the communication system
- remote indications via SDx relay with two output contacts for alarms.

Histories and event tables.....



Micrologic A and E have histories and event tables that are always active.

Three types of time-stamped histories

- Tripping due to overruns of Ir, Isd, Ii, Ig: last 17 trips
- Alarms: last 10 alarms
- Operating events: last 10 events

Each history record is stored with:

- indications in clear text in a number of user-selectable languages
- time-stamping: date and time of event
- status: pick-up / drop-out

Two types of time-stamped event tables

- Protection settings
- Minimeters / maximeters

Display of alarms and tables

The time-stamped histories and event tables may be displayed on a PC via the communication system.

Embedded memory

Micrologic A and E have a non-volatile memory that saves all data on alarms. histories, event tables, counters and maintenance indicators even if power is lost.

Maintenance indicators.....



Micrologic A and E have indicators for, among others, the number of operating cycles, contact wear and operating times (operating hours counter) of the Compact NSX circuit breaker.

It is possible to assign an alarm to the operating cycle counter to plan maintenance. The various indicators can be used together with the trip histories to analyse the level of stresses the device has been subjected to.

The information provided by the indicators cannot be displayed on the Micrologic LCD. It is displayed on the PC via the communication system.

Management of installed devices

Each circuit breaker equipped with a Micrologic 5 or 6 trip unit can be identified via the communication system:

- serial number
- firmware version
- hardware version
- device name assigned by the user.

This information together with the previously described indications provides a clear view of the state of the installed devices.



Micrologic built-in LCD display



FDM121 display: navigation.



Overpower alarm.

DB112129



DB112130

Alarm pick-up and drop-out.

Examples of operating-assistance screens on the FDM121 display unit

DB112128

Phase unbalance alarm.





Micrologic 5 /	6 operating assistance fu	nctions	Туре		Display	
			Α	E	Micrologic LCD	FDM121 display
Operating assista	nce					
Personalised alarm	S					
Settings	Up to 10 alarms assigned to all A and	d E measurements		•	-	(2)
	Phase lead/lag, four quadrants, pha	se sequence, display priority selection	-		-	(2)
Display	Alarms and tripping			•	-	(2)
Remote indications	Activation of two dedicated contacts	on SDx module		•	-	-
Time-stamped histo	ries					
Trips	Cause of tripping	Ir, Isd, Ii (Micrologic 5, 6)		•	-	(2)
(last 17)	(time-stamping with ms)	Ig (Micrologic 6)			-	(2)
Alarms (last 10)			•	•	-	(2)
Operating events	Event types	Modification of protection setting by dial	-	•	-	(2)
(last 10)		Opening of keypad lock	-	•	-	(2)
		Test via keypad	-		-	(2)
		Test via external tool	-		-	(2)
		Time setting (date and time)	-		-	(2)
		Reset for maximeter/minimeter and energy meter				
Time stamping	Presentation	Date and time, text, status		•	-	(2)
Time-stamped even	t tables		•			
Protection settings	Setting modified (value displayed)	Ir tr Isd tsd li Ig tg		•	-	(2)
	Time-stamping	Date and time of modification			-	(2)
	Previous value	Value before modification			-	(2)
Min/Max	Values monitored	I1 I2 I3 IN		-	-	(2)
		I1 I2 I3 IN U12 U23 U31 f	-		-	(2)
	Time-stamping of each value	Date and time of min/max record			-	(2)
	Current min/max value	Min/max value			-	(2)
Maintenance indica	tors					
Counter	Mechanical cycles (1)	Assignable to an alarm		•	-	(2)
	Electrical cycles (1)	Assignable to an alarm			-	(2)
	Trips	One per type of trip			-	(2)
	Alarms	One for each type of alarm			-	(2)
	Hours	Total operating time (hours)			-	(2)
Indicator	Contact wear	%			-	(2)
Load profile	Hours at different load levels	% of hours in four current ranges: 0-49 % In, 50-79 % In, 80-89 % In and ≥ 90 % In	•	•	-	(2)

⁽¹⁾ The BSCM module (page A-27) is required for these functions. (2) Available via the communication system only.

Additional technical characteristics

Contact wear

Each time Compact NSX opens, the Micrologic 5 / 6 trip unit measures the interrupted current and increments the contact-wear indicator as a function of the interrupted current, according to test results stored in memory. Breaking under normal load conditions results in a very slight increment. The indicator value may be read on the FDM121 display. It provides an estimation of contact wear calculated on the basis of the cumulative forces affecting the circuit breaker. When the indicator reaches 80%, it is advised to replace the circuit breaker to ensure the availability of the protected equipment.

Circuit breaker load profile

Micrologic 5/6 calculates the load profile of the circuit breaker protecting a load circuit. The profile indicates the percentage of the total operating time at four current levels (% of breaker In):

- 0 to 49 % In
- 50 to 79 % In ■ 80 to 89 % In
- ≥ 90 % In.

This information can be used to optimise use of the protected equipment or to plan ahead for extensions.

Functions and characteristics

Switchboard-display functions

Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E trip units

Micrologic measurement capabilities come into full play with the FDM121 switchboard display. It connects to Compact NSX via a simple cord and displays Micrologic information. The result is a true integrated unit combining a circuit breaker and a Power Meter. Additional operating assistance functions can also be displayed.

FDM121 switchboard display

The FDM121 is a switchboard display unit that can be integrated in the Compact NSX100 to 630 A system. It uses the sensors and processing capacity of the Micrologic trip unit. It is easy to use and requires no special software or settings. It is immediately operational when connected to the Compact NSX by a simple cord. The FDM121 is a large display, but requires very little depth. The anti-glare graphic screen is backlit for very easy reading even under poor ambient lighting and at sharp angles.

Display of Micrologic measurements and alarms

The FDM121 is intended to display Micrologic 5 / 6 measurements, alarms and operating information. It cannot be used to modify the protection settings. Measurements may be easily accessed via a menu.

All user-defined alarms are automatically displayed. The display mode depends on the priority level selected during alarm set-up:

- high priority: a pop-up window displays the time-stamped description of the alarm and the orange LED flashes
- medium priority: the orange "Alarm" LED goes steady on
- low priority: no display on the screen.

All faults resulting in a trip automatically produce a high-priority alarm, without any special settings required.

In all cases, the alarm history is updated.

If power to the FDM121 fails, all information is stored in the Micrologic non-volatile memory. The data can be consulted via the communication system when power is restored.

Status indications and remote control

When the circuit breaker is equipped with the BSCM module (page A-27), the FDM121 display can also be used to view circuit breaker status conditions:

- O/F: ON/OFF
- SD: trip indication
- SDE: Fault-trip indication (overload, short-circuit, ground fault)

Main characteristics

- \blacksquare 96 x 96 x 30 mm screen requiring 10 mm behind the door (or 20 mm when the 24 volt power supply connector is used).
- White backlighting.
- Wide viewing angle: vertical ±60°, horizontal ±30°.
- High resolution: excellent reading of graphic symbols.
- Alarm LED: flashing orange for alarm pick-up, steady orange after operator reset if alarm condition persists.
- Operating temperature range -10 °C to +55 °C.
- CE / UL marking.
- 24 V DC power supply, with tolerances 24 V -20 % (19.2 V) to 24 V +10 % (26.4 V). When the FDM121 is connected to the communication network, the 24 V is supplied by the communication system wiring system.
- Consumption 40 mA.

Mounting

The FDM121 is easily installed in a switchboard.

- Standard door cut-out 92 x 92 mm.
- Attached using clips.

To avoid a cut-out in the door, an accessory is available for surface mounting by drilling only two 22 mm diameter holes.

The FDM121 degree of protection is IP54 in front. IP54 is maintained after switchboard mounting by using the supplied gasket during installation.

Connection

The FDM121 is equipped with:

- a 24 V DC terminal block:
- □ plug-in type with 2 wire inputs per point for easy daisy-chaining
- \Box power supply range of 24 V -20 % (19.2 V) to 24 V +10 % (26.4 V)
- two RJ45 jacks.

The Micrologic connects to the internal communication terminal block on the Compact NSX via the pre-wired NSX cord. Connection to one of the RJ45 connectors on the FDM121 automatically establishes communication between the Micrologic and the FDM121 and supplies power to the Micrologic measurement functions.

When the second connector is not used, it must be fitted with a line terminator.



FDM121 display.





Connection with FDM121 display unit.



- Escape
- 2 3 4 5 Down
- OK
- Up
- Context
- Alarm LED



Product identification.



Metering: sub-menu.



Metering: meter.



Quick view.

DB112139



Metering: U average.



Services.

Navigation

Five buttons are used for intuitive and fast navigation.

The "Context" button may be used to select the type of display (digital, bargraph,

The user can select the display language (Chinese, English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish, etc.) Other languages can be downloaded.

Screens

Main menu

When powered up, the FDM121 screen automatically displays the ON/OFF status of the device.



Services.

When not in use, the screen is not backlit. Backlighting can be activated by pressing one of the buttons. It goes off after 3 minutes.

Fast access to essential information

■ "Quick view" provides access to five screens that display a summary of essential operating information (I, U, f, P, E, THD, circuit breaker On / Off).

Access to detailed information

- "Metering" can be used to display the measurement data (I, U-V, f, P, Q, S, E, THD, PF) with the corresponding min/max values.
- Alarms displays active alarms and the alarm history.
- Services provides access to the operation counters, energy and maximeter reset function, maintenance indicators, identification of modules connected to the internal bus and FDM121 internal settings (language, contrast, etc.)

Compact NSX communication

Communications modules

All Compact NSX devices can be equipped with the communication function via a prewired connection system and a Modbus network interface.

The interface can be connected directly or via the FDM121 switchboard display unit. Four functional levels can be combined to adapt to all supervision requirements.

Four functional levels

The Compact NSX can be integrated in a Modbus communication environment. Four functional levels can be used separately or combined.

Communication of status indications

This level is compatible with all Compact NSX circuit breakers, whatever the trip unit, and with all switch-disconnectors. Using the BSCM module, the following information is accessible:

- ON/OFF position (O/F)
- trip indication (SD)
- fault-trip indication (SDE).

Communication of commands

Also available on all circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors, this level (communicating remote control) can be used to:

- open
- close
- reset.

Communication of measurements with Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E

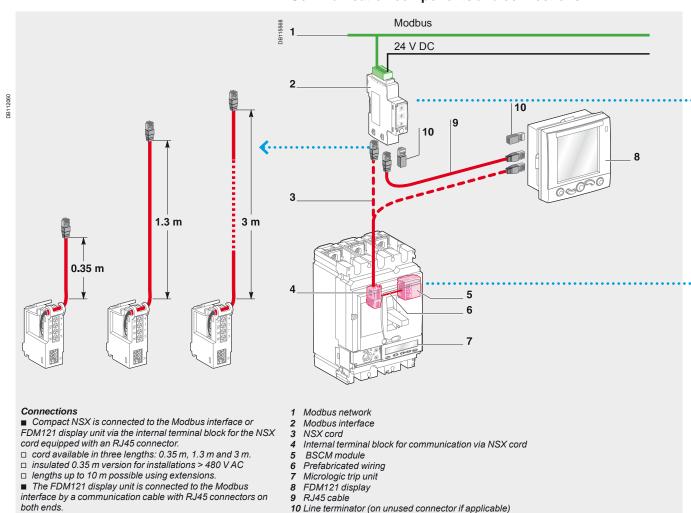
This level provides access to all available information:

- instantaneous and demand values
- maximeters/minimeters
- energy metering
- demand current and power
- power quality.

Communication of operating assistance with Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E

- protection and alarm settings
- time-stamped histories and event tables
- maintenance indicators.

Communication components and connections



Modbus interface module

Functions

This module, required for connection to the network, contains the Modbus address (1 to 99) declared by the user via the two dials in front. It automatically adapts (baud rate, parity) to the Modbus network in which it is installed.

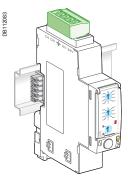
It is equipped with a lock-out switch to enable or disable operations involving writing to Micrologic, i.e. reset, counter reset, setting modifications, device opening and closing commands, etc.

There is a built-in test function to check the connections of the Modbus interface module with the Micrologic and FDM121 display unit.

Mounting

The module is mounted on a DIN rail. A number of modules may be clipped one next to the other. For this, a stacking accessory is available for fast clipconnection of both the Modbus link and the 24 V DC supply.

The Modbus interface module supplies 24 V DC to the corresponding Micrologic, FDM121 display and BSCM module. Module consumption is 60 mA / 24 V DC.



Modbus interface module.

BSCM module

Functions

The optional BSCM Breaker Status & Control Module is used to acquire device status indications and control the communicating remote-control function.

It includes a memory used to manage the maintenance indicators.

Status indications

Indication of device status:

O/F, SD and SDE.

Maintenance indicators

The BSCM module manages the following indicators:

- mechanical operation counter
- electrical operation counter
- history of status indications.

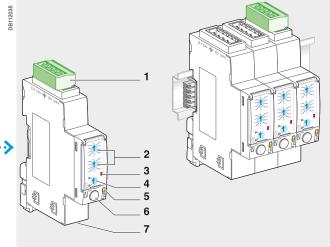
It is possible to assign an alarm to the operation counters.

Controls

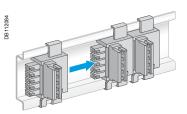
The module can be used to carry out communicating remote control operations: (open, close and reset) in different modes (manual, auto).

Mounting

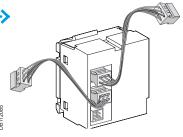
The BSCM module can be installed on all Compact NSX circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors. It simply clips into the auxiliary contact slots. It occupies the slots of one O/F contact and one SDE contact. The BSCM is supplied with 24 V DC power automatically via the NSX cord when the communication system is installed.



- 1 Five-point Modbus and 24 V DC connector
- 2 Two Modbus address dials (1 to 99)
- 3 Modbus traffic LED
- 4 Lock-out to disable writing to the NSX
- 5 Test LED
- 6 Test button
- 7 Two connectors for RJ45 cable



Mounting with stacking accessory.



BSCM module.

Compact NSX communication

Networks and software

Compact NSX uses the Modbus communication protocol, compatible with SMS PowerLogic supervision systems.

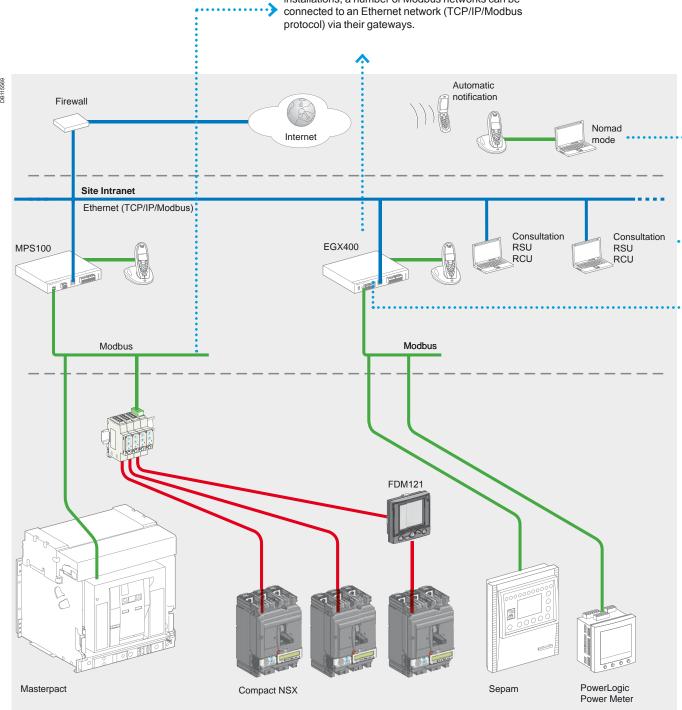
Two downloadable utilities facilitate implementation of communication functions.

Modbus

Modbus is the most widely used communication protocol in industrial networks. It operates in master-slave mode. The devices (slaves) communicate one after the other with a gateway (master).

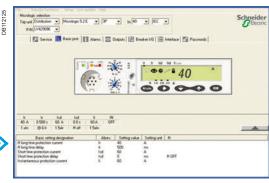
Masterpact, Compact NSX, PowerLogic and Sepam products all operate with this protocol. A Modbus network is generally implemented on an LV or MV switchboard scale.

Depending on the data monitored and the desired refresh rate, a Modbus network connected to a gateway can serve 4 to 16 devices. For larger installations, a number of Modbus networks can be connected to an Ethernet network (TCP/IP/Modbus



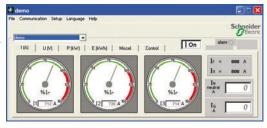
Micrologic utilities

- Two utilities, RSU and RCU, presented on the next page, are available to assist in starting up a communicating installation. Intended for Compact NSX and Masterpact, the software can be downloaded from the Schneider Electric internet site.
- The "Live update" function enables immediate updating to obtain the most recent upgrades. These easy-to-use utilities include starting assistance and online help. They are compatible with Microsoft Windows 2000, XP and Vista.



RSU configuration screen for a Micrologic 5.2.

DB112214



RCU mini-supervision screen for current measurements.

Gateway

The gateway has two functions:

- access to the company intranet (Ethernet) by converting Modbus frames to the TCP/IP/Modbus protocol
- optional web-page server for the information from the devices.

Examples include MPS100, EGX400 and EGX100.

MPS100

■ Plug and play device. It comes loaded with a webpage application for graphic display of currents and voltages and viewing of circuit-breaker status and power and energy values.

To use the application, simply declare the Modbus addresses of the connected slaves. Automatically recognised devices include all Masterpact and Compact NSX Micrologic trip units and the PM500/700/800 and PM9c power monitoring units.

- Can be used for automatic alarm notification via a messaging server available on the site intranet or via mobile phones (e-mail converted into SMS).
- Can be used for logging of data that can be automatically sent as e-mail attachments, e.g. a weekly consumption report.



Web page.

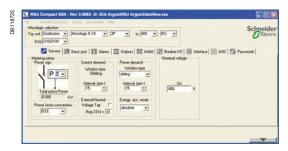
Compact NSX communication

RSU and **RCU** utilities

Two utilities, RSU and RCU, are available to assist in starting up a communicating installation.

They can be downloaded from the Schneider Electric internet site and include a "Live update" function that enables immediate updating.





RSU: Micrologic Remote Setting Utility.

RSU (Remote Setting Utility)

This utility is used to set the protection functions and alarms for each Masterpact and Compact NSX device.

After connection to the network and entry of the circuit-breaker Modbus address, the software automatically detects the type of trip unit installed.

There are two possible operating modes.

Off-line with the software disconnected from the communication network

For each selected circuit breaker, the user can do the following.

Determine the protection settings

The settings are carried out on a screen that shows the front of the trip unit. The Micrologic setting dials, keypad and screen are simulated for easy use of all Micrologic setting functions.

Save and duplicate the protection settings

Each configuration created can be saved for subsequent device programming. It can also be duplicated and used as the basis for programming another circuit breaker.

On-line with the software connected to the network

Similarly, for each selected circuit breaker, the user can do the following.

Display the current settings

The software displays the trip unit and provides access to all settings.

View the corresponding protection curves

A graphic curve module in the software displays the protection curve corresponding to the settings. It is possible to lay a second curve over the first for discrimination studies

Modify settings in a secure manner

- There are different levels of security:
- $\hfill \Box$ password: by default, it is the same for all devices, but can be differentiated for each device
- □ locking of the Modbus interface module which must be unlocked before the corresponding device can be set remotely
- $\hfill \square$ maximum settings limited by the positions of the two dials on the trip unit.

These dials, set by the user, determine the maximum settings that can be made via the communication system.

- Settings are modified by:
- $\hfill \Box$ either direct, on-line setting of the protection settings on the screen
- $\hfill \square$ or by loading the settings prepared in off-line mode. This is possible only if the positions of the dials allow the new settings.

All manual settings made subsequently on the device have priority.

Program alarms

- Up to 12 alarms can be linked to measurements or events.
- two alarms are predefined and activated automatically:
- ☐ Micrologic 5: overload (Ir)
- ☐ Micrologic 6: overload (Ir) and ground fault (Ig)
- thresholds, priorities and time delays can be set for 10 other alarms. They may be selected from a list of 91 alarms

Set the outputs of the SDx relays

This is required when the user wants to change the standard configuration and assign different signals to the 2 outputs of the SDx relay.



RCU: Remote Control Utility for communication tests.

RCU (Remote Control Utility)

The RCU utility can be used to test communication for all the devices connected to the Modbus network. It is designed for use with Compact NSX, Masterpact, Advantys OTB and Power Meter devices. It offers a number of functions.

Mini supervisor

- Display of I, U, f, P, E and THD measurements for each device, via navigation
- Display of ON/OFF status

Open and close commands for each device

A common or individual password must first be entered.

When all functions have been tested, this utility is replaced by the supervision software selected for the installation.

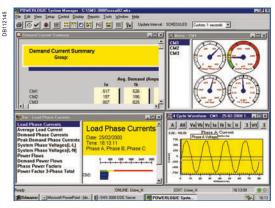
Supervision software

Schneider Electric electrical installation supervision, management and expert system software integrates Compact NSX identification modules.

Connection symbol for Compact NSX compatible modules.



PowerView software



SMS software screen.

Types of softwareMasterpact and Compact NSX communication functions are designed to interface with software dedicated to electrical installations:

- switchboard supervision
- electrical installation supervision
- power system management: electrical engineering expert systems
- process control
- SCADA (Supervisory Control & Data Acquisition), EMS (Enterprise Management System) or BMS (Building Management System) type software.

Integration of Compact NSX

Compact NSX devices are integrated via Modbus interface modules connected via FDM121 display units or NSX cords.

For easy connection of the different modules, the prefabricated cables are identified by ULP (Universal Logic Plug) symbols. The connection points on compatible modules are marked in the same manner.

Schneider Electric solutions

Electrical switchboard supervision via MPS100 or EGX400 Web servers

A simple solution for customers who want to consult the main electrical parameters of switchboard devices without dedicated software.

Up to 16 switchboard devices are connected via Modbus interfaces to an MPS100 or EGX400 Ethernet gateway integrating the functions of a web page server. The embedded Web pages can be easily configured with just a few mouse clicks. The information they provide is updated in real time.

The Web pages can be consulted using a standard Web browser on a PC connected via Ethernet to the company Intranet or remotely via a modem. Automatic notification of alarms and threshold overruns is possible via e-mail or SMS (Short Message Service).

Electrical installation supervision via PowerView software

PowerLogic® PowerView software is ideally suited to the supervision needs of small system applications, monitoring up to 32 devices. Installed on a PC under Windows, it represents a cost-effective and easy-to-implement power-monitoring solution that

- automatic detection of compatible devices
- real-time monitoring of data including power consumption
- a report generator with a number of pre-defined reports that can be exported to Excel
- cost allocation
- time-stamped data-logging possibilities
- Modbus serial and Modbus TCP/IP compatible communication.

SMS electrical engineering expert system software

PowerLogic® SMS is a family of web-enabled software products for high-end powermonitoring applications. It is designed for large power systems.

SMS products offer detailed analysis of electrical events, long-duration data logging and extensive, economical report-building capabilities (e.g. consumption monitoring and tariff management).

A wide variety of screens can be displayed in real time, including more than 50 tables, analogue meters, bargraphs, alarms logs with links to display waveforms and predefined reports on energy quality and service costs.

Other software

Compact NSX devices can forward their measurement and operating information to special software integrating the electrical installation and other technical facilities:

- SCADA process control software: Vijeo CITECT
- BMS Building Management System software: Vista.

Please consult us.

Accessories for Micrologic trip units



External neutral current transformers.



External neutral voltage tap (cat. no. LV434208).



External 24 V DC power-supply module.

External neutral current transformer (ENCT)

The external transformer is a sensor required for a three-pole circuit breaker in a system with a distributed neutral to measure the neutral current in order to:

- protect the neutral conductor
- protect against insulation faults.

This current transformer can be connected to Micrologic 5 / 6 trip units. The transformer rating must be compatible with that of the circuit breaker.

Required current transformers for different circuit breaker models

Type of circuit breaker	Rating	Catalogue number
NSX100/160/250	25 – 100 A	LV429521
	150 – 250 A	LV430563
NSX400/630	400 – 630 A	LV432575

External neutral voltage tap (ENVT)

The neutral voltage transformer is required for Micrologic E power metering with a three-pole circuit breaker in a system with a distributed neutral. It is used to connect the neutral to the Micrologic trip unit to measure phase-to-neutral (Ph-N) voltages.

External 24 V DC power-supply module

Use

An external 24 V DC power supply is required for installations with communication, whatever the type of trip unit.

On installations without communication, it is available as an option for Micrologic 5/6 in order to make it possible to:

- modify settings when the circuit breaker is open
- display measurements when the current flowing through the circuit breaker is low (15 to 50 A depending on the rating)
- maintain the display of the cause of tripping and interrupted current.

Characteristics

A single external 24 V DC supply may be used for the entire switchboard.

The required characteristics are:

- output voltage: 24 V DC ±5 %
- ripple: ±1%.
- overvoltage category: OVC IV as per IEC 60947-1

External 24 V DC power-supply modules with an output current of 1 A are available:

Available extern	Available external power-supply modules				
Power supply	V DC (±5 %)	24/30	54440		
		48/60	54441		
		100/125	54442		
	V AC (+10 %, -15 %)	110/130	54443		
		200/240	54444		
		380/415	54445		
Output voltage		24 V DC (±5 %)			
Ripple		±1 %			
Overvoltage categ	ory (OVC)	OVC IV - as per IEC 6	0947-1		

An external 24 V DC power-supply module with an output current of 3 A is also available:

Available extern	al power-supply mo	odules	Cat. no.
Power supply	V DC	110/230	A DI ODDC24020
	VAC	110/240	—— ABL8RPS24030
Output voltage		24 V DC (±5 %)	
Ripple		±1 %	
Overvoltage category	ory (OVC)	OVC II	

Total consumption

To determine the required output current of the 24 V DC power supply, it is necessary to sum up the currents consumed by the different loads supplied:

Consumption of Compact NSX modules Module	Consumption (mA)
Micrologic 5/6	20
BSCM module	10
FDM121	40
Modbus communication interface	60
NSX cord U > 480 V AC	30

PB103790-20

Test battery (cat. no. LV434206).



Battery module (cat. no. 54446).



24 V DC power-supply terminal block (cat. no. LV434210).



NSX cord U > 480 V (cat. no. LV434204).

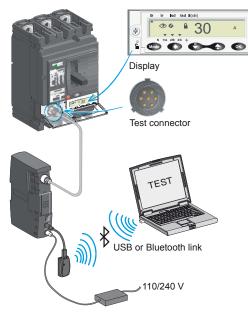


Maintenance case (cat. no. TRV00910).



DB115570

Configuration and maintenance module (cat. no. TRV00911).



Using the configuration and maintenance module.

Test battery

This pocket battery connects to the Micrologic test connector. It powers up the Micrologic and the Ready LED. It supplies the screen and allows settings to be made via the keypad.

Battery module

The battery module is a back-up supply for the external power-supply module. The input/output voltages are 24 V DC and it can supply power for approximately three hours (100 mA).

24 V DC power-supply terminal block

The 24 V DC power-supply terminal block can be installed only on Micrologic 5/6 trip units. It is required to power the trip unit when the trip unit is not connected to an FDM121 display unit or to the communication system. When used, it excludes connection of an NSX cord.

NSX cord

- For voltage U ≤ 480 V, available in 3 prefabricated lengths: 0.35 m, 1.3 m and 3 m.
- For voltages U > 480 V, a special 1.3 m cord with an insulation accessory is required
- A set of cords with RJ45 connectors is available to adapt to different distances between devices.

Maintenance case

The case includes:

- configuration and maintenance module
- power supply (110...220 V AC / 50-60 Hz 24 V DC 1 A)
- special cable for connection to the trip-unit test connector
- standard USB cable
- standard RJ45 cable
- user manual
- optional Bluetooth link (to PC).

Configuration and maintenance module

Included in the maintenance kit, this module tests Micrologic operation and provides access to all parameters and settings. It connects to the Micrologic test connector and can operate in two modes.

- Stand-alone mode to:
- □ supply the Micrologic and check operation via the Ready LED
- □ check mechanical operation of the circuit breaker (trip using pushbutton).
- PC mode, connected to a PC via USB or Bluetooth link. This mode provides access to protection settings, alarm settings and readings of all indicators. Using the associated RSU software utility, it is possible to store, in a dedicated file for each device, all the data that can transferred to another device.

This mode also offers operating-test functions:

- □ check on trip time delay (trip curve)
- □ check on non-tripping time (discrimination)
- □ check on ZSI (Zone Selective Interlocking) function
- □ alarm simulation
- $\hfill\Box$ display of setting curves
- □ display of currents
- printing of test reports.

Functions and characteristics

Earth-leakage protection

Add-on protection against insulation faults using a Vigi module or Vigirex relay

There are two ways to add earth-leakage protection to any three or four-pole Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breaker equipped with a magnetic, thermal-magnetic or Micrologic 2, 5 or 6 trip unit:

- by adding a Vigi module to the circuit breaker to form a Vigicompact NSX
- by using a Vigirex relay and separate toroids.



Vigicompact NSX100 to 630.



Earth-leakage relay.



Separate toroids.

Circuit breaker with add-on Vigi module (Vigicompact NSX)

- For general characteristics of circuit breakers, see pages A-6 and A-7.
- Add-on Vigi modules. Earth-leakage protection is achieved by installing a Vigi module (characteristics and selection criteria on next page) directly on the circuit breaker terminals It directly actuates the trip unit (magnetic, thermal-magnetic or Micrologic).

Circuit breaker combined with a Vigirex relay

Compact NSX circuit breaker + Vigirex relay

Vigirex relays may be used to add external earth-leakage protection to Compact NSX circuit breakers. The circuit breakers must be equipped with an MN or MX voltage release. The Vigirex relays add special tripping thresholds and time delays for earth-leakage protection.

Vigirex relays are very useful when faced with major installation constraints (circuit breaker already installed and connected, limited space available, etc.).

Vigirex-relay characteristics

- Sensitivity adjustable from 30 mA to 250 mA and 9 time-delay settings (0 to 4.5 seconds).
- Closed toroids up to 630 A (30 to 300 mm in diameter), split toroids up to 250 A (46 to 110 mm in diameter) or rectangular sensors up to 630 A.
- 50/60 Hz, 400 Hz distribution systems.

Ontions

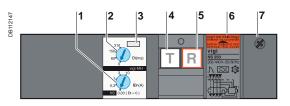
- Trip indication by a fail-safe contact
- Pre-alarm contact and LED, etc.

Compliance with standards

- IEC 60947-2, annex M
- IEC/EN 60755: general requirements for residual-current operated protective devices
- IEC/EN 61000-4-2 to 4-6: immunity tests
- CISPR11: radio-frequency radiated and conducted emission tests
- UL1053 and CSA22.2 No. 144 for RH10, RH21 and RH99 relays at supply voltages up to and including 220/240 V.







- 1 Sensitivity setting
- 2 Time-delay setting (for selective earth-leakage protection).
- 3 Lead-seal fixture for controlled access to settings.
- 4 Test button simulating an earth-fault for regular checks on the tripping function
- 5 Reset button (reset required after earth-fault tripping).
- 6 Rating plate
- 7 Housing for SDV auxiliary contact.

Plug-in devices

The Vigi module can be installed on a plug-in base. Special accessories are required (see catalogue number chapter).

Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers with earth-leakage protection

Addition of the Vigi module does not alter circuit-breaker characteristics:

- compliance with standards
- degree of protection, class II front-face insulation
- positive contact indication
- electrical characteristics
- trip-unit characteristics
- installation and connection modes
- indication, measurement and control auxiliaries
- installation and connection accessories.

Dimensions a	nd weights	NSX100/160/250	NSX400/630
Dimensions	3 poles	105 x 236 x 86	135 x 355 x 110
WxHxD(mm)	4 poles	140 x 236 x 86	180 x 355 x 110
Weight (kg)	3 poles	2.5	8.8
	4 poles	3.2	10.8

Vigi earth-leakage protection modules

Compliance with standards

- IEC 60947-2, annex B.
- Decree dated 14 November 1988 (for France).
- IEC 60755, class A, immunity to DC components up to 6 mA
- operation down to -25 °C as per VDE 664.

Remote indications

Vigi modules may be equipped with an auxiliary contact (SDV) to remotely signal tripping due to an earth fault.

Use of 4-pole Vigi module with a 3-pole Compact NSX

In a 3-phase installation with an uninterrupted neutral, an accessory makes it possible to use a 4-pole Vigi module with connection of the neutral cable.

Power supply

Vigi modules are self-supplied internally by the distribution-system voltage and therefore do not require any external source. They continue to function even when supplied by only two phases.

Vigi module selection

•			
Туре	Vigi ME	Vigi MH	Vigi MB
Number of poles	3, 4 ⁽¹⁾	3, 4 (1)	3, 4 (1)
NSX100	•	•	-
NXS160	•	•	-
NSX250	-	•	-
NSX400	-	-	•
NEVESO			_

NSX630	-	-	•				
Protection characteristics							
Sensitivity	fixed	adjustable	adjustable				
l∆n (A)	0.3	0.03 - 0.3 - 1 - 3 - 10	0.3 - 1 - 3 - 10 - 30				
Time delay	fixed	adjustable	adjustable				
Intentional delay (ms)	< 40	0 - 60 (2) - 150 (2) - 310 (2)	0 - 60 - 150 - 310				
Max. break time (ms)	< 40	< 40 < 140 < 300 < 800	< 40 < 140 < 300 < 800				
Rated voltage V AC 50/60 Hz	200440	200 440 - 440550	200440 - 440550				

(1) Vigi 3P modules may also be used on 3P circuit breakers used for two-phase protection. (2) If the sensitivity is set to 30 mA, there is no time delay, whatever the time-delay setting.

Operating safety

The Vigi module is a user safety device. It must be tested at regular intervals (every 6 months) via test button.

Functions and characteristics

Motor protection

General information on motor feeders

The parameters to be considered for motor-feeder protection depend on:

- the application (type of machine driven, operating safety, frequency of operation, etc.)
- the level of continuity of service required by the load or the application
- the applicable standards for the protection of life and property.

The required electrical functions are:

- isolation
- switching, generally at high endurance levels
- protection against overloads and short-circuits, adapted to the motor
- additional special protection.

A motor feeder must comply with the requirements of standard IEC 60947-4-1 concerning contactors and their protection:

- coordination of feeder components
- thermal-relay trip classes
- contactor utilisation categories
- coordination of insulation.

Motor-feeder function

A motor feeder comprises a set of devices for motor protection and control, as well as for protection of the feeder itself.

Isolation

The purpose is to isolate the live conductors from the upstream distribution system to enable work by maintenance personnel on the motor feeder at no risk. This function is provided by a motor circuit breaker offering positive contact indication and lockout/ tagout possibilities.

Switching

The purpose is to control the motor (ON / OFF), either manually, automatically or remotely, taking into account overloads upon start-up and the long service life required. This function is provided by a contactor. When the coil of the contactor's electromagnet is energised, the contactor closes and establishes, through the poles, the circuit between the upstream supply and the motor, via the circuit breaker.

Basic protection

■ Short-circuit protection

Detection and breaking, as quickly as possible, of high short-circuit currents to avoid damage to the installation. This function is provided by a magnetic or thermal-magnetic circuit breaker.

■ Overload protection

Detection of overload currents and motor shutdown before temperature rise in the motor and conductors damages insulation. This function is provided by a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker or a separate thermal relay.

Overloads: I < 10 x In

They are caused by

- an electrical problem, related to an anomaly in the distribution system (e.g. phase failure, voltage outside tolerances, etc.)
- **a** a mechanical problem, related to a process malfunction (e.g. excessive torque) or damage to the motor (e.g. bearing vibrations).

These two causes will also result in excessively long starting times.

Impedant short-circuits: 10 x In < I < 50 x In

This type of short-circuit is generally due to deteriorated insulation of motor windings or damaged supply cables.

Short-circuits: I > 50 x In

This relatively rare type of fault may be caused by a connection error during maintenance.

■ Phase unbalance or phase loss protection

Phase unbalance or phase loss can cause temperature rise and braking torques that can lead to premature ageing of the motor. These effects are even greater during starting, therefore protection must be virtually immediate.

Additional electronic protection

- Locked rotor
- Under-load
- Long starts and stalled rotor
- Insulation faults.

Motor-feeder solutions

Standard IEC 60947 defines three types of device combinations for the protection of motor feeders.

Three devices

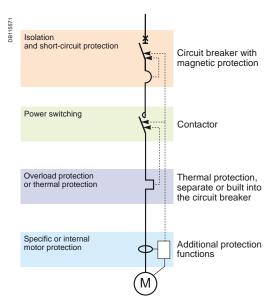
■ magnetic circuit breaker + contactor + thermal relay.

Two devices

■ thermal-magnetic circuit breaker + contactor.

One device

■ thermal-magnetic circuit breaker + contactor in an integrated solution (e.g. Tesys U).



Switchgear functions in a motor feeder.

Device coordination

The various components of a motor feeder must be coordinated. Standard IEC 60947-4-1 defines three types of coordination depending on the operating condition of the devices following a standardised short-circuit test.

Type-1 coordination

- No danger to life or property.
- The contactor and/or the thermal relay may be damaged.
- Repair and replacement of parts may be required prior to further service.

Type-2 coordination

- No danger to life or property.
- No damage or adjustments are allowed. The risk of contact welding is accepted as long as they can be easily separated.
- Isolation must be maintained after the incident, the motor feeder must be suitable for further use without repair or replacement of parts.
- A rapid inspection is sufficient before return to service.

Total coordination

■ No damage and no risk of contact welding is allowed for the devices making up the motor feeder. The motor feeder must be suitable for further use without repair or replacement of parts.

This level is provided by integrated 1-device solutions such as Tesys U.

Contactor utilisation categories

For a given motor-feeder solution, the utilisation category determines the contactor withstand capacity in terms of frequency of operation and endurance. Selection, which depends on the operating conditions imposed by the application, may result in oversizing the contactor and circuit-breaker protection. Standard IEC 60947 defines the following contactor utilisation categories.

Contactor utilisation categories (AC current)

Contactor utilisation categories	Type of load	Control function	Typical applications
AC1	Non-inductive (cos φ ≥ 0.8)	Energising	Heating, distribution
AC2	Slip-ring motor (cos φ ≥ 0.65)	Starting Switching off motor during running Counter-current braking Inching	Wiring-drawing machine
AC3	Squirrel-cage motor ($\cos \varphi = 0.45$ for ≤ 100 A) ($\cos \varphi = 0.35$ for > 100 A)	Starting Switching off motor during running	Compressors, elevators, pumps, mixers, escalators, fans, conveyer systems, airconditioning
AC4		Starting Switching off motor during running Regenerative braking Plugging Inching	Printing machines, wire-drawing machines

Utilisation category AC3 - common coordination tables for circuit breakers and contactors

This category covers asynchronous squirrel-cage motors that are switched off during running, which is the most common situation (85 % of cases). The contactor makes the starting current and switches off the rated current at a voltage approximately one sixth of the nominal value. The current is interrupted without difficulty.

The circuit breaker-contactor coordination tables for Compact NSX are for use with contactors in the AC3 utilisation category, in which case they ensure type-2 coordination.

Utilisation category AC4 - possible oversizing

This category covers asynchronous squirrel-cage motors capable of operating under regenerative braking or inching (jogging) conditions

The contactor makes the starting current and can interrupt this current at a voltage that may be equal to that of the distribution system.

These difficult conditions make it necessary to oversize the contactor and, in general, the protective circuit breaker with respect to category AC3.

Motor protection

Motor-feeder characteristics and solutions

The trip class determines the trip curve of the thermal protection device (inverse-time curve) for a motor feeder.

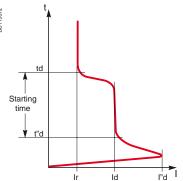
Standard IEC 60947-4-1 defines trip classes 5, 10, 20 and 30.

These classes are the maximum durations, in seconds, for motor starting with a starting current of 7.2 Ir, where Ir is the thermal setting indicated on the motor rating plate.

Example: In class 20, the motor must have finished starting within 20 seconds (6 to 20 s) for a starting current of 7.2 lr.

Standardised values in kW

Rated operational						
power	230 V	400 V	500 V	690 V		
kW	Α	Α	Α	Α		
0.06	0.35	0.32	0.16	0.12		
0.09	0.52	0.3	0.24	0.17		
0.12	0.7	0.44	0.32	0.23		
0.18	1	0.6	0.48	0.35		
0.25	1.5	0.85	0.68	0.49		
0.37	1.9	1.1	0.88	0.64		
0.55	2.6	1.5	1.2	0.87		
0.75	3.3	1.9	1.5	1.1		
1.1	4.7	2.7	2.2	1.6		
1.5	6.3	3.6	2.9	2.1		
2.2	8.5	4.9	3.9	2.8		
3	11.3	6.5	5.2	3.8		
4	15	8.5	6.8	4.9		
5.5	20	11.5	9.2	6.7		
7.5	27	15.5	12.4	8.9		
11	38	22	17.6	12.8		
15	51	29	23	17		
18.5	61	35	28	21		
22	72	41	33	24		
30	96	55	44	32		
37	115	66	53	39		
45	140	80	64	47		
55	169	97	78	57		
75	230	132	106	77		
90	278	160	128	93		
110	340	195	156	113		
132	400	230	184	134		
160	487	280	224	162		
200	609	350	280	203		
250	748	430	344	250		
315	940	540	432	313		



Typical motor-starting curve

Trip class of a thermal-protection device

The motor feeder includes thermal protection that may be built into the circuit breaker. The protection must have a trip class suited to motor starting. Depending on the application, the motor starting time varies from a few seconds (no-load start) to a few dozen seconds (high-inertia load).

Standard IEC 60947-4-1 defines the trip classes below as a function of current setting Ir for thermal protection.

Trip class of thermal relays as a function of their Ir setting

Class	1.05 l r ⁽¹⁾	1.2 lr ⁽¹⁾	1.5 lr ⁽²⁾	7.2 l r ⁽¹⁾
5	t > 2 h	t < 2h	t < 2 mn	2 s < t ≤ 5 s
10	t > 2 h	t < 2h	t < 4 mn	4 s < t ≤ 10 s
20	t > 2 h	t < 2h	t < 8 mn	6s <t≤20s< td=""></t≤20s<>
30	t > 2 h	t < 2h	t < 12 mn	9s <t<30s< td=""></t<30s<>

- (1) Time for a cold motor (motor off and cold).
- (2) Time for warm motor (motor running under normal conditions).

Currents of squirrel-cage motors at full rated load

Standardised values in HP

Rated	Indicative values of the rated operational currents le (A) for						
operational power	110 - 120 V	200 V	208 V	220 - 240 V	380 - 415 V	440 - 480 V	550 - 600 V
hp							
1/2	4.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.3	1.1	0.9
3/4	6.4	3.7	3.5	3.2	1.8	1.6	1.3
1	8.4	4.8	4.6	4.2	2.3	2.1	1.7
1 1/2	12	6.9	6.6	6	3.3	3	2.4
2	13.6	7.8	7.5	6.8	4.3	3.4	2.7
3	19.2	11	10.6	9.6	6.1	4.8	3.9
5	30.4	17.5	16.7	15.2	9.7	7.6	6.1
7 1/2	44	25.3	24.2	22	14	11	9
10	56	32.2	30.8	28	18	14	11
15	84	48.3	46.2	42	27	21	17
20	108	62.1	59.4	54	34	27	22
25	136	78.2	74.8	68	44	34	27
30	160	92	88	80	51	40	32
40	208	120	114	104	66	52	41
50	260	150	143	130	83	65	52
60	-	177	169	154	103	77	62
75	-	221	211	192	128	96	77
100	-	285	273	248	165	124	99
125	-	359	343	312	208	156	125
150	-	414	396	360	240	180	144
200	-	552	528	480	320	240	192
250	-	-	-	604	403	302	242
300	-	-	-	722	482	361	289

Note: 1 hp = 0.7457 kW.

Asynchronous-motor starting parameters

The main parameters of direct on-line starting of three-phase asynchronous motors (90 % of all applications) are listed below.

■ Ir: rated current

This is the current drawn by the motor at full rated load (e.g. approximately 100 A rms for $55\,kW$ at $400\,V$).

■ Id: starting current

This is the current drawn by the motor during starting, on average 7.2 In for a duration td of 5 to 30 seconds depending on the application (e.g. 720 A rms for 10 seconds). These values determine the trip class and any additional "long-start" protection devices that may be needed.

■ I"d: peak starting current

This is the subtransient current during the first two half-waves when the system is energised, on the average 14 In for 10 to 15 ms (e.g. 1840 A peak).

The protection settings must effectively protect the motor, notably via a suitable thermal-relay trip class, but let the peak starting current through.

Compact NSX motor-feeder solutions

Compact NSX motor circuit breakers are designed for motor-feeder solutions using:

- three devices, including an MA or 1.3-M magneticonly trip unit
- two devices including a TM-D or 2-M thermal-magnetic trip unit.

They are designed for use with contactors in the AC3 utilisation category (80 % of all cases) and they ensure type-2 coordination with the contactor.

For the AC4 utilisation category, the difficult conditions generally make it necessary to oversize the protection circuit breaker with respect to the AC3 category.

Compact NSX motor-protection range

Compact NSX trip units can be used to create motor-feeder solutions comprising two or three devices. The protection devices are designed for continuous duty at 65 °C.

Three-device solutions

- 1 NSX circuit breaker with an MA or Micrologic 1.3-M trip unit
- 1 contactor
- 1 thermal relay.

Two-device solutions

- 1 Compact NSX circuit breaker
- □ with a Micrologic 2.2-M or 2.3-M electronic trip unit
- □ with a Micrologic 6 E-M electronic trip unit. This version offers additional protection and Power Meter functions.
- 1 contactor.

Type of m	otor protection		3 devices		2 devices	
Compact N	SX circuit breaker		NSX100/160/250	NSX400/630	NSX100 to 630	
	Type-2 coordination	with	Contactor + thermal relay		Contactor	
Trip unit	Туре		MA	Micrologic 1.3-M	Micrologic 2-M	Micrologic 6 E-M
	Technology		Magnetic	Electronic	Electronic	Electronic
				JE Sentence 124	★ 1年・前★ 1年・前	A Jamil Managasian
Thermal relay	/ Separate		•			
	Built-in, class	5			•	
		10			•	
		20			•	
		30				
Protection	functions of Compa	ct NS	C circuit breaker			
Short-circuits	i					
Overloads						
Insulation faults	Ground-fault					•
	r Phase unbalance				•	
functions	Locked rotor					
	Under-load					
	Long start					
Built-in Pov	wer Meter functions					
	I, U, energy					
Operating a	assistance					
	Counters (cycles, tr alarms, hours)	ips,				•
	Contact-wear indica	ator				
	Load profile and the image	ermal				-

Functions and characteristics

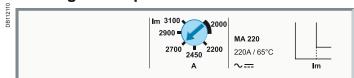
Motor protection

MA and Micrologic 1.3-M instantaneous trip units

MA magnetic trip units are used in **3-device motor-feeder solutions.** They can be mounted on all Compact NSX100/160/250 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L.

They provide short-circuit protection for motors up to 110 kW at $400\,\text{V}$.

MA magnetic trip units



Circuit breakers with an MA trip unit are combined with a thermal relay and a contactor or a starter.

Protection.....



Magnetic protection (Im)

Short-circuit protection with an adjustable pick-up Im that initiates instantaneous tripping if exceeded.

- Im = In x ... is set on an adjustment dial in multiples of the rating:
- ☐ 6 to 14 x In (2.5 to 100 A ratings)
- □ 9 to 14 x In (150 to 200 A ratings)

Protection version

DR112106

■ 3-pole (3P 3D): 3-pole frame (3P) equipped with detection on all 3 poles (3D).

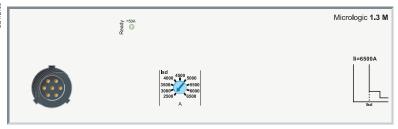
Micrologic 1.3-M trip units are used in **3-device motor-feeder solutions** on Compact NSX400/630 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L.

They provide short-circuit protection for motors up to $250\,\mathrm{kW}$ at $400\,\mathrm{V}$.

They also provide the benefits of electronic technology:

- accurate settings
- tests
- "Ready" LED.

Micrologic 1.3-M trip units



Circuit breakers with a Micrologic 1.3-M trip unit are combined with a thermal relay and a contactor.

Protection.....



Settings are made using a dial.

Short-circuits: Short-time protection (Isd)

Protection with an adjustable pick-up Isd. There is a very short delay to let through motor starting currents.

- Isd is set in amperes from 5 to 13 x In, as follows:
- \Box from 1600 to 4160 A for the 320 A rating.
- ☐ from 2500 to 6500 A for the 500 A rating.

Short-circuits: Non-adjustable instantaneous protection (Ii)

Instantaneous protection with non-adjustable pick-up li.

Protection version

■ 3-pole (3P 3D): 3-pole frame (3P) equipped with detection on all 3 poles (3D).

Indications



Front indications

■ Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.

Magnetic trip	units	MA 2	2.5 to 2	20						
Ratings (A)	In at 65 °C (1)	2.5	6.3	12.5	25	50	100 ⁽¹⁾	150	220	t,
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100	-	•		•	-		-	-	
	Compact NSX160	-	-	-	•	•		•	-	
	Compact NSX250	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	In
Instantaneous ma	agnetic protection									
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±20 %	Im = In x			6 to 14 x In 9, 10, 11, 12				9 to 14	gs 9, 10, 11,	
Time delay (ms)	tm	fixed								

⁽¹⁾ MA100 3P adjustable from 6 to 14 x In. MA100 4P adjustable from 9 to 14 x In.

Ratings (A)	In at 65 °C ⁽¹⁾	320	500	
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX400	•	-	t _A
	Compact NSX630	•	•	
S Short-time p	rotection			lad.
Pick-up (A)	Isd	Adjustable directly in amps		Isd
accuracy ±15 %		9 settings: 1600, 1920, 2440, 2560, 2880, 3200, 3520, 3840, 4160 A	9 settings: 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500 A	
Time delay (ms)	tsd	Non-adjustable		_ <u> </u>
	Non-tripping time Maximum break time	20 60		
Instantaneou	us protection			
Pick-up (A)	li non-adjustable	4800	6500	
accuracy ±15 %	Non-tripping time Maximum break time	0 30 ms		

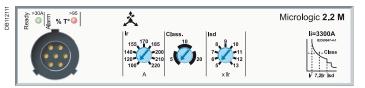
⁽¹⁾ Motor standards require operation at 65 °C. Circuit-breaker ratings are derated to take this requirement into account.

Motor protection

Micrologic 2-M electronic trip units

Micrologic 2-M trip units provide built-in thermal and magnetic protection. They are used in **2-device motor-feeder solutions** on Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers with performance levels B/F/H/N/S/L. They provide protection for motors up to 315 kW at 400 V against:

- short-circuits
- overloads with selection of a trip class (5, 10 or 20)
- phase unbalance.



Circuit breakers with a Micrologic 2.2 / 2.3-M trip unit include protection similar to an inverse-time thermal relay. They are combined with a contactor.

Protection.....



Settings are made using a dial.

Overloads (or thermal protection): Long-time protection and trip class (Ir) Inverse-time thermal protection against overloads with adjustable pick-up Ir. Settings are made in amperes. The tripping curve for the long-time protection, which indicates the time delay **tr** before tripping, is defined by the selected trip class.

Trip class (class)

The class is selected as a function of the normal motor starting time.

- Class 5: starting time less than 5 s
- Class 10: starting time less than 10 s
- Class 20: starting time less than 20 s

For a given class, it is necessary to check that all motor-feeder components are sized to carry the 7.2 Ir starting current without excessive temperature rise during the time corresponding to the class.

Short-circuits: Short-time protection (Isd)

Protection with an adjustable pick-up **Isd**. There is a very short delay to let through motor starting currents.

Short-circuits: Non-adjustable instantaneous protection (li)

Instantaneous protection with non-adjustable pick-up li.

Phase unbalance or phase loss (lunbal) (太)

This function opens the circuit breaker if a phase unbalance occurs:

- that is greater than the 30% fixed pick-up **lunbal**
- \blacksquare following the non-adjustable time delay tunbal equal to:
- □ 0.7 s during starting
- $\hfill \Box$ 4 s during normal operation.

Phase loss is an extreme case of phase unbalance and leads to tripping under the same conditions.

Indications



Front indications

- Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.
- Red alarm LED for motor operation: goes ON when the thermal image of the rotor and stator is greater than 95% of the permissible temperature rise.

Remote indications via SDTAM module

Compact NSX devices with a Micrologic 2 can be equipped with an SDTAM module dedicated to motor applications for:

- a contact to indicate circuit-breaker overload
- a contact to open the contactor. In the event of a phase unbalance or overload, this output is activated 400 ms before circuit-breaker tripping to open the contactor and avoid circuit breaker tripping.

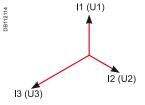
This module takes the place of the MN/MX coils and an OF contact.



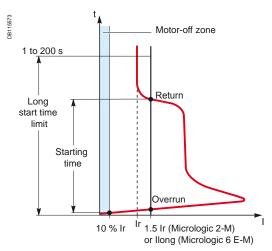
SDTAM remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

Ratings (A)	In at 65 °C ⁽¹⁾		25	50	100	150	220	320	500		
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100			•	-	-	-	-	-		
	Compact NSX160		•	•	•		-	-	-		
	Compact NSX250					•		-	-		
	Compact NSX400		-	-	-	-	-		-		
	Compact NSX630		-	-	-	-	-				
Overloads (or	r thermal protection): Lo	ng-tin	ne prot	ection a	ınd trip	class					
Pick-up (A)	lr		value d	epending	g on trip ι	ınit ratin	g (In) and	setting o	on dial		
ripping between	In = 25 A	r =	12	14	16	18	20	22	23	24	25
1.05 and 1.20 Ir	In = 50 A	r =	25	30	32	36	40	42	45	47	50
	In = 100 A	r =	50	60	70	75	80	85	90	95	100
	In = 150 A	r =	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
	In = 220 A	r =	100	120	140	155	170	185	200	210	220
	In = 320 A	r =	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320
	In = 500 A	r =	250	280	320	350	380	400	440	470	500
Γrip class as per IEC	60947-4-1		5	10	20						
Time delay (s)	tr 1	1.5 x lr	120	240	480	for wa	rm motor				
depending on selecte	ed trip class 6	3 x Ir	6.5	13.5	26	for col	d motor				
	7	7.2 x lr	5	10	20	for col	d motor				
Thermal memory			20 min	utes befo	re and af	ter trippi	ng				
Cooling fan			non-ad	justable	- motor se	elf-coole	d				
Short-circuits	s: Short-time protection	with fi	xed tin	ne delay	1						
Pick-up (A)	lsd = lr x		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
accuracy ±15 %											
Γime delay (ms)	tsd			justable							
	Non-tripping time		20								
	Maximum break time		60								
Short-circuits	s: Non-adjustable instan	taneo	us prot	ection							
Pick-up (A)	li non-adjustable		425	750	1500	2250	3300	4800	6500		
accuracy ±15 %									_		
Time delay (ms)	Non-tripping time		0								
Phase unbalance	Maximum break time		30								
		(2)	20.64								
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±20 %	lunbal in % average curi	rent (2)	> 30 %								
			0.7								
Time delay (s)	non-adjustable			ıring star ng norma							

- (1) Motor standards require operation at 65°C. Circuit-breaker ratings are derated to take this requirement into account.
- (2) The unbalance measurement takes into account the most unbalanced phase with respect to the average current.



Unbalance of phase currents and voltages



Motor starting and long starts

Additional technical characteristics

Phase unbalance

An unbalance in three-phase systems occurs when the three voltages are not equal in amplitude and/or not displaced 120° with respect to each other. It is generally due to single-phase loads that are incorrectly distributed throughout the system and unbalance the voltages between the phases.

phases.
These unbalances create negative current components that cause braking torques and temperature rise in asynchronous machines, thus leading to premature ageing.

Phase loss

Phase loss is a special case of phase unbalance.

- During normal operation, it produces the effects mentioned above and tripping must occur after four seconds.
- During starting, the absence of a phase may cause motor reversing, i.e. it is the load that determines the direction of rotation. This requires virtually immediate tripping (0.7 seconds). Starting time in compliance with the class (Micrologic 2-M)

For normal motor starting, Micrologic 2-M checks the conditions below with respect to the thermal-protection (long-time) pick-up Ir:

- current > 10 % x Ir (motor-off limit)
- overrun of 1.5 x Ir threshold, then return below this threshold before the end of a 10 s time delay.

If either of these conditions is not met, the thermal protection trips the device after a maximum time equal to that of the selected class.

Pick-up Ir must have been set to the current indicated on the motor rating plate.

Long starts (Micrologic 6 E-M)

When this function is not activated, the starting conditions are those indicated above.

When it is activated, this protection supplements thermal protection (class).

A long start causes tripping and is characterised by:

- current > 10 % x Ir (motor-off limit) with:
- either overrun of the long-time pick-up (1 to 8 x lr) without return below the pick-up before the end of the long-time time delay (1 to 200 s)
- or no overrun of the long-time pick-up (1 to 8 x lr) before the end of the long-time time delay (1 to 200 s).

Pick-up Ir must have been set to the current indicated on the motor rating plate

This protection should be coordinated with the selected class.

Motor protection

Micrologic 6 E-M electronic trip units

Micrologic 6.E-M is used in **2-device motor-feeder solutions.**

It provides the same protection as Micrologic 2-M:

- short-circuits
- overloads with selection of the same trip classes (5, 10 or 20), plus trip class 30 for starting of machines with high inertia.

In addition, it offers specific motor-protection functions that can be set via the keypad.



Protection.....



The protection functions are identical to those of Micrologic 2-M and can be fineadjusted via the keypad 🕶 .

Access to setting modifications via the keypad is protected by a locking function that is controlled by a microswitch . The lock is activated automatically if the keypad is not used for 5 minutes. Access to the microswitch is protected by a transparent lead-sealable cover. It is possible to scroll through settings and measurements with the cover closed.

Overloads (or thermal), class and short-circuits

The long-time, short-time and instantaneous functions are identical to those of Micrologic 2-M.

In addition, there is trip class 30 for long-time protection and a setting for self-cooled or fan-cooled motors (

Ground-fault protection (Ig)

Residual type ground-fault protection with an adjustable pick-up **Ig** (with Off position) and adjustable time delay **tg**.

Phase unbalance or phase loss (lunbal)

This function opens the circuit breaker if a phase unbalance occurs:

- that is greater than the **lunbal** pick-up that can be fine-adjusted from 10 to 40 % (30 % by default)
- following the **tunbal** time delay that is:

□ 0.7 s during starting

□ adjustable from 1 to 10 seconds (4 seconds by default) during normal operation. Phase loss is an extreme case of phase unbalance and leads to tripping under the same conditions.

Locked rotor (Ijam)

This function detects locking of the motor shaft caused by the load.

During motor starting (see page A-43), the function is disabled.

During normal operation, it causes tripping:

- above the **ljam** pick-up that can be fine-adjusted from 1 to 8 x Ir
- in conjunction with the **tjam** time delay that can be adjusted from 1 to 30 seconds.

Under-load (lund)

This function detects motor no-load operation due to insufficient load (e.g. a drained pump). It detects phase undercurrent.

During motor starting (see page A-43), the function is always enabled.

During normal operation, it causes tripping:

- below the **lund** pick-up that can be fine-adjusted from 0.3 to 0.9 x Ir
- in conjunction with the **tund** time delay that can be adjusted from 1 to 200 seconds.

Long starts (llong)

This protection supplements thermal protection (class).

It is used to better adjust protection to the starting parameters.

It detects abnormal motor starting, i.e. when the starting current remains too high or too low with respect to a pick-up value and a time delay. It causes tripping:

- in relation with a **llong** pick-up that can be fine-adjusted from 1 to 8 x Ir
- in conjunction with the **tlong** time delay that can be adjusted from 1 to 200 seconds.

(see "long starts" page A-43)

Display of type of fault



On a fault trip, the type of fault (Ir, Isd, Ii, Ig, Iunbal, Ijam), the phase concerned and the interrupted current are displayed.

Indications



Front indications

- Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.
- Red alarm LED for motor operation: goes ON when the thermal image of the rotor or stator is greater than 95% of the permissible temperature rise.

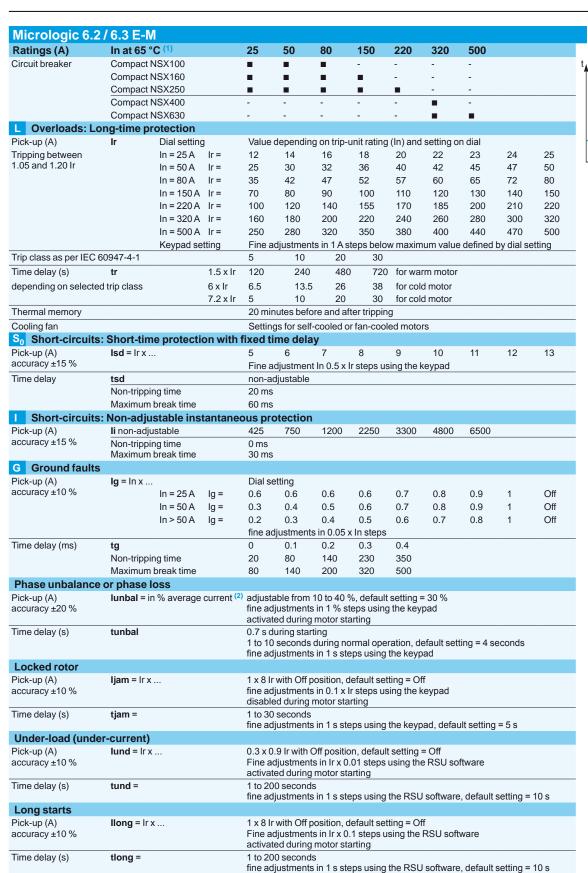
Remote indications via SDTAM or SDx module

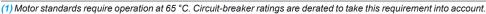
See description on page A-42 for SDTAM and page A-81 for SDx.



SDTAM remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

Note: all the trip units have a transparent lead-sealable cover that protects access to the adjustment dials.





⁽²⁾ The unbalance measurement takes into account the most unbalanced phase with respect to the average current.

Class

Motor protection

Micrologic 6 E-M electronic trip units (cont.)

Micrologic 6 E-M provides Power Meter functions with energy metering. With the FDM121 display unit, all metering data and operating indicators are available on the switchboard front panel. This version also displays the thermal image of the motor.



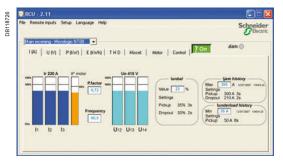
Micrologic 6 E-M.





Current values.

Thermal-image alarm



PC screen with motor thermal image and value monitoring.

Power Meter functions

The built-in Power Meter functions of the Micrologic 6 E-M are the same as those for the Micrologic 6-E presented in the section on distribution (see page A-20). When used exclusively in the three-phase version, neutral measurements are excluded.

Operating-assistance functions

The operating-assistance functions of the Micrologic 6 E-M are the same as those for the Micrologic 6-E presented in the section on distribution (see page A-22).

Special functions for motor feeders

Additional operating functions specifically for motor feeders are available.

Phase sequence

The order in which the phases L1, L2, L3 are connected determines the direction of motor rotation. If two phases are inverted, the direction is reversed. Information on the direction of rotation is provided. It can be linked to an alarm to detect an inversion in the direction following servicing on the supply under denergised conditions and disable restarting.

Thermal image of the rotor and stator

Micrologic 6 E-M offers a thermal-image function.

Taking into account the Ir setting and the class, an algorithm simulates rotor and stator temperature rise. It includes the slow temperature rise of the stator and its metal mass. Also included is the faster temperature rise of the copper rotor. The thermal protection function trips the circuit breaker when the calculated thermal image reaches 100 % of the permissible temperature rise.

The communication indicates the thermal-image value as a percentage of the permissible temperature rise. One or more alarms may be assigned to selected thresholds. A red LED on the front signals when the value exceeds 95 %. An SDx module with two outputs programmed for thermal-image values can be used to implement other alarm functions.







Micrologic 6 E-M	integrated Power Meter and op	perating-assistance functions	Display	
			Micrologic LCD	FDM121 display
Measurements				
Instantaneous rms mea				
Currents (A)	Phase currents and average value	I1, I2, I3 and lavg = (I1 + I2 + I3) / 3	-	-
	Highest current of the 3 phases	Imax of I1, I2, I3	-	-
	Ground-fault protection	% Ig (pick-up setting)		=
	Current unbalance between phases	% lavg	-	-
Voltages (V)	Phase-to-phase voltages and average value	U12, U23, U31 and Uavg = (U12 + U21 + U23) / 3		-
	Unbalance between phase-to-phase voltages	s % Uavg	-	
	Phase sequence	1-2-3, 1-3-2		-
Frequency (Hz)	Power system	F		
Power	Active (kW), reactive (kVAR), apparent (kVA)	P, Q, S total and per phase	-	•
	Power factor and cos φ (fundamental)	PF, cos φ, total and per phase	_	_
Maximeters / minimeters	Associated with instantaneous rms			-
waximeters / minimeters	measurements	Reset via Micrologic and the display unit	-	-
Energy metering				
	Active (kWh), reactive (kVARh),	Total since last reset		
Energy	apparent (kVAh)		_	
Demond and marries	***	Absolute or signed mode (1)	-	•
Demand and maximum		B		1 (2)
Demand current (A)	Phases	Present value on the selected window	-	(2) (2)
D	A - C - (1)A(L) C - (1) (A D1)	Maximum demand since last reset	-	
Demand power	Active (kWh), reactive (kVARh), apparent	Present value on the selected window	-	(2)
0.1.1.1.	(kVAh)	Maximum demand since last reset	-	(2)
Calculation window	Sliding, fixed or com-synchronised	Adjustable from 5 to 60 minutes in 1 minute steps	-	(2)
-		Absolute or signed mode ⁽¹⁾	-	(2)
Power quality				
Total harmonic distortion	Of voltage with respect to rms value	THDU,THDV of the Ph-Ph and Ph-N voltage	-	-
(%)	Of current with respect to rms value	THDI of the phase current	-	=
Operating assistance	e			
Personalised alarms				
Settings	Up to 10 alarms can be assigned to all measu	rements and events	-	(2)
3	as well as to phase lead/lag, four quadrants, p		_	(2)
Time-stamped histories				
Trips	last 17	Ir, Isd, Ii, Ig, Iunbal, Ijam, Iund, Ilong		(2)
<u> </u>		ii, isu, ii, ig, iuribai, ijairi, iuriu, iiorig	-	(2)
Alarms	last 10	A 100 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	-	
Operating events	last 10 events and type:	Modification of protection setting by dial	-	(2)
		Opening of keypad lock	-	(2)
		Test via keypad	-	(2)
		Test via external tool	-	(2)
		Time setting (date and time)	-	(2)
		Reset for maximeter/minimeter and energy meter		(2)
Time stamping	Presentation	Date and time, text, status	-	(2)
Time-stamped event tab	oles			
Protection settings	One of the following settings modified	Ir tr Isd tsd li Ig tg	-	(2)
	Time-stamping of modification	Date and time of modification	_	(2)
	Previous value	Value before modification	_	(2)
Min/Max	Value monitored	11	-	(2)
IVIII I/ IVIAA		Date and time of record	-	(2)
	Time-stamping of min/max value		-	(2)
84-1-4	Present min/max value	Min/max recorded for the value	-	\ -'
Maintenance indicators		A		1 (2)
Counter	Mechanical cycles (3)	Assignable to an alarm	-	(2)
	Electrical cycles (3)	Assignable to an alarm	-	(2)
	Trips	One per type of trip	-	(2)
	A I	One for each type of alarm	-	(2)
	Alarms			
	Hours	Total operating time (hours)	-	(2)
Indicator		Total operating time (hours) %	-	(2)
Indicator Load profile	Hours	1 0 ()	-	

Thermal image Stator and rotor % of peri (1) Absolute mode: E absolute = E out + E in; Signed mode: E signed = E out - E in. (2) Available via communication system. (3) The BSCM module (page A-27) is required for these functions.

Functions and characteristics

Special applications

Protection of public distribution systems with Micrologic 2-AB

Micrologic AB trip units are used in public distribution systems to limit the current supplied according to the consumer's contract. They are available in 100, 160, 240 and 400 A ratings and are supplied with a lead-seal device to protect the settings.

Compact NSX circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic AB trip units are installed as incoming devices for consumer installations connected to the public LV distribution system.

With respect to the utility, they have two functions.

- Consumption is limited to the contractual power level. If the limit is exceeded, a fast thermal-protection function trips the device at the head of the consumer's installation without the utility having to intervene.
- Total discrimination is ensured with the upstream fuses on the public distribution system in the event of a fault, overload or short-circuit in the consumer's installation, protecting the utility line.

In addition, they provide the consumer with:

- protection for the installation as a whole, with the possibility of adding a Vigi earth-leakage protection module
- the possibility of downstream discrimination.

This type of Compact NSX is often used in conjunction with an Interpact INV switch-disconnector located outside the consumer's building and providing the visible-break function.

This means the operator can directly see, through a transparent cover, the physical separation of the main contacts. The Interpact INV range is also suitable for isolation with positive contact indication.

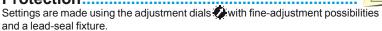
This means utility operators can work on the service-connection unit after isolating it from the upstream line.



INV switch-disconnector with visible break.

Compact NSX with Micrologic 2-AB

Drotootion



Overloads: Long-time protection (Ir)

Inverse-time thermal protection against overloads with an adjustable current pick-up Ir and a very short, non-adjustable time delay tr (15 seconds for 1.5 x Ir).

Short-circuits: Short-time protection (Isd) with fixed time delay

Short-circuit protection with an adjustable pick-up lsd. The short-time pick-up values are high enough to avoid nuisance tripping in the event of transient current spikes.

Short-circuits: Non-adjustable instantaneous protection

Instantaneous short-circuit protection with a fixed pick-up.

Neutral protection

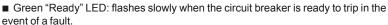
Available on four-pole circuit breakers only. Neutral protection may be set using a three-position switch:

- 4P 3D: neutral unprotected
- 4P 3D + N/2: neutral protection at half the value of the phase pick-up, i.e. 0.5 x Ir
- 4P 4D: neutral fully protected at Ir.

Indications.....

Front indications





- Orange overload pre-alarm LED: steady on when I > 90 % Ir
- Red overload LED: steady on when I > 105 % Ir

Remote indications

An SDx relay module installed inside the circuit breaker can be used to remote the overload-trip signal. This module receives the signal from the Micrologic electronic trip unit via an optical link and makes it available on the terminal block. The signal is cleared when the circuit breaker is closed.

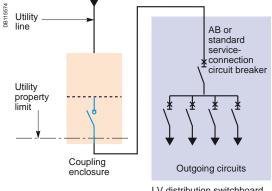
The module is described in detail in the section dealing with accessories page A-81.



SDx remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

	2 / 2.3-AB In at 40°C (1)		100		160		240		400			
Ratings (A)			100		160		240		400			
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100		•		_		-		-			T
	Compact NSX160		-		•		-		-			d⇒lr
	Compact NSX250				-		_		-			11
	Compact NSX400		-		-		-		-			
	Compact NSX630		-		-		-		-			
L Long-time pr								_				
Pick-up (A) tripping between	lr			depending				•				
1.05 and 1.20 Ir	In = 100 A	Ir =	40	40	50	60	70	80	90	100		
	In = 160 A	Ir=	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160		
	In = 240 A	Ir=	140	150	160	170	180	200	220	240		
	In = 400 A	Ir=	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	400		
Time delay (s)	tr		non-a	djustable								
		1.5 lr	15									
		6 Ir	0.5									
		7.2 lr	0.35									
Thermal memory				nutes befo	re and a	fter trippir	ng					
Short-time pr	otection with fixed tim	ne delay										
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±10 %	Isd = Ir x		1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	
Time delay (ms)	tsd		non-a	djustable:	20							
	Non-tripping time		20									
	Maximum break time		80									
Non-adjustab	ole instantaneous prot	ection										
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±15 %	li non-adjustable		1500		1600		2880		4800			
Time delay (ms)	Non-tripping time Maximum break time		10 50									

(1) If the trip units are used in high-temperature environments, the Micrologic setting must take into account the thermal limitations of the circuit breaker. See the temperature derating table.



LV distribution switchboard

Consumer connection diagram.

Technical details

Advantages of the AB trip unit

- Controls the power drawn with respect to contractual power levels. If the contractual level is overrun, the circuit breaker opens and the consumer is not billed excess costs.
- If a short-circuit occurs, the circuit breaker opens and the upstream HRC fuses on utility lines are not affected. No expensive utility servicing is billed to the consumer.

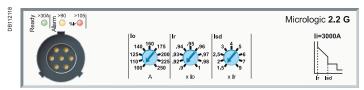
Special applications

Generator protection with Micrologic 2.2-G

Micrologic G trip units are used for the protection of systems supplied by generators or comprising long cable lengths. They can be mounted on all Compact NSX100/160/250 circuit breakers.

With extensive setting possibilities, Micrologic 5 offers the same functions from 100 to 630 A.

A thermal-magnetic trip unit is also available for the NSX100 to 250 (see page A-15).



Circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic G trip units protect systems supplied by generators (lower short-circuit currents than with transformers) and distribution systems with long cable lengths (fault currents limited by the impedance of the cable).

Protection....

Settings are made using the adjustment dials 🔷 with fine adjustment possibilities.

Overloads: Long-time protection (Ir)

Inverse-time thermal protection against overloads with an adjustable current pick-up Ir and a very short, non-adjustable time delay **tr** (15 seconds for 1.5 x Ir).

Short-circuits: Short-time protection (Isd) with fixed time delay

Short-circuit protection with an adjustable pick-up **Isd**, delayed 200 ms, in compliance with the requirements of marine classification companies.

Short-circuits: Non-adjustable instantaneous protection (li)

Instantaneous short-circuit protection with a fixed pick-up required for generator protection.

Neutral protection

- On 3-pole circuit breakers, neutral protection is not possible.
- On four-pole circuit breakers, neutral protection may be set using a three-position switch:
- ☐ 4P 3D: neutral unprotected
- □ 4P 3D + N/2: neutral protection at half the value of the phase pick-up, i.e. 0.5 x lr
- □ 4P 4D: neutral fully protected at Ir.

Indications

Front indications



- Green "Ready" LED: flashes slowly when the circuit breaker is ready to trip in the event of a fault.
- Orange overload pre-alarm LED: steady on when I > 90 % Ir
- Red overload LED: steady on when I > 105 % Ir

Remote indications

An SDx relay module installed inside the circuit breaker can be used to remote the overload-trip signal.

This module receives the signal from the Micrologic electronic trip unit via an optical link and makes it available on the terminal block. The signal is cleared when the circuit breaker is closed.

The module is described in detail in the section dealing with accessories.



SDx remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

D (1 (A)	-G		40		400					050				_
Ratings (A)	In at 40°C (1)		40		100		1	160		250				
Circuit breaker	Compact NSX100				-		-			-			^t ≱ .	
	Compact NSX160				-					-			↓ Ir	
	Compact NSX250		•		-		•	_		•			T "	
L Long-time pro	tection													
Pick-up (A)		lo	value	depend	ing on tri	p unit ra	ting (Ir	n) and	setting o	n dial				ام
tripping between 1.05 and 1.20 Ir	In = 40 A	lo =	18	18	20	23	2	25	28	32	36	40	Is	u —
1.00 4114 1.20 11	In = 100 A	lo =	40	45	50	55	6	63	70	80	90	100		ᆫ
	In = 160 A	lo=	63	70	80	90	•	100	110	125	150	160		
	In = 250 A (NSX250)	lo=	100	110	125	140		150	176	200	225	250		
		Ir = lo x	9 fine	-adjustn	nent setti	ngs fron	0.9 to	o 1 for	each lo	value				
Time delay (s)	tr		non-a	djustab	le									
accuracy 0 to -20%		1.5 x lr	15											
		6 x Ir	0.5											
		7.2 x lr	0.35											
Thermal memory			20 mi	nutes be	efore and	after tri	ping							
Short-time pro	otection with fixed ti	ime delay	/											
Pick-up (A) accuracy ±10 %	Isd = Ir x		1.5	2	2.5	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Time delay (ms)	tsd		non-a	ıdjustabl	e									
	Non-tripping time		140											
	Maximum break time)	200											
Non-adjustab	le instantaneous pr	otection												
Pick-up (A)	li non-adjustable		600		1500)	2	2400		3000				
accuracy ±15 %	Non-tripping time Maximum break time		15 ms				•							

⁽¹⁾ If the trip units are used in high-temperature environments, the Micrologic setting must take into account the thermal limitations of the circuit breaker. See the temperature derating table.

Special applications

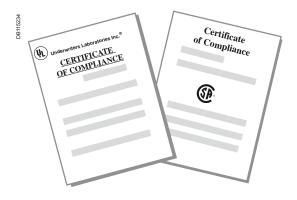
Protection of industrial control panels

Compact NSX circuit breakers are also used in industrial control panels.

They serve as an incoming devices or can be combined with contactors to protect motor feeders:

- compliance with worldwide standards including IEC 60947-2 and UL 508 / CSA 22-2 no. 14
- ■overload and short-circuit protection
- isolation with positive contact indication, making it possible to service machines safely by isolating them from all power sources
- installation in universal and functional type enclosures
- NA switch-disconnector version.

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Industrial control panels

Compact NSX circuit breakers equipped for public distribution or motor protection functions as described in the previous pages can be used in industrial control panels. The accessories for the Compact NSX range are suitable for the special needs of these switchboards.

Auxiliaries

All auxiliaries can be added to the circuit breaker by the user:

- padlocking devices (in the OFF position)
- rotary handle
- status-indication auxiliary contacts (ON, OFF and tripped)
- shunt (MX) or undervoltage (MN) releases
- early-make or early-break contacts.

Rotary handle

Direct or extended versions for mounting up to 600 mm behind the front:

- black front with black handle
- yellow front with red handle (for machine tools or emergency off as per IEC 204 / VDE 0013).

All rotary handles can be padlocked in the OFF position. Optional door interlock, recommended for MCC panels (motor control centres).

When the device is equipped with an extended rotary handle, a control accessory mounted on the shaft makes it possible to operate the device with the door open. The device can be padlocked in the OFF position in compliance with UL508.

Early-make or early-break contacts

These contacts can be used respectively to supply an MN undervoltage release before the circuit breaker closes or to open the contactor control circuit before the circuit breaker opens.

Special functions

- Indication of thermal overloads with the SDx module.
- Early opening of the contactor for overload faults with the SDTAM module.
- Links with PLCs via the communication system.
- Measurement of all electrical parameters with Micrologic A and E.
- Programmable alarms with Micrologic 5 and 6.

Installation in enclosures

Compact circuit breakers can be installed in a metal enclosure together with other devices (contactors, motor-protection circuit breakers, LEDs, etc.) (see page A-90).

Compliance with North American industrial control equipment standards

Compact NSX devices have received UL508 / CSA 22-2 no. 14 approval for industrial control equipment of the "Manual Motor Controller", "Across the Line Starter", "General Use" and "Disconnecting Means" types.

Type NA devices are switch-disconnectors that must always be protected upstream.

UL508 approval

Circuit breakers	Trip units	Approvals
Compact NSX100 to 630 F/N/H		General Use Motor Disconnecting Means
	NA, MA, Micrologic 1.3 M, 2.2 M, 2.3 M, Micrologic 6.2 E-M and 6.3 E-M	Manual Motor Controller Across the Line Starter Motor Disconnecting Means

Table of 3-phase motor ratings in hp (1 hp = 0.7457 kW)

V AC ratings		115	230	460	575
TMD Micrologic 2, 5 and 6	NA, MA Micrologic 1.3 M, 2.2 M, 2.3 M Micrologic 6.2 E-M and 6.3 E-M				
25	25	3	7.5	15	20
50	50	7.5	15	30	40
100	100	15	30	75	100
160	150	25	50	100	150
250	220	40	75	150	200
400	320	-	125	250	300
550	500	-	150	350	500

The deratings indicated on pages B-8 and B-9 apply to TMD, Micrologic 2, 5 and 6 trip units, rated at 40 $^{\circ}$ C.

16 Hz 2/3 network protection Micrologic 5 A-Z trip unit

Compact NSX circuit breakers may be used on 16 Hz 2/3 systems with special thermal-magnetic and electronic (Micrologic 5 A-Z) trip units.

16 Hz 2/3 networks

Single-phase distribution networks with a frequency of 16 Hz 2/3 are used for railroad applications in certain European countries.

Breaking capacity for 16 Hz 2/3 at 250/500 V

Compact NSX circuit breakers of the 3P 2D or the 3P 3D type protect 16 Hz 2/3 networks at 250 V or 500 V.

They can be equipped with either:

- a TM-D thermal-magnetic trip unit for Compact NSX100 to 250
- or an electronic Micrologic 5.2 A-Z trip unit for Compact NSX100 to 250 or a 5.3 A-Z for Compact NSX400/630.

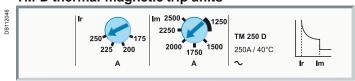
The possible breaking-capacity performance levels are B, F, N and H as indicated below.

Breaking capacity Icu

Operating volta	ige	TMD a	nd Microld	gic 5 A-Z t	trip units
	Performance	В	F	N	Н
250 V / 500 V	Icu (kA)	25	36	50	70

Protection

TM-D thermal-magnetic trip units



The 16 Hz 2/3 frequency does not modify the thermal settings with respect to those at 50 Hz (see page A-15). The magnetic pick-ups are modified as shown below.

Magnetic protection for Compact NSX 100/160/250 at 50 Hz and at 16 Hz 2/3

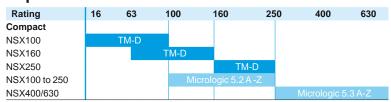
Rating (A) In	at 40 °C	16	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200 250
Pick-up (A) Im	accur. ±20%	Fixe	d									Adjustable
NSX100	50Hz	190	300	400	500	500	500	640	800			
	16Hz 2/3	170	270	360	450	450	450	580	720			
NSX160/250	50Hz	190	300	400	500	500	500	640	800	1250	1250	5 to 10 ln
	16 Hz 2/3	170	270	360	450	450	450	580	720	1100	1100	4.5 to 9 ln

Micrologic 5 A-Z trip units

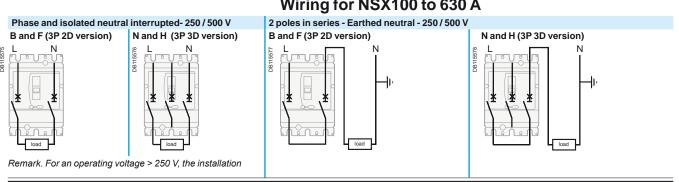


Micrologic 5.2 A-Z and 5.3 A-Z are dedicated to 16 Hz 2/3 networks. They use a suitable sampling frequency. The protection settings are identical to those of Micrologic 5 A (see page A-19). They also offer a current-measurement function for this specific frequency.

Trip-unit selection



Wiring for NSX100 to 630 A



Special applications

Protection of 400 Hz systems

Compact NSX circuit breakers may be used on 400 Hz systems.

400 Hz distribution systems

The main 400 Hz applications are in aeronautics and certain military ships. Modern aircraft have three-phase 115/200 V 400 Hz networks.

Impact on protective devices

Due to the higher frequency, circuit breakers are subjected to additional temperature rise for identical current levels, resulting from higher losses caused by Foucault currents and an increase in the skin effect (reduction in the useful CSA of conductors). To remain within the rated temperature-rise limits of devices, current derating is required.

The power levels of 400 Hz applications rarely exceed a few hundred kW with relatively low short-circuit currents, generally not exceeding four times the rated current.

The standard Compact NSX and Masterpact NT/NW ranges are suitable for 400 Hz applications if derating coefficients are applied to the protection settings. See the derating table below.

Breaking capacity of Compact NSX circuit breakers in 400 Hz, 440 V systems

Circuit breaker	Breaking capacity Icu
NSX100	10 kA
NSX160	10 kA
NSX250	10 kA
NSX400	10 kA
NSX630	10 kA

Trip units equipped with thermal-magnetic protection

The 400 Hz current settings are obtained by multiplying the 50 Hz values by the following adaptation coefficient:

- K1 for thermal trip units
- K2 for magnetic trip units.

These coefficients are independent of the trip-unit setting.

Thermal trip units

The current settings are lower at 400 Hz than at 50 Hz (K1 < 1).

Magnetic trip units

The current settings are conversely higher at 400 Hz than at 50 Hz (K2 > 1). Consequently, when the trip units are adjustable, they must be set to the minimum value.

Adaptation coefficients for thermal-magnetic trip units

Circuit	Trip unit	In (A)	Thermal at 40°C		Im (A)	Magnetic	
breaker		50Hz	K1	400 Hz	50Hz	K2	400 Hz
NSX100	TM16G	16	0.95	15	63	1.6	100
	TM25G	25	0.95	24	80	1.6	130
	TM40G	40	0.95	38	80	1.6	130
	TM63G	63	0.95	60	125	1.6	200
NSX100	TM16D	16	0.95	15	240	1.6	300
	TM25D	25	0.95	24	300	1.6	480
	TM40D	40	0.95	38	500	1.6	800
	TM63D	63	0.95	60	500	1.6	800
	TM80D	80	0.9	72	650	1.6	900
	TM100D	100	0.9	90	800	1.6	900
NSX250	TM100D	100	0.9	90	800	1.6	900
	TM160D	160	0.9	144	1250	1.6	2000
	TM200D	200	0.9	180	1000 to 2000	1.6	1600 to 3200
	TM250D	250	0.9	225	1250 to 2500	1.6	2000 to 4000

Example

NSX100 equipped with a TM16G with 50 Hz settings Ir = 16 A and Im = 63 A. 400 Hz settings $Ir = 16 \times 0.95 = 15$ A and Im = 63 A $\times 1.6 = 100$ A.



Micrologic TM-D trip unit.

Protection of 400 H systems (cont.)



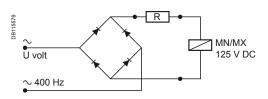
Micrologic 5 E trip unit.



OF auxiliary contact



MX or MN voltage release.



Wiring diagram.



SDx remote indication relay module with its terminal block.

Protection(cont.)

Micrologic electronic trip units

Micrologic 2.2, 2.3 or 5.2, 5.3 with A or E measurement functions are suitable for 400 Hz. The use of electronics offers the advantage of greater operating stability when the frequency varies. However the units are still subject to temperature rise caused by the frequency.

The practical consequences are:

- limit settings: see the Ir derating table below
- the long-time, short-time and instantaneous pick-ups are not modified (see pages A-17 or A-19)
- the accuracy of the displayed measurements is 2 % (class II).

Thermal derating: maximum Ir setting

Circuit breaker	Maximum setting coefficient	Max. Ir setting at 400 Hz
NSX100	1	100
NSX250	0.9	225
NSX400	0.8	320
NSX630	0.8	500

Example

An NSX250N, equipped with a Micrologic 2.2, Ir = $250 \, \text{A}$ at $50 \, \text{Hz}$, must be limited to use at Ir = $250 \, \text{x}$ 0.9 = $225 \, \text{A}$.

Its short-time pick-up with fixed time delay is adjustable from 1.5 to 10 Ir (60 to 400 A). The instantaneous pick-up remains at 3000 A.

OF auxiliary contacts in 400 Hz networks

Electrical characteristics of auxiliary contacts

Contacts		Standard	Standard		Low level	
Utilisation cat. (IEC 60947-5-1)		AC12	AC15	CA12	CA15	
Operational current	24 V	6	6	5	3	
(A)	48 V	6	6	5	3	
	110 V	6	5	5	2.5	
	220/240 V	6	4	5	2	
	380/415 V	6	2	5	1.5	

MN and MX voltage releases for Compact NSX100/630 at 400 Hz and 440 V

For circuit breakers on 400 Hz systems, only 125 V DC MN or MX releases may be used. The release must be supplied by the 400 Hz system via a rectifier bridge (to be selected from the table below) and an additional resistor with characteristics depending on the system voltage.

U (V) 400 Hz	Rectifier	Additional resistor
220/240 V	Thomson 110 BHz or	4.2 kΩ-5 W
	General Instrument W06 or	
	Semikron SKB at 1.2/1.3	
380/420 V	Semikron SKB at 1.2/1.3	10.7 kΩ-10 W

Note: other models of rectifier bridges may be used if their characteristics are at least equivalent to those stated above.

SDx indication contacts

The SDx module may be used in 400 Hz systems for voltages from 24 to 440 V. An SDx relay module installed inside the circuit breaker can be used to remote the overload-trip signal.

This module receives the signal from the Micrologic electronic trip unit via an optical link and makes it available on the terminal block. The signal is cleared when the circuit breaker is closed.

These outputs can be reprogrammed to be assigned to other types of tripping or alarm (see page A-81).

Switch-disconnectors

Overview of applications

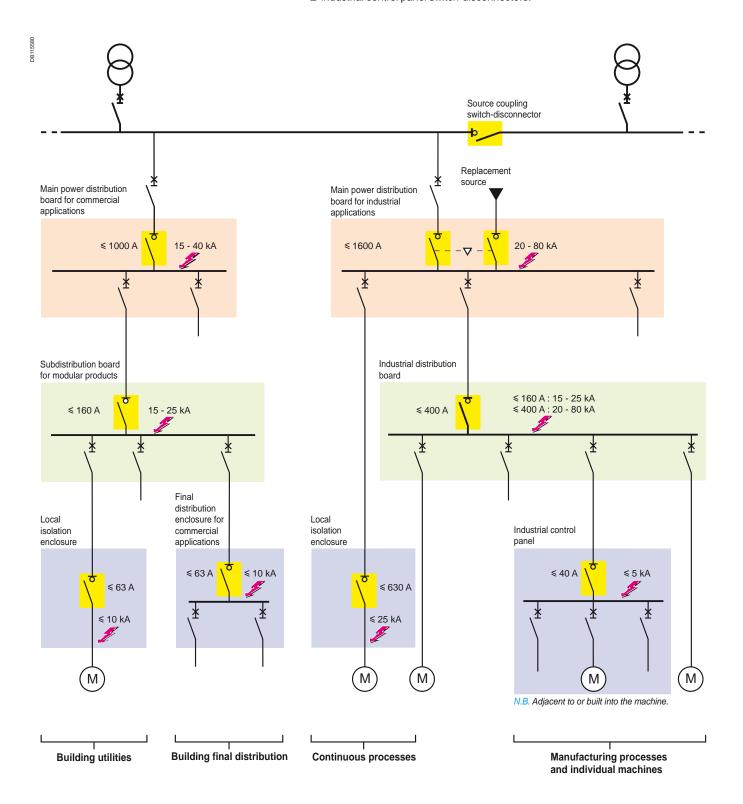
A switch-disconnector is a control device that can be used to open and close a circuit under normal operating conditions.

It is suitable for isolation as indicated on the front by the symbol

Position of switch-disconnectors

Compact NSX switch-disconnectors are used primarily for the following applications:

- busbar coupling and isolation
- isolation of industrial distribution boards and industrial control panels
- isolation of subdistribution boards for modular devices
- isolation of local enclosures
- isolation of final distribution enclosures for commercial applications
- industrial control panel switch-disconnectors.



Switch-disconnector functions

Compact NSX100 to 630 NA switch-disconnectors are available in fixed, plug-in and withdrawable versions. They use the same accessories and offer the same connection possibilities as the circuit-breaker versions. They may be interlocked with another Compact switch-disconnector or circuit breaker to form a source-changeover system.

Schwick P Schwic

Compact NSX switch-disconnector.



Compact NSX switch-disconnector equipped with a motor mechanism module.



Compact NSX switch-disconnector equipped with a Vigi module.

Suitability for isolation with positive contact indication

Compact NSX switch-disconnectors are suitable for isolation as defined by standard IEC 60947-3. The corresponding conformity tests guarantee:

- the mechanical reliability of the position indication, i.e. the O (OFF) position indicated by the control device always reflects the open position of the contacts:
- ☐ the required distance between contacts is provided
- □ padlocks may not be installed unless the contacts are open
- the absence of leakage currents
- overvoltage withstand capacity between upstream and downstream connections. Installation of a rotary handle or a motor mechanism does not alter the reliability of the position-indication system.

Emergency-off function

A Compact NSX NA is combined with an MN or MX release connected to an emergency-off button. In an emergency, an operator at a remote location can interrupt the circuit at rated load to isolate the entire switchboard and the downstream loads.

Motor mechanism

Compact NSX NA devices equipped with a motor mechanism module enable remote closing and opening. This function may be combined with the emergency-off function. In this case, the emergency off function is combined with a closing lock-out that must be intentionally reset (electrical diagram with closing lock-out).

Earth-leakage protection

A Vigi module may be added to a switch-disconnector to monitor all leakage currents in the outgoing circuits of the switchboard on which the switch-disconnector is installed. When the Vigi module detects an earth-leakage current, the switch-disconnector interrupts the load current. This function may be combined with the motor mechanism and the emergency-off function using an MN or MX release.

Switch-disconnector protection

The switch-disconnector can make and break its rated current. For an overload or a short-circuit, it must be protected by an upstream device, in compliance with installation standards.

The circuit-breaker/switch-disconnector coordination tables determine the required upstream circuit breaker. However, due to their high-set magnetic release, Compact NSX100 to 630 A switch-disconnectors are self-protected.

Switch-disconnector utilisation category

Depending on the rated operational current and the mechanical durability (A for frequent operation or B for infrequent operation), standard IEC 60947-3 defines the utilisation categories as shown in the table below. Compact NSX NA switch-disconnectors comply with utilisation categories AC22A or AC23A.

Utilisation category		Typical applications			
Infrequent operation	Frequent operation				
AC-21A	AC-21B	Resistive loads including moderate overloads (cos φ = 0.95)			
AC-22A	AC-22B	Mixed resistive and inductive loads including moderate overloads (cos ϕ = 0.65)			
AC-23A	AC-23B	Motor loads or other highly inductive loads ($\cos \varphi = 0.45$ or 0.35)			

Functions and characteristics

Switch-disconnectors

Characteristics and performance of Compact NSX switch-disconnectors from 100 to 630 NA

Installation standards require upstream protection. However Compact NSX100 to 630 NA switch-disconnectors are self-protected by their high-set magnetic release.

Schneider Schneider Description Bestry Bes

Compact NSX100 to 250 NA.



Compact NSX400 to 630 NA.

Common characteristics							
Rated voltages							
	Insulation voltage (V)	Ui		800			
	Impulse withstand voltage (kV) Uimp			8			
	Operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC 50/60 Hz	690			
Suitability for isolation			IEC/EN 60947-3	yes			
Utilisation category		AC 22 A/AC	C 23 A - DC 22 A/DC 2	3 A			
Pollution dear	00		IEC 60664-1	3			

Pollution degree		IEC 6	60664-1	3	
Switch-disconnectors					
Electrical characteristics as p	er IEC 6094	7-3 and EN	60947-3		
Conventional thermal current (A)	Ith 60 °C				
Number of poles					
Operational current (A) depending on	le	AC 50/60 Hz	<u> </u>		
the utilisation category			220/240 V		
			380/415 V		
			440/480 V (2)		
			500/525 V		
			660/690 V		
		DC			
			250 V (1 pole))	
			500 poles (2 p	ooles in series)	
			750 V (3 poles	s in series)	
Short-circuit making capacity	lcm	min. (switch-	-disconnector a	lone)	
(kA peak)		max. (protection by upstream circuit			
	_	breaker)			
Rated short-time withstand current (A rms)	lcw	for	1 s		
(Allis)			3 s		
			20 s		
Durability (C-O cycles)	mechanical				
	electrical	AC			
			440 V	In/2	
				In	
			690 V	In/2	
				In	
		DC	250 V (1 pole)		
B 30 0 0 0 0			500 V (2 poles	3 in series)In	
Positive contact indication					
Pollution degree					
Protection	De Afferiare e els	.l.			
Add-on earth-leakage protection	By Vigi modu				
	By Vigirex re	-			
Additional indication and con	trol auxiliar	ies			
Indication contacts					
Voltages releases	MX shunt rel				
	MN undervo	Itage release			
Voltage-presence indicator					
Current-transformer module					
Ammeter module					
Insulation monitoring module					
Remote communication by bu	IS				
Device-status indication					
Device remote operation					
Operation counter					
Installation / connections					
Dimensions (mm)	fixed, front c	onnections	2/3P		
WxHxD			4P		
Maight (kg)	fixed front o	onnoctions	3D		

3P

fixed, front connections

Source-changeover systems (see chapter on Source-changeover systems)

(1) 2P in 3P case. (2) Suitable for 480 V NEMA. Weight (kg)

Manual source-changeover systems

Remote-operated or automatic source-changeover systems

Common characteristics							
Control							
	Manual	With toggle					
		With direct or extended rotary handle	•				
	Electrical	With remote control					
Versions							
	Fixed						
	Withdrawable	Plug-in base					
		Chassis					

NSX100NA	NSX160NA	NSX250NA	NSX400NA	NSX630NA
100	160	250	400	630
2(1), 3, 4	2(1), 3, 4	2 (1), 3, 4	3, 4	3, 4
AC22A/AC23A	AC22A/AC23A	AC22A / AC23A	AC22A/AC23A	AC22A/AC23A
100	160	250	400	630
100	160	250	400	630
100	160	250	400	630
100	160	250	400	630
100	160	250	400	630
DC22A / DC23A	DC22A / DC23A	DC22A / DC23A	DC22A/DC23A	DC22A / DC23A
100	160	250	-	-
100	160	250	-	-
100	160	250	-	-
2.6	3.6	4.9	7.1	8.5
330	330	330	330	330
1800	2500	3500	5000	6000
1800	2500	3500	5000	6000
690	960	1350	1930	2320
50000	40000	20000	15000	15000
AC22A / AC23A	AC22A / AC23A	AC22A/AC23A	AC22A/AC23A	AC22A/AC23A
35000	30000	15000	10000	6000
20000	15000	7500	5000	3000
15000	10000	6000	5000	3000
8000	5000	3000	2500	1500
10000	10000	10000	-	-
5000	5000	5000	-	-
•		•	•	•
3	3	3	3	3
			=	
			- -	
-			-	
•			- -	
			- -	
			<u>-</u>	
•				
•			•	
105 x 161 x 86			140 x 255 x 110	
140 x 161 x 86			185 x 255 x 110	
1.5 to 1.8			5.2	
2.0 to 2.2			6.8	
•			- -	

Functions and characteristics

Source-changeover systems Presentation

Some installations use two supply sources to counter the temporary loss of the main supply.

A source-changeover system is required to safely switch between the two sources.

The replacement source can be a generator set or another network.

Manual source changeover

This is the most simple system. It is controlled manually by a maintenance technician and consequently the time required to switch from the normal source to the replacement source can vary.

A manual source-changeover system is made up of:

- two devices (circuit breakers or switch-disconnectors) controlled manually
- mechanical interlocking.

The interlock prevents connection to both sources at the same time, even momentarily.

Remote-operated source-changeover systems

This is the most commonly employed system. No human invention is required. The transfer from the normal to the replacement source is controlled electrically. A remote-operated source-changeover system is made up of two circuit breakers or switch-disconnectors equipped with motor mechanisms and:

- an electrical interlocking system implemented in a number of manners
- a mechanical interlocking system that protects against the consequences of an electrical malfunction and prevents incorrect manual operation.

Automatic source-changeover systems

An automatic controller may be added to the remote-operated source-changeover system for automatic source control according to programmable operating modes. This solution ensures optimum energy management:

- switching to a replacement source depending on external requirements
- source management
- load shedding
- emergency source replacement, etc.





Service sector:

- hospital operating rooms
- safety systems for tall buildings
 computer rooms (banks, insurance companies, etc.)
- lighting systems in shopping centres, etc.



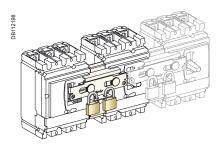
- assembly lines
- engine rooms on ships
- critical auxiliaries in thermal power stations, etc.



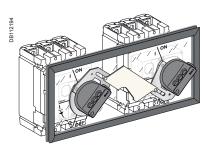
Infrastructures:

- runway lighting systems
- port and railway installations
- control systems for military installations, etc.

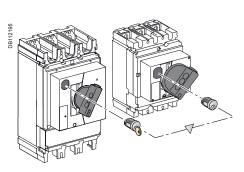
Manual source-changeover systems



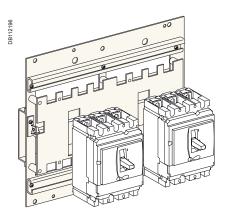
Interlocking of two or three toggle-controlled devices.



Interlocking of two devices with rotary handles.



Interlocking with keylocks



Interlocking on a base plate.

Interlocking of two or three toggle-controlled devices

Interlocking system

Two devices can be interlocked using this system. Two identical interlocking systems can be used to interlock three devices installed side by side.

- Authorised positions:
- one device closed (ON), the others open (OFF)
- all devices open (OFF).

The system is locked using one or two padlocks (shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm).

This system can be expanded to more than three devices.

There are two interlocking-system models:

- one for Compact NSX100 to 250
- one for Compact NSX400/630.

Combinations of Normal and Replacement devices

All toggle-controlled fixed or plug-in Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors of the same frame size can be interlocked. The devices must be either all fixed or all plug-in versions.

Interlocking of two devices with rotary handles

Interlocking system

Interlocking involves padlocking the rotary handles on two devices which may be either circuit breakers or switch-disconnectors.

Authorised positions:

- one device closed (ON), the other open (OFF)
- both devices open (OFF).

The system is locked using up to three padlocks (shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm). There are two interlocking-system models:

- one for Compact NSX100 to 250
- one for Compact NS400/630

Combinations of Normal and Replacement devices

All rotary-handle fixed or plug-in Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors of the same frame size can be interlocked. The devices must be either all fixed or all plug-in versions.

Interlocking of a number of devices using keylocks (captive keys)

Interlocking using keylocks is very simple and makes it possible to interlock two or more devices that are physically distant or that have very different characteristics, for example medium-voltage and low-voltage devices or a Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breaker and switch-disconnector.

Interlocking system

Each device is equipped with an identical keylock and the key is captive on the closed (ON) device. A single key is available for all devices. It is necessary to first open (OFF position) the device with the key before the key can be withdrawn and used to close another device.

A system of wall-mounted captive key boxes makes a large number of combinations possible between many devices.

Combinations of Normal and Replacement devices

All rotary-handle Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors can be interlocked between each other or with any other device equipped with the same type of keylock.

Interlocking of two devices on a base plate

Interlocking system

A base plate designed for two Compact NSX devices can be installed horizontally or vertically on a mounting rail. Interlocking is carried out on the base plate by a mechanism located behind the devices. In this way, access to the device controls and trip units is not blocked.

Combinations of Normal and Replacement devices

All rotary-handle and toggle-controlled Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors can be interlocked. Devices must be either all fixed or all plugin versions, with or without earth-leakage protection or measurement modules. An adaptation kit is required to interlock:

- two plug-in devices
- a Compact NSX100-250 with an NSX400-630.

Connection to the downstream installation can be made easier using a coupling accessory (see next page).

Functions and characteristics

Source-changeover systems

Remote-operated and automatic sourcechangeover systems Coupling accessory on base plate

Remote-operated systems

It is made up of two devices with motor mechanisms, mounted on a base plate and combined with:

- an electrical interlocking unit
- optional mechanical interlocking system.

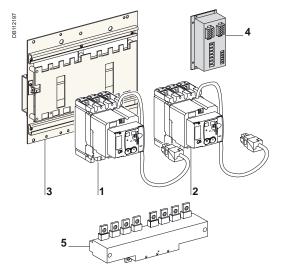
Electrical interlocking unit (IVE)

Interlocks two devices equipped with motor mechanisms and auxiliary contacts. The IVE unit is mandatory to ensure the necessary time-delays required for safe

The mechanical interlocking system is strongly recommended to limit the effects of design or wiring errors and to avoid manual switching errors.



Remote-operated source-changeover system.



Automatic systems

An automatic controller can manage switching from one source to the other. The controller can be:

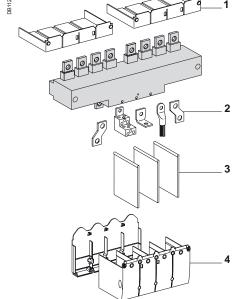
- a device provided by the customer
- an integrated BA controller
- an integrated UA controller.

An integrated BA or UA automatic controller manages source transfer according to user-selected sequences that can include source priorities, start-up of a generator, return to the Normal source, etc. An ACP auxiliaries control plate facilitates installation of the BA and UA controllers. The plate includes two circuit breakers to protect the control circuits and two contactors to control the motor mechanisms of the devices.

- 1 Circuit breaker QN equipped with a motor mechanism and auxiliary contacts, connected to the Normal source
- 2 Circuit breaker QR equipped with a motor mechanism and auxiliary contacts, connected to the Replacement source 3 Base plate with mechanical interlocking
- 4 Electrical interlocking unit IVE
- 5 Coupling accessory (downstream connection)

Coupling accessory on base plate

This accessory may be used with a manual or remote-operated source-changeover system (with or without an automatic controller). It respects the mounting distance between the devices secured to the ACP plate and provides downstream coupling of the two sets of busbars. It is compatible with standard device accessories. The short terminal shields of the device can be installed on the upstream connectors of the coupling accessory. Downstream, it is possible to use the connection accessories and the long or short terminal shields of the device.



Standard device accessories may be used for the coupling accessory on the base plate.

- Short terminal shields
- Terminals
- Interphase barriers
- Long terminal shields

By combining a remote-operated source-changeover system with an integrated BA or UA automatic controller, it is possible to automatically control source transfer according to user-selected sequences.



BA controller.



UA controller.



Auxiliary control plate for a BA or UA controller.

Functions of the BA and UA controllers

Controller					ВА	ı	JA
Compatible circuit break	cers					act NSX	(100 to 630
4-position switch					oncun	breaker	3
Automatic operation							•
Forced operation on No	rmal source						•
Forced operation on Re	placement sour	ce					1
Stop (both Normal and F	Replacement so	urces OF	F)				•
Automatic operation	Automatic operation						
Monitoring of the Norma source to the other	ll source and au	tomatic tr	ansfer fro	om one	•	ı	•
Engine generator set sta	art-up control					- 1	
Delayed shutdown (adju	ıstable) of engin	ne genera	tor set			1	
Load shedding and reco	nnection of non	-priority l	oads			-	•
Transfer to Replacement is absent	nt source if one o	of the Nor	mal sour	ce phases	3	ı	
Test							
By opening the P25M ci	rcuit breaker up	stream of	the conti	roller			
By pressing the test butt	on the front	of the con	troller				
Indications							
Circuit-breaker status in OFF, fault trip	dication on the	front of th	e controll	er: ON,	-	ı	
Automatic-mode indicat	ion contact					- 1	
Other functions							
Selection of type of Norr (single-phase or three-p						ı	
Voluntary transfer to Re	placement sour	ce			•	ı	•
Forced operation on No operational	rmal source if R	eplaceme	ent source	e is not		-	
Additional test contact (Transfer to Replacemen frequency check)			osed (e.g	g. for a UF	2	ı	
Setting of maximum star	rt-up time for the	Replace	ment-sou	urce		1	
Power supply							
Control voltages (1)		220 to 2	40 V 50/6	60 Hz		- 1	
		380 to 415 V 50/60 Hz ■					•
		440 V 60 Hz					
Operating thresholds	.						
Undervoltage		0.35 Un	≤voltage	e ≤ 0.7 Ur			
Phase failure			≤ voltage				•
Voltage presence		voltage ≥ 0.85 Un					•
Characteristics of ou	tput contacts (
Rated thermal current (A		8		,			
Minimum load	,	10 mA a	at 12 V				
		AC				DC	
Utilisation category (IEC	60947-5-1)	AC12	AC13	AC14	AC15	DC12	DC13
Operational current (A)	-	8	7	5	6	8	2
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	48 V	8	7	5	5	2	-
	110 V	8	6	4	4	0.6	-
	220/240 V	8	6	4	3	-	-
	250 V	-	_	-	-	0.4	-
	380/415 V	5	_	-	-	-	-
	440 V	4	-	-	-	-	-
	660/690 V	-	-	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ The controller is powered by the ACP auxiliaries control plate. The same voltage must be used for the ACP plate, the IVE unit and the circuit-breaker operating mechanisms. If this voltage is the same as the source voltage, then the "Normal" and "Replacement" sources can be used directly for the power supply. If not, an isolation transformer must be used.

Overview of Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

Insulation accessories > A-73



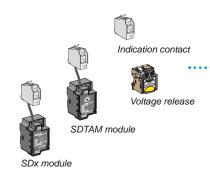


Sealable terminal shields



Interphase barriers

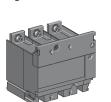
Electrical auxiliaries > A-80



Protection and measurements ► A-86



Vigi module



Current-transformer module



The second secon

Micrologic 5 / 6 trip unit

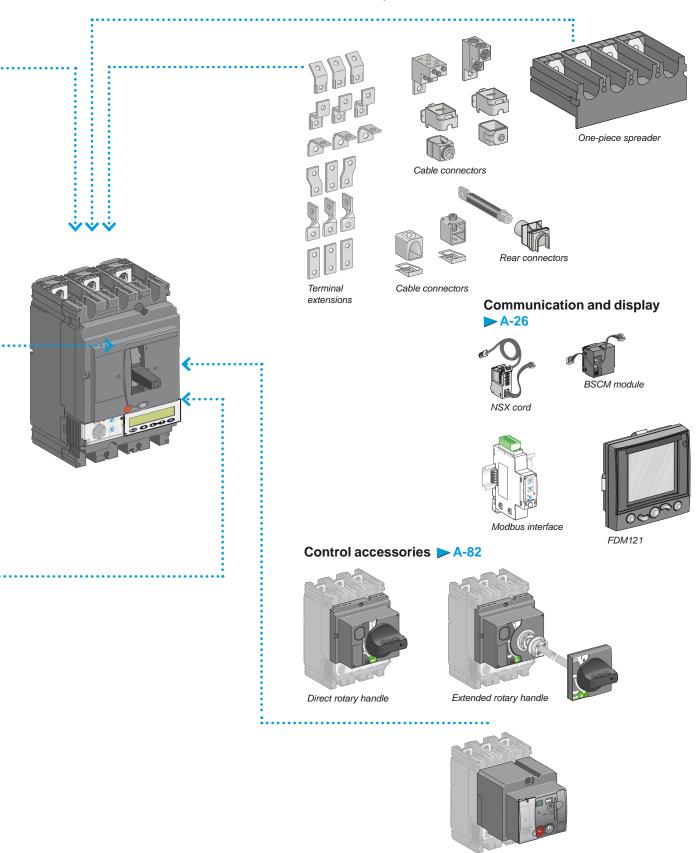


TM-D, TM-G trip unit



Ammeter module

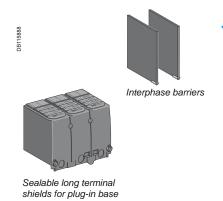
Connection ► A-70



Motor mechanism

Overview of Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions

Insulation accessories > A-73

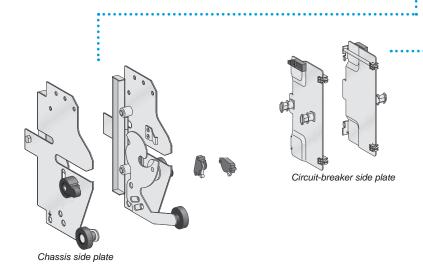


Electrical accessories > A-78

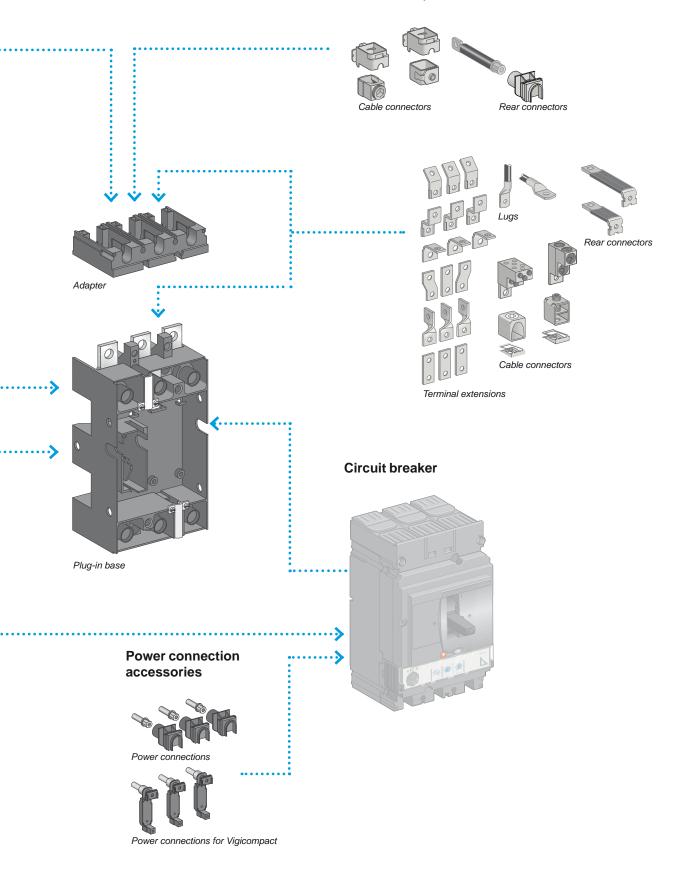




Mechanical accessories ► A-69



Connection ► A-70 and A-72



Device installation

Compact NSX circuit breakers may be installed horizontally, vertically or flat on their back, without derating performance levels.

There are three installation versions:

- fixed
- plug-in (on a base)
- withdrawable (on a chassis).

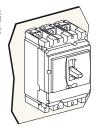
For the last two, components must be added (base, chassis) to the fixed version.

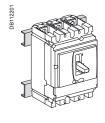
Many connection components are shared by the three versions.

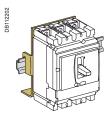
Fixed circuit breakers

Fixed circuit breakers are designed for standard connection using bars or cables with lugs. Bare-cable connectors are available for connection to bare copper or aluminium cables.

For connection of large cables, a number of solutions with spreaders may be used for both cables with lugs or bare cables.



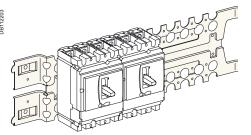


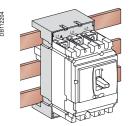


Mounting on a backplate.

Mounting on rails.

Mounting on DIN rail (with adapter).



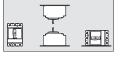


Mounting on a Prisma mounting plate.

Mounting on busbars with an adapter



Fixed Compact NSX250.



Installation positions.

Schreider

Plug-in Compact NSX250.



Installation positions.

Plug-in circuit breakers

The plug-in version makes it possible to:

- extract and/or rapidly replace the circuit breaker without having to touch the connections on the base
- allow for the addition of future circuits by installing bases that will be equipped with a circuit breaker at a later date
- isolate the power circuits when the device is mounted on or through a panel. It acts as a barrier for the connections of the plug-in base. Insulation is made complete by the mandatory short terminal shields on the device. The degrees of protection are:
- □ circuit breaker plugged in = IP4
- □ circuit breaker removed = IP2
- □ circuit breaker removed, base equipped with shutters = IP4.

Parts of a plug-in configuration

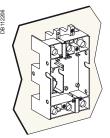
A plug-in configuration is made by adding a "plug-in kit" to a fixed device. To avoid connecting or disconnecting the power circuits under load conditions, a safety trip causes automatic tripping if the device is ON, before engaging or withdrawing it. The safety trip, supplied with the kit, must be installed on the device. If the device is disconnected, the safety trip does not operate. The device can be operated outside the switchboard.

Accessories

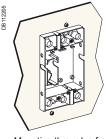
Optional insulation accessories are available.

- Terminal shields to protect against direct contact.
- Interphase barriers to reinforce insulation between phases and protect against direct contact.

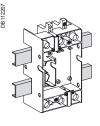
Mounting



Mounting on a backplate.



Mounting through a front panel.



Mounting on rails.



Withdrawable Compact NSX250.



Installation positions.







Disconnected.



Withdrawable circuit breakers

In addition to the advantages provided by the base, installation on a chassis facilitates handling. It offers three positions, with transfer from one to the other after mechanical unlocking:

- connected: the power circuits are connected
- disconnected: the power circuits are disconnected, the device can be operated to check auxiliary operation
- removed: the device is free and can be removed from the chassis.

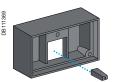
Parts of a withdrawable configuration

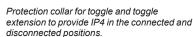
A withdrawable configuration requires two side plates installed on the base and two sides plates mounted on the circuit breaker. Similar to the plug-in version, a safety trip causes automatic tripping if the device is ON, before engaging or withdrawing it, and enables device operation in the disconnected position.

Accessories

Accessories are the same as for the base, with in addition:

- auxiliary contacts for installation on the fixed part, indicating the "connected" and "disconnected" positions
- locking by 1 to 3 padlocks (shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm), to:
- □ prevent insertion for connection
- □ lock the circuit breaker in connected or disconnected position
- toggle collar for circuit breakers with a toggle mounted through a front panel, intended to maintain the degree of protection whatever the position of the circuit breaker (supplied with a toggle extension)
- telescopic shaft for extended rotary handles. The door can then be closed with the device in the connected and disconnected positions.

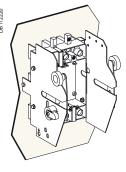




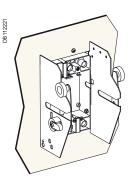


Telescopic shaft.

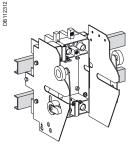
Mounting



Mounting on a backplate



Mounting through a front panel.

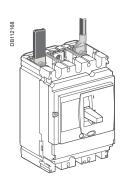


Mounting on rails.

Connection of fixed devices

Fixed circuit breakers are designed for standard front connection using bars or cables with lugs.

Cable connectors are available for bare cables. Rear connection is also possible.





Insulated bar.



Small lug for copper cables.



Small lug for Al cables.







Straight terminal extensions.

Right-angle terminal extensions.

45° terminal extensions.



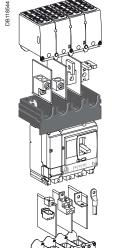




Edgewise terminal extensions.

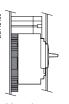
Double-L terminal extensions.

Spreaders.









Mounting behind the front panel with a raiser

Front connection

Bars or cables with lugs

Standard terminals

Compact NSX100 to 630 come with terminals comprising snap-in nuts with screws:

- Compact NSX100: M6 nuts and screws. Compact NSX160/250: M8 nuts and screws
- Compact NSX400/630: M10 nuts and screws.

These terminals may be used for:

- direct connection of insulated bars or cables with lugs
- terminal extensions offering a wide range of connection possibilities.

Interphase barriers or terminal shields are recommended. They are mandatory for certain connection accessories (in which case the interphase barriers are provided).

Bars

When the switchboard configuration has not been tested, insulated bars are mandatory.

Maximum size of bars

Compact NSX circui	t breaker	100/160/250	400/630
Without spreaders	pitch (mm)	35	45
	maximum bar size (mm)	20 x 2	32 x 6
With spreaders	pitch (mm)	45	52.5
	maximum bar size (mm)	32 x 2	40 x 6

Crimp lugs

There are two models, for aluminium and copper cables.

It is necessary to use narrow lugs, compatible with device connections. They must be used with interphase barriers or long terminal shields. The lugs are supplied with interphase barriers and may be used for the types of cables listed below.

Cable sizes for connection using lugs

Compact NSX circuit breaker		100/160/250 400/630
Copper cables	size (mm²)	120, 150, 185 240, 300
	crimping	hexagonal barrels or punching
Aluminium cables	size (mm²)	120, 150, 185 240, 300
	crimping	hexagonal barrels

Terminal extensions

Extensions with anti-rotation ribs can be attached to the standard terminals to provide numerous connection possibilities in little space:

- straight terminal extensions
- right-angle terminal extensions
- edgewise terminal extensions
- double-L extensions
- 45° extensions.

Spreaders

Spreaders may be used to increase the pitch:

- NSX100 to 250: the 35 mm pitch can be increased to 45 mm
- NSX400/630: the 45 mm pitch can be increased to 52 or 70 mm.

Bars, cable lugs or cable connectors can be attached to the ends.

One-piece spreader for NSX100 to 250

Connection of large cables may require an increase in the distance between the device terminals.

The one-piece spreader is the means to:

- increase the 35 mm pitch of the NSX100 to 250 circuit-breaker terminals to the 45 mm pitch of a NSX400/630 device
- use all the connection and insulation accessories available for the next largest frame size (lugs, connectors, spreaders, right-angle and edgewise terminal extensions, terminal shields and interphase barriers).

It may also be used for Interpact INS switch-disconnectors.

Equipped with a single-piece spreader, Compact NSX devices can be mounted:

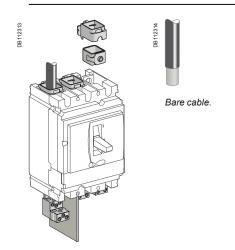
- at the back of a switchboard
- behind the front panel with a raiser.

The one-piece spreader is also the means to:

- align devices with different frame sizes in the switchboard
- use the same mounting plate, whatever the device.

Pitch (mm) depending on the type of spreader

Compact NSX circuit breaker	NSX100 to 250	NSX100 to 630
Without spreaders	35	45
With spreaders	45	52.5 or 70
With one-piece spreader	45	-









2-cable

connector for



1-cable connector for

NSX100 to 250 NSX400/630. NSX100 to 250



NSX400/630

Distribution connector for NSX100 to 250.

Polybloc 100/160 A and 250 A distribution blocks.

Bare cables

For bare cables (without lugs), the prefabricated bare-cable connectors may be used for both copper and aluminium cables.

1-cable connectors for Compact NSX100 to 250

The connectors snap directly on to the device terminals or are secured by clips to right-angle and straight terminal extensions as well as spreaders.

1-cable connectors for Compact NSX400 to 630

The connectors are screwed directly to the device terminals.

2-cable connectors for Compact NSX100 to 250 and 400/630

The connectors are screwed to device terminals or right-angle terminal extensions.

Distribution connectors for Compact NSX100 to 250

These connectors are screwed directly to device terminals. Interphase barriers are supplied with distribution connectors, but may be replaced by long terminal shields. Each connector can receive six cables with cross-sectional areas ranging from 1.5 to

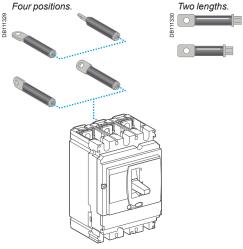
Polybloc distribution block for Compact NSX100 to 630

Polybloc connects directly to device terminals.

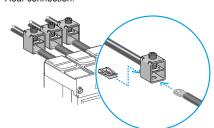
It is used to connect up to six or nine flexible or rigid cables with cross-sectional areas not exceeding 10 mm² or 16 mm², to each pole. Connection is made to spring terminals without screws.

Maximum size of cables depending on the type of connector

Compact NSX circuit breaker		100/160	250	400	630
Steel connectors	1.5 to 95 mm ²				
Aluminium connectors	25 to 95 mm ²				
	120 to 185 mm ²		•		
	2 cables 50 to 120 mm ²			-	
	2 cables 35 to 240 mm ²				•
	35 to 300 mm ²			•	•
Distribution connectors	6 cables 35 mm ²				
Polybloc distribution blocks	6 or 9 cables 10/16 mm ²				



Rear connection.



Connection of bare cables to NSX100 to 250.

Rear connection

Device mounting on a backplate with suitable holes enables rear connection.

Bars or cables with lugs

Rear connections for bars or cables with lugs are available in two lengths. Bars may be positioned flat, on edge or at 45° angles depending on how the rear connections are positioned.

The rear connections are simply fitted to the device connection terminals. All combinations of rear connection lengths and positions are possible on a given device.

Bare cables

For the connection of bare cables, the 1-cable connectors for Compact NSX100 to 250 may be secured to the rear connections using clips.

Connection of withdrawable and plug-in devices

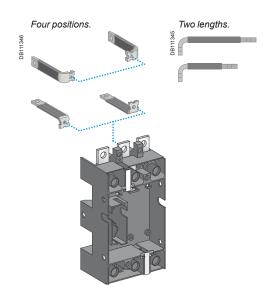
Connection is identical for both withdrawable and plugin versions. The same accessories as for fixed devices may be used.

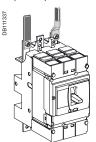
Bars or cables with lugs

The plug-in base is equipped with terminals which, depending on their orientation, serve for front and rear connection.

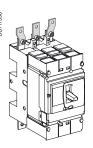
For rear connection of a base mounted on a backplate, the terminals must be replaced by insulated, long right-angle terminal extensions.

For Compact NSX630 devices, connection most often requires the 52.5 or 70 mm pitch spreaders.

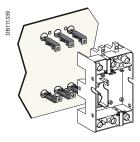




Front connection.



Front connection with spreaders.



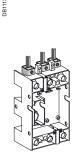
Rear connection of a base mounted on a backplate.

Connection accessories

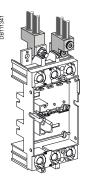
All accessories for fixed devices (bars, lugs, terminal extensions and spreaders) may be used with the plug-in base (see pages A-70, A-71).

Bare cables

All terminals may be equipped with bare-cable connectors. See the "Connection of fixed devices" section.



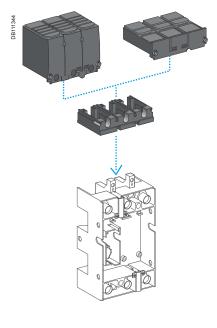
With a 100 to 250 A base.

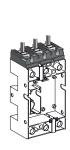


With a 400/630 A base.

Adapter for plug-in base

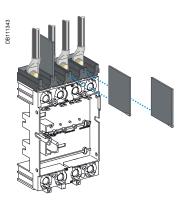
The adapter is a plastic component for the 100 to 250 base and the 400/630 base that enables use of all the connection accessories of the fixed device. It is required for interphase barriers and the long and short terminal shields.





DB111342

Adapter for 100 to 250 A - 3P base.
Connection with bars or cables with lugs.



Adapter for 400/630 A - 4P base. Connection with spreaders and interphase barriers.

Insulation of live parts

Terminal shields are identical for fixed and plug-in/withdrawable versions and cover all applications up to 1000 V.

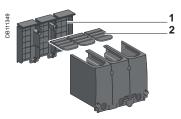
They exist for the 100 to 250 A and 400/630 A ratings, in long and short versions.





Long terminal shields.

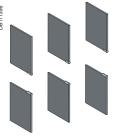
Short terminal shields.



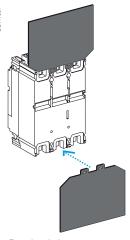
- 1 Partially cut removable squares.
- 2 Grids with break marks.



Assembled with captive screws.



Interphase barriers.



Rear insulating screens.

Terminal shields

Insulating accessories used for protection against direct contact with power circuits. They provide IP40 degree of protection and IK07 mechanical impact protection.

Terminal-shield types

Compact NSX100 to 250 and NSX400/630 3P or 4P can be equipped with:

- short terminal shields
- long terminal shields.

All terminal shields have holes or knock-outs in front for voltage-presence indicators.

Short terminal shields

They are used with:

- plug-in and withdrawable versions in all connection configurations
- fixed versions with rear connection.

Long terminal shields

They are used for front connection with cables or insulated bars.

They comprise two parts assembled with captive screws, forming an IP40 cover.

- The top part is equipped with sliding grids with break marks for precise adaptation to cables or insulated bars.
- The rear part completely blocks off the connection zone. Partially cut squares can be removed to adapt to all types of connection for cables with lugs or copper bars. Long terminal shields may be mounted upstream and downstream of:
- fixed devices
- the base of plug-in and withdrawable versions, thus completing the insulation provided by the mandatory short terminal shields on the device
- the one-piece spreader for NSX100 to 250
- the 52.5 mm spreaders for NSX400/630.

Terminal shields and pitch

Combination possibilities are shown below.

Circuit breaker	NSX100/160/250 NSX400/630			
Short terminal shields				
Pitch (mm)	35	45		
Long terminal shields				
Pitch (mm)	35	45	52.5	

Interphase barriers

Safety accessories for maximum insulation at the power-connection points:

- they clip easily onto the circuit breaker
- single version for fixed devices and adapters on plug-in bases
- not compatible with terminal shields
- the adapter for the plug-in base is required for mounting on plug-in and withdrawable versions.

Rear insulating screens

Safety accessories providing insulation at the rear of the device.

Their use is mandatory for devices with spreaders, installed on backplates, when terminal shields are not used.

The available screen dimensions are shown below.

Circu	it breaker	NSX100/160/250	NSX400/630
3P	W x H x thickness (mm)	140 x 105 x 1	203 x 175 x 1.5
4P	W x H x thickness (mm)	175 x 105 x 1	275 x 175 x 1.5

Selection of auxiliaries for Compact NSX100/160/250

Standard

All Compact NSX100/160/250 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors have slots for the electrical auxiliaries listed below.

5 indication contacts (see page A-80)

- 2 ON/OFF (OF1 and OF2)
- 1 trip indication (SD)
- 1 fault-trip indication (SDE)
- 1 earth-fault indication (SDV), when the device is equipped with a Vigi module.

1 remote-tripping release (see page A-83)

- either 1 MN undervoltage release
- or 1 MX shunt release.

Remote indications

Circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic trip units may be equipped with a fault-trip indication to identify the type of fault by installing:

1 indication module with two outputs (see page A-81)

- either an SDx module with Micrologic 2.2 / 5.2 A or E / 6.2 A or E
- or an SDTAM module with Micrologic 2.2 M or 6-2 E-M (motor protection).

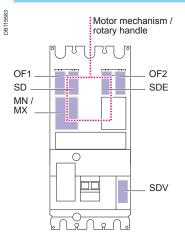
This module occupies the slots of one OF contact and an MN/MX release.

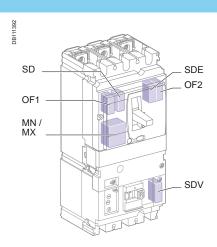
All these auxiliaries may be installed with a motor mechanism or a rotary handle.

The following table indicates auxiliary possibilities depending on the type of trip unit.

NA, TMD, TMG, MA

Standard





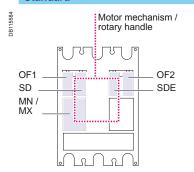
Micrologic 2/5/6

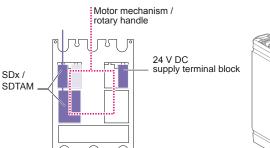
Standard

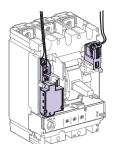
Remote indications via SDx or SDTAM

DB115585

or







The SDx or SDTAM uses the OF1 and MN/MX slots. External connection is made via a terminal block in the OF1 slot. The 24 V DC supply provides for the Micrologic 5 / 6 display when the device is OFF or under low-load conditions

Communication

Communication requires specific auxiliaries (see page A-26).

Communication of status indications

- 1 BSCM module.
- 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the BSCM.

Communication of status conditions is compatible with a standard motor mechanism and a rotary handle.

Communication of status indications and controls

This requires, in addition to the previous auxiliaries:

■ 1 communicating motor mechanism connected to the BSCM.

Communication of measurements

Available on Micrologic 5 / 6, the system consists of:

■ 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the Micrologic.

Communication of measurements is compatible with a standard or communicating motor mechanism and a rotary handle.

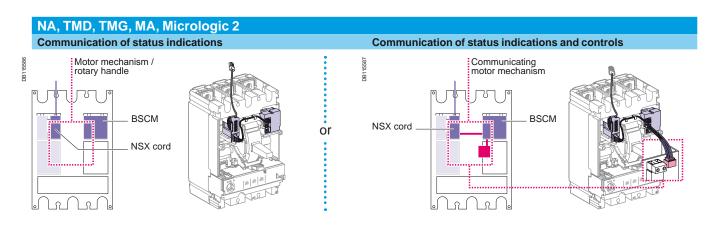
Communication of status indications, controls and measurements

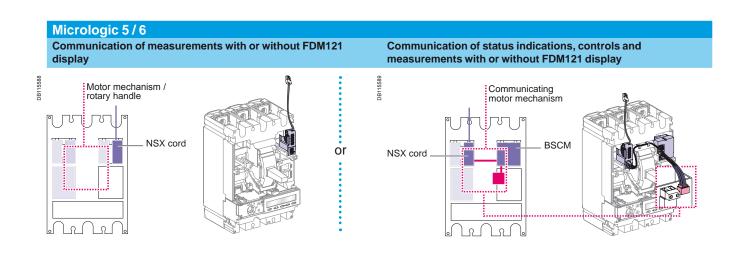
Available on Micrologic 5 / 6, the system consists of:

- 1 BSCM module
- 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the BSCM and the Micrologic
- 1 communicating motor mechanism connected to the BSCM.

Installation of SDx or SDTAM is compatible with communication.

The following table indicates auxiliary possibilities depending on the type of trip unit.





Selection of auxiliaries for Compact NSX400/630

Standard

All Compact NSX400/630 circuit breakers and switch-disconnectors have slots for the electrical auxiliaries listed below.

7 indication contacts (see page A-80)

- 4 ON/OFF (OF1, OF2, OF3, OF4)
- 1 trip indication (SD)
- 1 fault-trip indication (SDE)
- 1 earth-fault indication (SDV), when the device is equipped with a Vigi module.

1 remote-tripping release (see page A-83)

- either 1 MN undervoltage release
- or 1 MX shunt release.

Remote indications

Circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic trip units may be equipped with a fault-trip indication to identify the type of fault by installing:

1 indication module with two outputs (see page A-81)

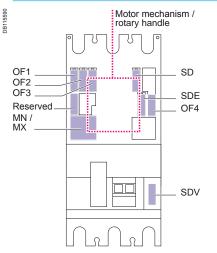
- either an SDx module with Micrologic 2.2 / 5.2 A or E / 6.2 A or E
- or an SDTAM module with Micrologic 2.2 M or 6-2 E-M (motor protection). This module occupies the slots of an MN/MX release.

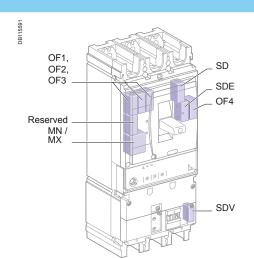
All these auxiliaries may be installed with a motor mechanism or a rotary

The following table indicates auxiliary possibilities depending on the type of trip unit.

NA, Micrologic 1.3 M

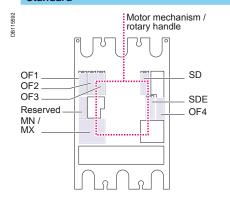
Standard



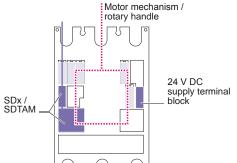


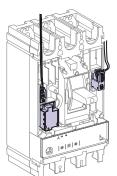
Micrologic 2/5/6

Standard



or





The SDx or SDTAM uses the reserved slot and the MN/MX slots. External connection is made via a terminal block in the reserved slot. The 24 V DC supply provides for the Micrologic 5 / 6 display when the device is OFF or under low-load conditions.

Communication

Communication requires specific auxiliaries (see page A-26).

Communication of status indications

- 1 BSCM module
- 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the BSCM.

Communication of status conditions is compatible with a standard motor mechanism and a rotary handle.

Communication of status indications and controls

This requires, in addition to the previous auxiliaries:

■ 1 communicating motor mechanism connected to the BSCM.

Communication of measurements

Available on Micrologic 5 / 6, the system consists of:

■ 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the Micrologic.

Communication of measurements is compatible with a standard or communicating motor mechanism and a rotary handle.

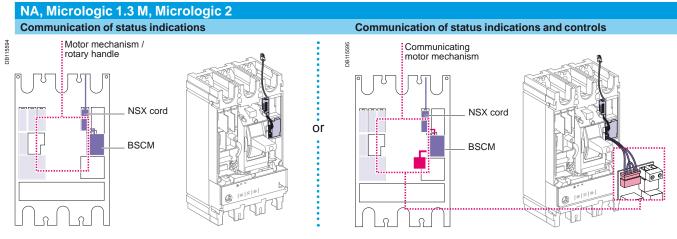
Communication of status indications, controls and measurements

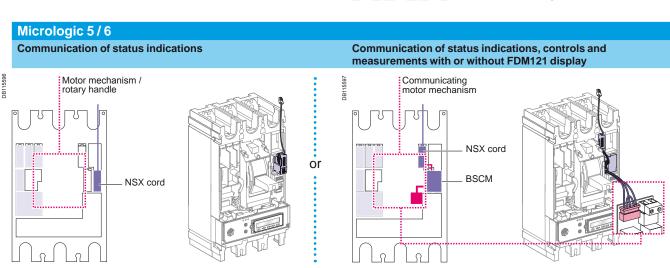
Available on Micrologic 5 / 6, the system consists of:

- 1 BSCM module
- 1 NSX cord (internal terminal block) for both communication and 24 V DC supply to the BSCM and the Micrologic
- 1 communicating motor mechanism connected to the BSCM.

Installation of SDx or SDTAM is compatible with communication.

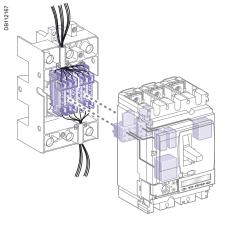
The following table indicates auxiliary possibilities depending on the type of trip unit.





Connection of electrical auxiliaries

Fixed Compact NSX.



Plug-in/withdrawable Compact NSX.

Fixed Compact NSX

Auxiliary circuits exit the device through a knock-out in the front cover.

Withdrawable or plug-in Compact NSX

Automatic auxiliary connectors

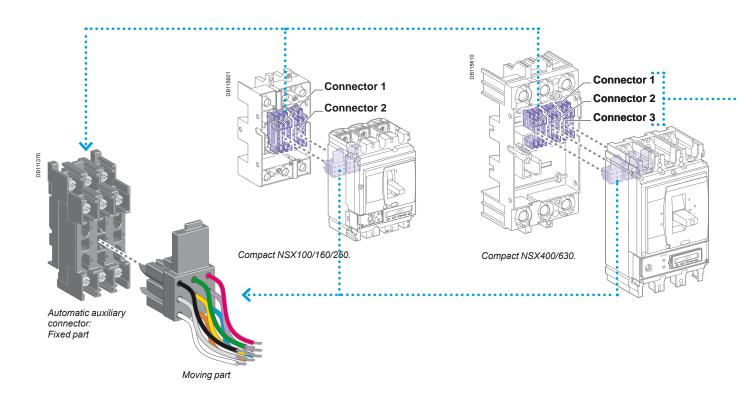
Auxiliary circuits exit the circuit breaker via one to three automatic auxiliary connectors (nine wires each). These are made up of:

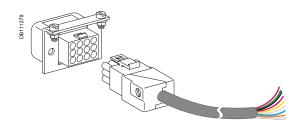
- a moving part, connected to the circuit breaker via a support (one support per circuit breaker)
- a fixed part, mounted on the plug-in base, equipped with connectors for bare cables up to 2.5 mm².

Micrologic trip unit options are also wired via the automatic auxiliary connectors.

Selection of automatic auxiliary connectors

Depending on the functions installed, one to three automatic auxiliary connectors are required.





Withdrawable Compact NSX

Manual auxiliary connectors

As an option to the automatic auxiliary connectors, withdrawable circuit breakers may be equipped with one to three plugs with nine wires each. In "disconnected" position, the auxiliaries remain connected. They can then be tested by operating the device.



Connector 1 Connector 2

Compact NSX100/160/250.

Connector 2 Connector 3

Connector 1

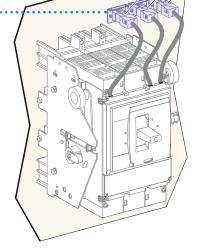
Each auxiliary is equipped with a terminal block with numbered terminals for connection of wires up to:

- 1.5 mm² for auxiliary contacts and voltage releases
- 2.5 mm² for the motor-mechanism module.

	Circuit breaker	Connecto	r 1	Connector 2	Connector 3
>		OF1 MN/MX ^{or} SD	SDx/ SDTAM	OF2/SDV / ZSI out (1) SDE NSX cord MT MTc 24 V DC	OF3 OF4 ZSI in ZSI out
	NSX100/160/250	•		•	-
	NSX400/630	•		•	•
	(4) O-1. f NOV400 t- (250			

(1) Only for NSX100 to 250. MT: motor mechanism.

MTc: communicating motor mechanism.



Compact NSX400/630.

Functions and characteristics

Accessories and auxiliaries Indication contacts

One contact model provides circuit-breaker status indications (OF - SD - SDE - SDV).

An early-make or early-break contact, in conjunction with a rotary handle, can be used to anticipate device opening or closing.

A CE / CD contact indicates that the chassis is connected / disconnected.



Indication contacts.



CE/CD carriage switches.

These common-point changeover contacts provide remote circuit-breaker status information.

They can be used for indications, electrical locking, relaying, etc.

They comply with the IEC 60947-5 international recommendation.

Functions

Breaker-status indications, during normal operation or after a fault

A single type of contact provides all the different indication functions:

- OF (ON/OFF) indicates the position of the circuit breaker contacts
- SD (trip indication) indicates that the circuit breaker has tripped due to:
- □ an overload
- □ a short-circuit
- □ an earth fault (Vigi) or a ground fault (Micrologic 6)
- □ operation of a voltage release
- □ operation of the "push to trip" button
- ☐ disconnection when the device is ON.

The SD contact returns to de-energised state when the circuit breaker is reset.

- SDE (fault-trip indication) indicates that the circuit breaker has tripped due to:
- □ an overload
- □ a short-circuit
- □ an earth fault (Vigi) or a ground fault (Micrologic 6).

The SD contact returns to de-energised state when the circuit breaker is reset.

■ SDV indicates that the circuit breaker has tripped due to an earth fault. It returns to de-energised state when the Vigi module is reset.

All the above auxiliary contacts are also available in "low-level" versions capable of switching very low loads (e.g. for the control of PLCs or electronic circuits).

Rotary-handle position contact for early-make or early-break functions

■ CAM (early-make or early-break function) contacts indicate the position of the rotary handle.

They are used in particular for advanced opening of safety trip devices (early break) or to energise a control device prior to circuit-breaker closing (early make).

Chassis-position contacts

■ CE/CD (connected/disconnected) contacts are microswitch-type carriage switches for withdrawable circuit breakers.

Installation

■ OF, SD, SDE and SDV functions: a single type of contact provides all these different indication functions, depending on where it is inserted in the device. The contacts clip into slots behind the front cover of the circuit breaker (or the Vigi module for the SDV function).

The SDE function on a Compact NSX100 - 250 A equipped with a magnetic, thermal-magnetic or Micrologic 2 trip unit requires the SDE actuator.

- CAM function: the contact fits into the rotary-handle unit (direct or extended).
- CE/CD function: the contacts clip into the fixed part of the chassis.

Electrical characteristics of auxiliary contacts

Contacts	Contacts			Standard			Low level			
Types of contacts			All			OF, SD, SDE, SDV				
Rated thermal current (A)			6				5			
Minimum load			100 m	A at 24 \	/ DC		1 mA a	t 4 V D0	0	
Utilisation cat. (IEC 60947-5-1)			AC12	AC15	DC12	DC14	AC12	AC15	DC12	DC14
Operational	24 V	AC/DC	6	6	6	1	5	3	5	1
current (A)	48 V	AC/DC	6	6	2.5	0.2	5	3	2.5	0.2
	110 V	AC/DC	6	5	0.6	0.05	5	2.5	0.6	0.05
	220/240 V	AC	6	4	-	-	5	2	-	-
	250 V	DC	-	-	0.3	0.03	5	-	0.3	0.03
	380/440 V	AC	6	2	-	-	5	1.5	-	-
	480 V	AC	6	1.5	-	-	5	1	-	-
	660/690 V	AC	6	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

SDx and SDTAM modules for Micrologic

SDx and SDTAM are relay modules with two static outputs. They send different signals depending on the type of fault. They may not be used together.



SDx relay module with its terminal block.



SDTAM relay module with its terminal block.

SDx module

The SDx module remotes the trip or alarm conditions of Compact NSX circuit breakers equipped with electronic protection.

The SD2 output, available on all Micrologic trip units, corresponds to the overloadtrip indication.

The SD4 output, available on Micrologic 5 / 6, is assigned to:

- overload pre-alarm (Micrologic 5)
- ground-fault trip indication (Micrologic 6).

These two outputs automatically reset when the device is closed (turned ON). For Micrologic 5 / 6, the SD2 and SD4 outputs can be reprogrammed to be assigned to other types of tripping or alarm.

Output characteristics

It is possible to assign a function:

- latching with a time delay. Return to the initial state occurs at the end of the time delay
- permanent latching. In this case, return to the initial state takes place via the communication function.

Static outputs: 24 to 415 V AC / V DC; 80 mA max.

SDTAM module

The SDTAM module is specifically for the motor-protection Micrologic trip units $2.2\,\mathrm{M}$, $2.3\,\mathrm{M}$ and $6.2\,\mathrm{E}\text{-M}$, $6.3\,\mathrm{E}\text{-M}$.

The SDTAM module, linked to the contactor controller, opens the contactor when an overload or other motor fault occurs, thus avoiding opening of the circuit breaker.

Micrologic 2 M

The SD4 output opens the contactor 400 ms before normal circuit-breaker opening in the following cases:

- overload (long-time protection for the trip class)
- phase unbalance or phase loss.

The SD2 output serves to memorise contactor opening by SDTAM.

Micrologic 6 E-M

The SD4 output opens the contactor 400 ms before normal circuit-breaker opening in the following cases:

- overload (long-time protection for the trip class)
- phase unbalance or phase loss
- locked rotor
- underload (undercurrent protection)
- long start.

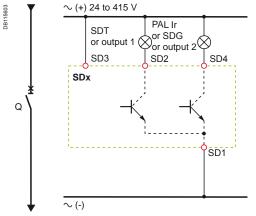
The SD2 output serves to memorise contactor opening by SDTAM.

Output characteristics

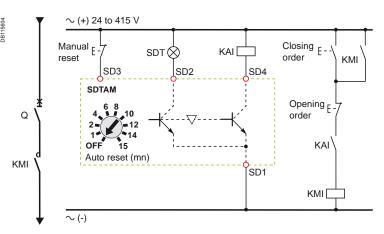
Output reset can be:

- manual by a pushbutton included in the wiring diagram
- automatic after an adjustable time delay (1 to 15 minutes) to take into account the motor-cooling time.

Static outputs: 24 to 415 V AC / V DC; 80 mA max.



SDx wiring diagram.

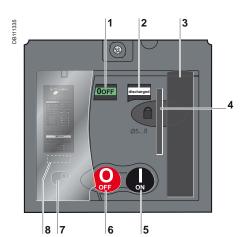


SDTAM wiring diagram with contactor control.

Motor mechanism



Compact NSX250 with motor mechanism.



- 1 Position indicator
- (positive contact indication)
- 2 Spring status indicator (charged, discharged)
- 3 Manual spring-charging lever
- 4 Keylock device (optional) Locking device (OFF position), using 1 to 3 padlocks, shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm, not supplied
- 5 I (ON) pushbutton
- 6 O (OFF) pushbutton
- 7 Manual/auto mode selection switch. The position of this switch can be indicated remotely.
- 8 Operation counter (Compact NSX400/630)

When equipped with a **motor-mechanism** module, Compact NSX circuit breakers feature very high mechanical endurance as well as easy and sure operation:

- all circuit-breaker indications and information remain visible and accessible, including trip-unit settings and indications
- suitability for isolation is maintained and padlocking remains possible
- double insulation of the front face.

A specific motor mechanism is required for operation via the communication function. This **communicating motor mechanism** must be connected to the BSCM module to receive the opening and closing orders. Operation is identical to that of a standard motor mechanism.

Applications

- Local motor-driven operation, centralised operation, automatic distribution control.
- Normal/standby source changeover or switching to a replacement source to ensure availability or optimise energy costs.
- Load shedding and reconnection.
- Synchrocoupling.

Operation

The type of operation is selected using the manual/auto mode selection switch (7). A transparent, lead-seal cover controls access to the switch.

Automatic

When the switch is in the "auto" position, the ON/OFF (I/O) buttons and the charging lever on the mechanism are locked.

- Circuit-breaker ON and OFF controlled by two impulse-type or maintained signals.
- Automatic spring charging following voluntary tripping (by MN or MX), with standard wiring.
- Mandatory manual reset following tripping due to an electrical fault.

Manual

When the switch is in the "manual" position, the ON/OFF (I/O) buttons may be used. A microswitch linked to the manual position can remote the information.

- Circuit-breaker ON and OFF controlled by 2 pushbuttons I/O.
- Recharging of stored-energy system by pumping the lever 8 times.
- Padlocking in OFF position.

Installation and connections

All installation (fixed, plug-in/withdrawable) and connection possibilities are maintained.

Motor-mechanism module connections are made behind its front cover to integrated terminals, for cables up to $2.5\,\mathrm{mm}^2$.

Optional accessories

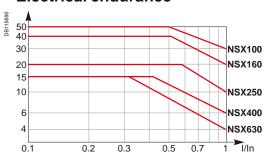
- Keylock for locking in OFF position.
- Operations counter for the Compact NSX400/630, indicating the number of ON/ OFF cycles. Must be installed on the front of the motor-mechanism module.

Characteristics

Motor mechanism			MT100 to MT630
Response time (ms)	opening		< 600
	closing		< 80
Operating frequency	cycles/minu	te max.	4
Control voltage (V)	DC		24/30 - 48/60 - 110/130 - 250
	AC 50/60 Hz	<u>z</u>	48 (50 Hz) - 110/130 -
			220/240 - 380/440
Consumption (1)	DC (W)	opening	≤ 500
		closing	≤ 500
	AC (VA)	opening	≤ 500
		closing	≤ 500

(1) For NSX100 to NSX250, the inrush current is 2 In for 10 ms.

Electrical endurance

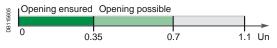


Circuit breaker + motormechanism module, in thousands of operations (IEC 60947 2), at 440 V.

Remote tripping

044313

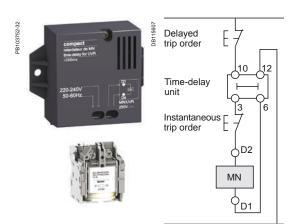
MX or MN voltage release.



Opening conditions of the MN release.

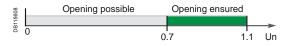


Closing conditions of the MN release.



MN release with a time-delay

Wiring diagram for emergency-off function with MN + time-delay unit.



Opening conditions of the MX release.

MX or MN voltage releases are used to trip the circuit breaker. They serve primarily for remote, emergency-off commands.

It is advised to test the system every six months.

MN undervoltage release

The MN release opens the circuit breaker when its supply voltage drops to a value below 35% of its rated voltage Un.

Undervoltage tripping, combined with an emergency-off button, provides fail-safe tripping. The MN release is continuously supplied, i.e. if supply is interrupted:

- either voluntarily, by the emergency-off button,
- or accidentally, through loss of power or faulty wiring, the release provokes opening of the circuit breaker.

Opening conditions

Circuit-breaker tripping by an MN release meets the requirements of standard IEC 60947-2.

- Automatic opening of the circuit breaker is ensured when the continuous voltage supply to the release $U \le 0.35 \times Un$.
- If the supply voltage is between 0.35 and 0.7 Un, opening is possible, but not guaranteed. Above 0.7 Un, opening does not take place.

Closing conditions

If there is no supply to the MN release, it is impossible to close the circuit breaker, either manually or electrically. Closing is ensured when the voltage supply to the release $U \ge 0.85 \times Un$. Below this threshold, closing is not guaranteed.

Characteristics

Power supply	V AC	50/60 Hz: 24 - 48 - 100/130 - 200/240		
		50 Hz: 380/415 60 Hz: 208/277		
	V DC	12 - 24 - 30 - 48 - 60 - 125 -250		
Operating threshold	Opening	0.35 to 0.7 Un		
	Closing	0.85 Un		
Operating range		0.85 to 1.1 Un		
Consumption (VA or W)		Pick-up: 30 - Hold: 5		
Response time (ms)		50		

Time-delay unit for an MN release

A time delay unit for the MN release eliminates the risk of nuisance tripping due to a transient voltage dip lasting \leq 200 ms. For shorter micro-outages, a system of capacitors provides temporary supply to the MN at U > 0.7 to ensure non tripping. The correspondence between MN releases and time-delay units is shown below.

Power supply	Corresponding MN release
Unit with fixed delay 200 ms	
48 V AC	48 V DC
220 / 240 V AC	250 V DC
Unit with adjustable delay ≤ 200 ms	
48 - 60 V AC/DC	48 V DC
100 - 130 V AC/DC	125 V DC
220 - 250 V AC/DC	250 V DC

MX shunt release

The MX release opens the circuit breaker via an impulse-type (≥ 20 ms) or maintained order.

Opening conditions

When the MX release is supplied, it automatically opens the circuit breaker. Opening is ensured for a voltage U \ge 0.7 x Un.

Characteristics

Power supply	VAC	50/60 Hz: 24 - 48 - 100/130 - 200/240 50 Hz: 380/415 60 Hz: 208/277
	V DC	12 - 24 - 30 - 48 - 60 - 125 -250
Operating range		0.7 to 1.1 Un
Consumption (VA or W)		Pick-up: 30
Response time (ms)		50

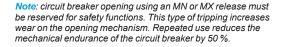
Circuit breaker control by MN or MX

When the circuit breaker has been tripped by an MN or MX release, it must be reset before it can be reclosed.

MN or MX tripping takes priority over manual closing.

In the presence of a standing trip order, closing of the contacts, even temporary, is not possible.

Connection using wires up to 1.5 mm² to integrated terminal blocks.



Functions and characteristics

Accessories and auxiliaries Rotary handles

There are two types of rotary handle:

- direct rotary handle
- extended rotary handle.

There are two models:

- standard with a black handle
- red handle and yellow front for machine-tool control.



Compact NSX with a rotary handle.



Compact NSX with an MCC rotary handle.



Compact NSX with a CNOMO machine-tool rotary handle.



Compact NSX with an extended rotary handle installed at the back of a switchboard, with the keylock option and key.

Direct rotary handle

Standard handle

Degree of protection IP40, IK07.

The direct rotary handle maintains:

- visibility of and access to trip-unit settings
- suitability for isolation
- indication of the three positions O (OFF), I (ON) and tripped
- access to the "push to trip" button.

Device locking

The rotary handle facilitates circuit-breaker locking.

- Padlocking:
- □ standard situation, in the OFF position, using 1 to 3 padlocks, shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm, not supplied

□ with a simple modification, in the ON and OFF positions. Locking in the ON position does not prevent free circuit-breaker tripping if a fault occurs. In this case, the handle remains the ON position after the circuit breaker tripping. Unlocking is required to go to the tripped then the OFF position.

■ Keylock (and padlock)

It is possible to install a Ronis or Profalux keylock (optional) on the base of the handle to obtain the same functions as with a padlock.

Early-make or early-break contacts (optional)

Early-make and/or early-break contacts may be used with the rotary handle. It is thus possible to:

- supply an MN undervoltage release before the circuit breaker closes
- open the contactor control circuit before the circuit breaker opens.

MCC switchboard control

Control of an MCC switchboard is achieved by adding a kit to the standard handle. In addition to the standard functions, the kit offers the characteristics listed below.

Higher degree of protection IP

Degree of protection IP43, IK07.

The IP is increased by a built-in gasket.

Door locking depending on device position

- The door cannot be opened if the circuit breaker is ON or in the tripped position. For exceptional situations, door locking can be temporarily disabled with a tool to open the door when the circuit breaker is closed. This operation is not possible if the handle is locked by a padlock.
- Circuit-breaker closing is disabled if the door is open. This function can be deactivated.

Machine-tool control in compliance with CNOMO

Control of a machine-tool is achieved by adding a kit to the standard handle. In addition to the standard functions, the kit offers the characteristics listed below.

Enhanced waterproofness and mechanical protection

- Degree of protection IP54, IK08.
- Compliance with CNOMO E03.81.501N.

Extended rotary handle

Degree of protection IP56, IK08.

The extended rotary handle makes it possible to operate circuit breakers installed at the back of switchboards, from the switchboard front.

It maintains:

- visibility of and access to trip-unit settings
- suitability for isolation
- indication of the three positions O (OFF), I (ON) and tripped.

Mechanical door locking when device closed

A standard feature of the extended rotary handle is a locking function, built into the shaft, that disables door opening when the circuit breaker is in the ON or tripped positions.

Door locking can be temporarily disabled with a tool to open the door without opening the circuit breaker. This operation is not possible if the handle is locked by a padlock.

Voluntary disabling of mechanical door locking

A modification to the handle, that can be carried out on site, completely disables door locking, including when a padlock is installed on the handle. The modification is reversible.

When a number of extended rotary handles are installed on a door, this disabling function is the means to ensure door locking by a single device.



Extended rotary handle (cont.)

Device and door padlocking

Padlocking locks the circuit-breaker handle and disables door opening:

- standard situation, in the OFF position, using 1 to 3 padlocks, shackle diameter 5 to 8 mm, not supplied
- with a simple modification, in the ON and OFF positions. Locking in the ON position does not prevent free circuit-breaker tripping if a fault occurs. In this case, the handle remains in the ON position after the circuit breaker tripping. Unlocking is required to go to the tripped then the OFF position. If the door controls were modified to voluntarily disable door locking, padlocking does not lock the door, but does disable handle operation of the device.

Device locking using a keylock inside the switchboard

It is possible to install a Ronis or Profalux keylock (optional) on the base of the rotary handle to lock the device in the OFF position or in either the ON or OFF positions.

Accessory for device operation with the door open

When the device is equipped with an extended rotary handle, a control accessory mounted on the shaft makes it possible to operate the device with the door open.

- The device can be padlocked in the OFF position.
- The accessory complies with UL508.

Early-make or early-break contacts (optional)

The extended rotary handle offers the same possibilities with early-make and/or early-break contacts as the standard rotary handle.

Parts of the extended rotary handles

- A unit that replaces the front cover of the circuit breaker (secured by screws).
- An assembly (handle and front plate) on the door that is always secured in the same position, whether the circuit breaker is installed vertically or horizontally.
- An extension shaft that must be adjusted to the distance. The min/max distance between the back of circuit breaker and door is:
- $\hfill\Box$ 185...600 mm for Compact NSX100 to 250
- □ 209...600 mm for Compact NS400/630.

For withdrawable devices, the extended rotary handle is also available with a telescopic shaft to compensate for device disconnection. In this case, the min/max

- ☐ 248...600 mm for Compact NSX100 to 250
- □ 272...600 mm for Compact NS400/630.

Manual source-changeover systems

An additional accessory interlocks two devices with rotary handles to create a source-changeover system. Closing of one device is possible only if the second is

This function is compatible with direct or extended rotary handles. Up to three padlocks can be used to lock in the OFF or ON position.



Additional measurement and indication modules



Voltage-presence indicator.



Compact NSX with current-transformer module.

Voltage-presence indicator

The indicator detects and indicates that circuit breaker terminals are supplied with power.

Installation

- Mounted in the long or short terminal shields, via the knockouts.
- May be positioned upstream or downstream of the circuit breaker.
- Degree of protection IP40, IK04.
- Not compatible with the motor-mechanism module.

Electrical characteristics

Operates on all networks with voltages ranging from 220 to 550 V AC.

Current-transformer module

This module enables direct connection of a measurement device such as an ammeter or a power meter.

Installation

- The module is installed directly on the downstream circuit-breaker terminals.
- Degree of protection IP40, IK04.
- Class II insulation between front and the power circuits.
- Connection to 6 integrated connectors for cables up to 2.5 mm².

Electrical characteristics

- Current transformer with 5 A secondary winding.
- Class 3 for the following output-power consumptions:

Accuracy:

☐ 100 A rating: 1.6 VA □ 150 A rating: 3 VA □ 250 A rating: 5 VA

□ 400/600 A rating: 8 VA.

Current-transformer module with voltage measurement outputs

This module enables direct connection of a digital measurement device such as a Power Meter PM700, PM800, etc. (not supplied).

Installation

- The module is installed directly on the downstream circuit-breaker terminals.
- Degree of protection IP40, IK04.
- Class II insulation between front and the power circuits.
- Built-in connectors for cables from 1.5 to 2.5 mm².

Electrical characteristics

- Rated operational voltage Ue: 530 V
- Frequencies of measured values: 50...60 Hz
- Three CTs with 5 A secondary windings for the rated primary current In:
- □ class 0.5 to 1 for rated power consumption values at the output:
- 125 A, 150 A and 250 A ratings: class 1 for 1.1 VA
- 400/600 A rating: class 0.5 for 2 VA
- □ Connection using a 2.5 mm2 cable up to 2.5 m long.
- Four voltage measurement outputs including protection with automatic reset.
- \square voltage measurement output impedance 3500 Ω ±25 %, maximum current 1 mA
- ☐ The voltage measurement outputs are intended only for measurements (1 mA max.) and may not be used to supply the display.

Ammeter and Imax ammeter modules

Ammeter module

Measures and displays (dial-type ammeter) the current of each phase (selection of phases by 3-position switch in front).

Imax ammeter module

Measures and displays (dial-type ammeter) the maximum current flowing in the middle phase. The Imax value can be reset on the front.

Installation

- Identical for both types of ammeter module.
- The module is installed directly on the downstream circuit-breaker terminals.
- The ammeter clips into the module in any of four 90° positions, i.e. it can be installed of devices mounted both vertically and horizontally.
- Degree of protection IP40, IK04.
- Class II insulation between front and the power circuits.

Electrical characteristics

- Ammeter module: accuracy class 4.5
- Imax ammeter module: accuracy ±6 %
- Maximum currents are displayed only if they last ≥ 15 minutes.



Compact NSX with ammeter module

Insulation monitoring module.

Insulation monitoring moduleThis module detects and indicates an insulation drop on a load circuit (TN-S or TT systems).

Operation is identical to that of a Vigi module, but without circuit-breaker tripping. Indication by a red LED in front.

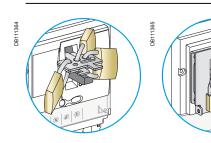
An auxiliary contact may be installed for remote insulation-drop indications. When insulation drops below a minimum, user-set threshold, the LED goes on and the auxiliary contact switches. The fault indication cannot be cancelled except by pressing the manual reset button.

Installation

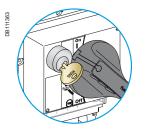
- The module is installed directly on the downstream circuit-breaker terminals.
- Degree of protection IP40, IK04.
- Double insulation of the front face.

Electrical characteristics

- Settings: 100 200 500 1000 mA
- Accuracy: -50 +0 %
- Time delay following insulation drop: 5 to 10 seconds
- AC-system voltage: 200 to 440 V AC.



Toggle locking using padlocks and an accessory: Removable device Fixed device attached to the

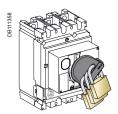


Rotary-handle locking using a keylock.

Locking in the OFF position guarantees isolation as per IEC 60947-2. Padlocking systems can receive up to three padlocks with shackle diameters ranging from 5 to 8 mm (padlocks not supplied). Certain locking systems require an additional

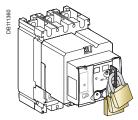
Control device		Function Means		Required accessories	
Toggle		Lock in OFF position	Padlock	Removable device	
		Lock in OFF or ON position	Padlock	Fixed device	
Direct rotary Standard		Lock in	Padlock	-	
handle		■ OFF position ■ OFF or ON position (1)	Keylock	Locking device + keylock	
	MCC	Lock in ■ OFF position ■ OFF or ON position (1)	Padlock	-	
CNOMO		Lock in Padlock - OFF position OFF or ON position (1)		-	
Extended rotary handle		Lock in OFF position OFF or ON position (1) with door opening prevented (2)	Padlock	-	
		Lock in OFF position	Padlock	UL508 control accessory	
		■ OFF or ON position (1) inside the switchboard	Keylock	Locking device + keylock	
Motor mechanism		Lock in OFF position	Padlock	-	
		remote operation disabled	Keylock	Locking device + keylock	
Withdrawable circuit breaker		Lock in	Padlock	-	
		■ disconnected position	Keylock	Locking device + keylock	
		■ connected position	Keylock	Locking device + keylock	

- (1) Following a simple modification of the mechanism.(2) Unless door locking has been voluntarily disabled.

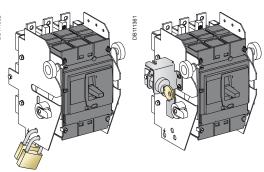




Rotary-handle locking using a padlock or a keylock.

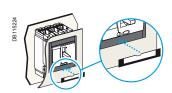


Motor-mechanism locking using a padlock or a keylock.



Chassis locking in the connected position.

Sealing accessories



Identification accessories.



Sealing accessories.

Outgoing-circuit identification
Compact NSX100 to 630 can be equipped with label holders supplied in sets of ten (cat. no. LV429226).

They are compatible with escutcheons.

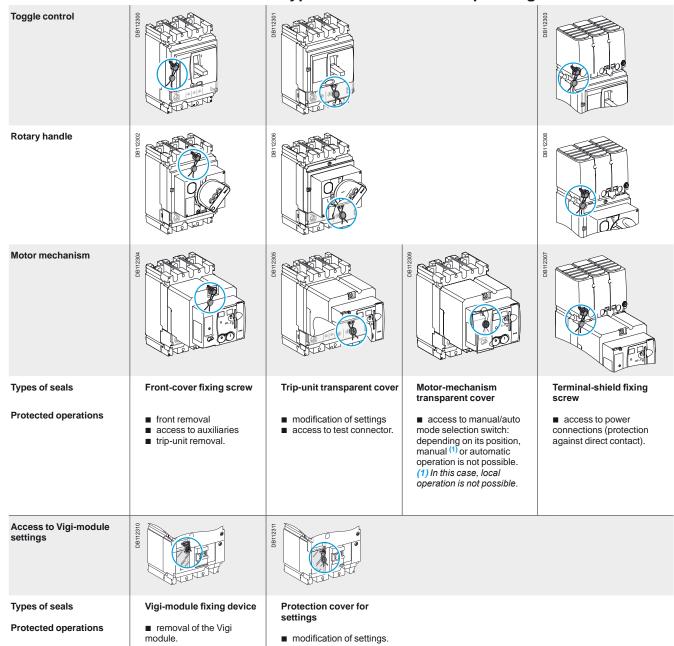
Sealing accessories

Sealing accessories are available. Each bag of accessories contains all the parts required for the types of sealing indicated below.

A bag contains:

- 6 sealing accessories
- 6 lead seals
- 0.5 m of wire
- 2 screws.

Types of seals and corresponding functions



Individual enclosures



IP55 heavy-duty metal enclosure.



IP55 heavy-duty insulating enclosure.

Individual enclosures are available for Compact/Vigicompact NSX devices with two, three or four poles.

All fixed, front connections are possible, except right-angle, $45^{\circ},$ double-L and edgewise terminal extensions.

All spreaders may be installed in the enclosures intended for Compact/Vigicompact NSX250 to 630 devices, except the 70 mm spreaders for NSX400/630.

Two models of enclosures

- IP55 heavy-duty metal individual enclosure, with:
- □ metal enclosure
- □ door with keylock and cut-out for rotary handle
- □ extended rotary handle, IP56, IK08, black or red/yellow
- □ device mounting plate
- □ removable plate (without holes) for cable entry through bottom.
- IP55 heavy-duty insulating individual enclosure, with:
- □ polyester insulating enclosure
- ☐ transparent cover, screwed, lead sealable, with cut-out for extended rotary handle
- □ extended rotary handle, IP56, IK08, black or red/yellow
- □ device mounting plate
- □ 2 removable plates (without holes) for cable entry through bottom and/or top.

Dimensions (H x W x D in mm)

Me	tal	ρn	clo	ารเ	ires	•

□ Compact NSX100/160	450 x 350 x 250
☐ Compact NSX250 and Vigicompact NSX100 to 250	650 x 350 x 250
□ Compact NSX400	650 x 350 x 250
☐ Compact NSX630 and Vigicompact NSX400/630	850 x 350 x 250
■ Insulating enclosures:	
□ Compact NSX100/160	360 x 270 x 235
☐ Compact NSX250 and Vigicompact NSX100/160	540 x 270 x 235
□ Compact NSX400/630	720 x 360 x 235
□ Vigicompact NSX250/630	720 x 360 x 235



Escutcheons and protection collars

Escutcheons are an optional feature mounted on the switchboard door. They increase the degree of protection to IP40, IK07. Protection collars maintain the degree of protection, whatever the position of the device (connected, disconnected).

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IP30 escutcheon.



IP30 escutcheon with access to the trip unit.

IP30 or IP40 escutcheons for fixed devices

IP30

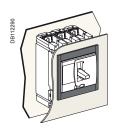
The three types are glued to the cut-out in the front door of the switchboard:

- escutcheon for all control types (toggle, rotary handle or motor mechanism)
- □ without access to the trip unit
- □ with access to the trip unit
- for Vigi modules, can be combined with the above.

IP40

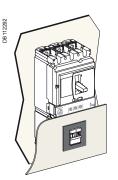
The four types, with a gasket, are screwed to the door cut-out:

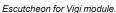
- three escutcheons identical to the previous, but IP40
- a wide model for Vigi and ammeter modules that can be combined with the above.

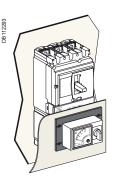




Escutcheon for toggle without and with access to the trip unit.







Wide escutcheon for ammeter.

Escutcheons and protection collars

IP40 escutcheons for withdrawable devices

IP40 for withdrawable devices

The two types, with a gasket, are screwed to the door cut-out:

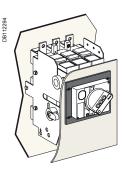
- for rotary handle or motor mechanism: standard IP40 escutcheon
- for toggle with extension: standard escutcheon + collar for withdrawal.



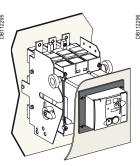
Escutcheon with collar for toggle.



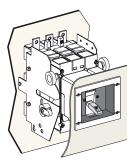
Escutcheon for Vigi module.



Standard escutcheon with rotary handle.



Standard escutcheon for motor mechanism.

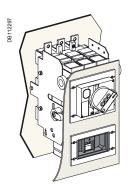


Standard escutcheon with collar for withdrawal, for toggle.

IP40 for Vigi module on withdrawable devices

The two types, with a gasket, are screwed to the door cut-out:

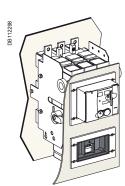
- for rotary handle or motor mechanism: standard IP40 escutcheon
- for toggle: standard escutcheon + collar for withdrawal.

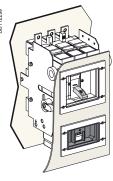


IP43 toggle cover

■ Degree of protection IP43, IK07.

■ Mounted on the front of the circuit breaker.





Escutcheon for Vigi module, with escutcheons for the three types of control.

Toggle cover.

17.10

Toggle cover.

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NS retrofit front cover.

Retrofit front covers

These replacement front covers make it possible to install NSX devices in existing switchboards containing NS devices by installing the NS-type retrofit covers on the NSX devices.

Available only for devices with toggles. Fits over toggle and front cover of the device.

- NS100 to 250 cover.
- NS400/630 cover.

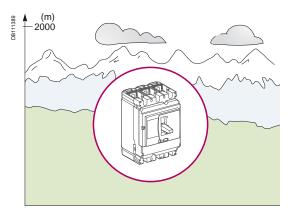


Installation recommendations

Contents

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D-1
E-1 F-1
G-1

Operating conditions



Altitude derating

Altitude does not significantly affect the characteristics of Compact NSX circuit breakers up to 2000 m. Above this altitude, it is necessary to take into account the decrease in the dielectric strength and cooling capacity of air.

The following table gives the corrections to be applied for altitudes above 2000 metres.

The breaking capacities remain unchanged.

Compact NSX100 to 630

Altitude (m)		2000	3000	4000	5000
Dielectric withstand voltage (V)		3000	2500	2100	1800
Insulation voltage (V)	Ui	800	700	600	500
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	690	590	520	460
Average thermal current (A) at 40 °C	In x	1	0.96	0.93	0.9

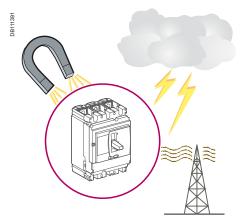


Vibrations

Compact NSX devices resist electromagnetic or mechanical vibrations. Tests are carried out in compliance with standard IEC 60068-2-6 for the levels required by merchant-marine inspection organisations (Veritas, Lloyd's, etc.):

- 2 to 13.2 Hz: amplitude ±1 mm
- 13.2 to 100 Hz: constant acceleration 0.7 g.

Excessive vibration may cause tripping, breaks in connections or damage to mechanical parts.



Degree of protection

Compact NSX circuit breakers have been tested for degree of protection (IP) mechanical impact protection (IK). See page A-5.

Electromagnetic disturbances

Compact NSX devices are protected against:

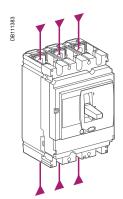
- overvoltages caused by circuit switching
- overvoltages caused by an atmospheric disturbances or by a distribution-system outage (e.g. failure of a lighting system)
- devices emitting radio waves (radios, walkie-talkies, radar, etc.)
- electrostatic discharges produced directly by users.

Compact NSX devices have successfully passed the electromagnetic-compatibility tests (EMC) defined by the following international standards. See page A-5.

- These tests ensure that:
 no nuisance tripping occurs
- tripping times are respected.

Installation in switchboards

Power supply and weights



Power supply from the top or bottom

Compact NSX circuit breakers can be supplied from either the top or the bottom, even when equipped with a Vigi earth-leakage protection module, without any reduction in performance. This capability facilitates connection when installed in a switchboard.

All connection and insulation accessories can be used on circuit breakers supplied either from the top or bottom.

Weight

The table below presents the weights (in kg) of the circuit breakers and the main accessories, which must be summed to obtain the total weight of complete configurations. The values are valid for all performance categories.

			-			_	
Type of devic	е	Circuit breakers	Base	Chassis	Vigi module	Visu module	Motor mech.
NSX100	3P/2D	1.79	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	3P/3D	2.05	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	4P/4D	2.4	1.05	2.2	1.13	2.2	1.2
NSX160	3P/2D	1.85	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	3P/3D	2.2	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	4P/4D	2.58	1.05	2.2	1.13	2.2	1.2
NSX250	3P/2D	1.94	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	3P/3D	2.4	0.8	2.2	0.87	2	1.2
	4P/4D	2.78	1.05	2.2	1.13	2.2	1.2
NSX400/630	3P/3D	6.19	2.4	2.2	2.8	4.6	2.8
	4P/4D	8.13	2.8	2.2	3	4.9	2.8

Installation in switchboards

Safety clearances and minimum distances

General rules

When installing a circuit breaker, minimum distances (safety clearances) must be maintained between the device and panels, bars and other protection devices installed nearby. These distances, which depend on the ultimate breaking capacity, are defined by tests carried out in accordance with standard IEC 60947-2. If installation conformity is not checked by type tests, it is also necessary to:

- use insulated bars for circuit-breaker connections
- segregate the busbars using insulating screens.

For Compact NSX100 to 630 devices, terminal shields and interphase barriers are recommended and may be mandatory depending on the operating voltage of the device and type of installation (fixed, withdrawable, etc.).

Power connections

The table below indicates the rules to be respected for Compact NSX100 to 630 devices to ensure insulation of live parts for the various types of connection.

- fixed devices with front connection (FC) or rear connection (RC)
- plug-in or withdrawable devices.

Connection accessories such as crimp lugs, bare-cable connectors, terminal extensions (straight, right-angle, double-L and 45°) and spreaders are supplied with interphase barriers.

Long terminal shields provide a degree of protection of IP40 (ingress) and IK07 (mechanical impact).

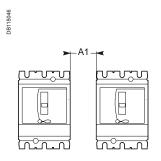
Compact NSX100 to 630: rules to be respected to ensure insulation of live parts

Type of c	connection	Fixed, front of	connection		Fixed, rear connection	Plug-in or withd	rawable
		DB 115095			80091 H2008	On backplate	Through panel
Possible, With:	recommended or mandatory accessories:	No insulating accessory	Interphase barriers	Long terminal shields	Short terminal shields	Short terminal shields	Short terminal shields
	-						
operating							
≤ 500 V	Insulated bars	Possible	Possible	Possible	Recommended	Recommended	Mandatory
	Extension terminals Cables + crimp lugs	No	Mandatory (supplied)	Possible (instead of ph. barriers)	Recommended	Recommended	Mandatory
	Bare cables + connectors	Possible for NSX100 to 250	Possible for NSX100 to 250	Possible for NSX100 to 250			
		No	Mandatory (supplied)	Possible (instead of ph. barriers)	Recommended	Recommended	Mandatory
> 500 V	Insulated bars	No	No	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
	Extension terminals Cables + crimp lugs	No	No	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
	Bare cables + connectors	No	No	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory

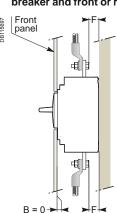
Installation example

Safety clearance

Minimum distance between two adjacent circuit breakers



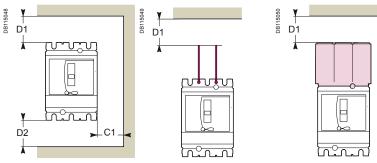
Minimum distance between circuit breaker and front or rear panels



Bare or painted sheetmetal

Note: if F < 8 mm: an insulating screen or long terminal shield is mandatory (see page A-73).

Minimum distance between circuit breaker and top, bottom or side panels



Devices without accessories.

Devices with interphase barriers or long terminal shields.

Minimum safety clearances for Compact NSX100 to 630

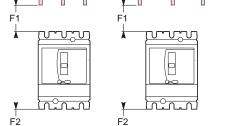
Operating voltage Clearance (mm)							
	Between	Betwee	en devid	e and s	heetme	tal	
	devices	Painte	d sheet	metal	Bare sheet metal		
	A1	C1	D1	D2	C1	D1	D2
U ≤ 440 V							
for devices equipped with:							
■ no accessories	0	0	30	30	5	40	40
■ interphase barriers	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
■ long terminal shields	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
440 V < U ≤ 600 V							
for devices equipped with:							
■ interphase barriers (1)	0	0	0	0	20	10	10
■ long terminal shields (2)	0	0	0	0	10	10	10
U > 600 V							
for devices equipped with:							
■ long terminal shields	0	10	50	50	20	100	100

(1) Only for NSX100 to 250.

(2) For all cases.



Bars



Live busbars.

Spacing ≤ 60 mm

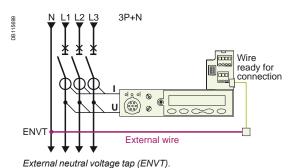
Clearances with respect to live bare busbars

Minimum clearances for Compact NSX100 to 630

Operating voltage	rating voltage Clearances with respect to live bare busbars spacing ≤ 60 mm spacing > 60 mm					
	F1	F2	F1	F2		
U < 440 V	350	350	80	80		
440 V ≤ U ≤ 600 V	350	350	120	120		
U > 600 V	prohibited: insulating screen required between device and busbars					

These clearances can be reduced for special installations as long as the configuration is checked by tests.

Control wiring



Remote tripping by MN or MX release

Power consumption is approximately:

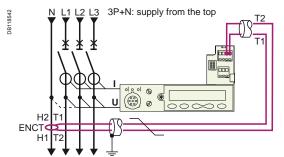
- 30 VA for pick-up of the MN and MX releases
- 300 VA to 500 VA for the motor mechanism.

The table below indicates the maximum permissible cable length for different supply voltages and cable cross-sectional areas.

Recommended maximum cable lengths (in metres)

Power supply voltage (V DC)				24 V		48 V	
Cable cr	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.5	
MN	U source 100 %	15	-	160	-	640	-
	U source 85 %	7	_	40	-	160	_
MX	U source 100 %	60	_	240	_	960	_
	U source 85 %	30	_	120	-	480	-
Motor mechanism U source 100 %		-	_	10	16	65	110
	U source 85 %	-	_	2	4	17	28

Note: the indicated length is that of each of the two wires.



N L1 L2 L3 3P+N: supply from the bottom T2 T1 H2 T1

External neutral current transformer (ENCT).

External neutral voltage tap (ENVT)

This connection is required for accurate power measurements on 3-pole circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic 5 / 6 E trip units in installations with a distributed neutral. It can be used to measure phase-neutral voltages and calculate power using the 3 wattmeter method.

Compact NSX 3-pole circuit breakers come with a wire installed on the device for the connection to the ENVT.

This wire is equipped with a connector for connection to an external wire with the following characteristics:

- cross-sectional area of 1 mm² to 2.5 mm²
- maximum length of 10 metres.

External neutral current transformer (ENCT)

This connection is required to protect the neutral on 3-pole circuit breakers equipped with Micrologic 5 / 6 A or E trip units in installations with a distributed neutral. For Micrologic 6 A or E, it is required for type G ground-fault protection.

The ENCT is connected in the same way for fixed, plug-in or withdrawable devices:

- fixed devices are connected via terminals T1 and T2 of the internal terminal block.
- plug-in and withdrawable devices are not connected via the auxiliary terminals. The wires must be connected/disconnected inside the device via terminals T1 and T2.

The ENCT must be connected to the Micrologic trip unit by a shielded twisted pair. The shielding should be connected to the switchboard earth only at the CT end, no more than 30 cm from the CT.

- the power connections of the CT to the neutral (H2 and H1) must be made in the same way for power supply from the top or the bottom (see figure). Make sure they are not reversed for devices with power supply from the bottom.
- cross-sectional area of 0.4 mm² to 1.5 mm²
- maximum length of 10 metres.

ULP connection system between Micrologic, FDM 121 switchboard display and Modbus interface The ULP (Universal Logic Plug) wiring system used by Compact NSX for connections through to the Modbus network requires neither tools nor settings.

connections through to the Modbus network requires neither tools nor settings. The prefabricated cords are sued for both data transfer and distribution of 24 V DC power. Connectors on each component are identified by ULP (Universal Logic Plug) symbols, ensuring total compatibility between each component.

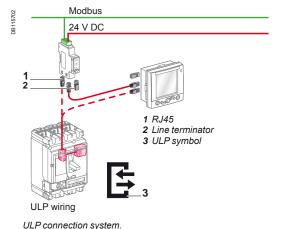
Available cords

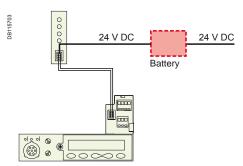
All connections are made with prefabricated cords:

- NSX cord for connection of the internal terminal block to the Modbus interface or the FDM 121 display via an RJ45 connector. The cord is available in three lengths, 0.35 m, 1.3 m and 3 m
- ULP cords with RJ45 connectors at each end for the other connections between components. The cord is available in six lengths, 0.3 m, 0.6 m, 1 m, 2 m, 3 m and 5 m. For greater distances, two cords can be interconnected using the RJ45 female/female accessory.

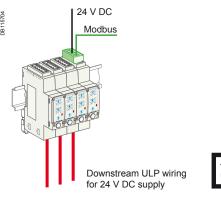
Maximum length of 10 m between 2 modules and 30 m in all.

A line terminator must be fitted to all components with an unused RJ45 connector.

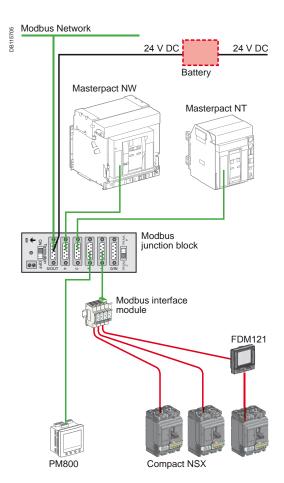




Power supply, without the Communication function, via the terminal block with a backup battery.



Supply, with the Communication function, via the Modbus interface



24 V DC power-supply module

Use

An external 24 V DC power supply is required for installations with communication, whatever the type of trip unit.

On installations without communication, it is available as an option for Micrologic 5/6 to:

- modify settings when the circuit breaker is open (OFF position)
- display measurements when the current flowing through the circuit breaker is low
- maintain the display of the cause of tripping.

Characteristics

The external 24 V DC supply may be used for the entire switchboard.

The required characteristics are indicated in the table below.

Characteristics	
Output voltage	24 V DC -20 % to +10 %
Ripple	±1 %
Overvoltage category (OVC)	OVC IV - as per IEC 60947-1

Sizing

Sizing must take into account all supplied modules.

Module	Consumption (mA)
Micrologic 5 / 6	40
BSCM module	10
FDM 121	40
Modbus communication interface	60
NSX cord U > 480 V AC	30
SDx / SDTAM module	20

Wiring

Micrologic 5 or 6 not using the Communication function

The external 24 V DC supply is connected via the circuit breaker terminal block. Use of a 24 V DC battery provides backup power for approximate 3 hours (100 mA) in the event of an interruption in the external supply.

Micrologic 5 or 6 using the Communication function

The external 24 V DC supply is connected via the Modbus interface using a five-pin connector, including two for the power supply. Stacking accessories (see page A-27) can be used to supply a number of interfaces by fast clip-on connection.

The 24 V DC power is distributed downstream by the ULP (Universal Logic Plug) communication cords with RJ45 connectors. This system ensures both data transfer and power distribution to the connected modules.

Recommendations for 24 V DC wiring

- Do not connect the positive terminal to earth.
- Do not connect the negative terminal to earth.
- The maximum length for each conductor (+/-) is ten metres.
- For connection distances greater than ten metres, the plus and minus conductors of the 24 V DC supply must be twisted to improve EMC.
- The 24 V DC conductors must cross the power cables perpendicularly. If this is difficult or impossible, the plus and minus conductors must be twisted.

Modbus

Each Compact NSX circuit breaker equipped with Micrologic 5/6 and an FDM 121 display is connected to the Modbus network via the Modbus interface module. Connection of all the circuit breakers and other Modbus devices in the switchboard to a Modbus bus is made much easier by using a Modbus RJ45 junction block installed in the switchboard.

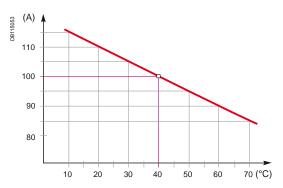
Recommendations for Modbus wiring

- The shielding may be earthed.
- The conductors must be twisted to improve immunity (EMC).
- The Modbus conductors must cross the power cables perpendicularly.

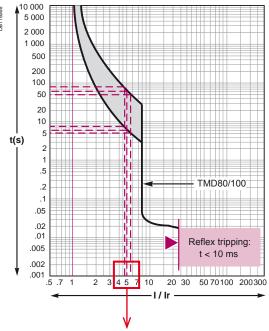
Temperature derating

Compact NSX100 to 250 equipped with thermal-magnetic trip units

When thermal-magnetic trip units are used at ambient temperatures other than 40 °C, the Ir pick-up is modified.



Temperature derating curve for Compact NSX100.



Example 1. Fault I = 500 A

I/Ir	4.5	5	5.5
T°C	20 °C	40 °C	60 °C
t min.	8 s	6 s	5 s
t max.	80 s	60 s	50 s

Thermal-protection curve with minimum and maximum values.

The overload protection is calibrated at 40 $^{\circ}$ C in the lab. This means that when the ambient temperature is less or greater than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the Ir protection pick-up is slightly modified.

To obtain the tripping time for a given temperature:

- see the tripping curves for 40 °C (see pages E-2 and E-3)
- determine tripping times corresponding to the Ir value (thermal setting on the device), corrected for the ambient temperature as indicated in the tables below.

Settings of Compact NSX100 to 250 equipped with TM-D and TM-G trip units, as a function of the temperature

The table indicates the real Ir (A) value for a given rating and temperature.

Rat.	Tem	peratu	re (°C	;)									
(A)	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
16	18.4	18.7	18	18	17	16.6	16	15.6	15.2	14.8	14.5	14	13.8
25	28.8	28	27.5	27	26.3	25.6	25	24.5	24	23.5	23	22	21
32	36.8	36	35.2	34.4	33.6	32.8	32	31.3	30.5	30	29.5	29	28.5
40	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34
50	57.5	56	55	54	52.5	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44
63	72	71	69	68	66	65	63	61.5	60	58	57	55	54
80	92	90	88	86	84	82	80	78	76	74	72	70	68
100	115	113	110	108	105	103	100	97.5	95	92.5	90	87.5	85
125	144	141	138	134	131	128	125	122	119	116	113	109	106
160	184	180	176	172	168	164	160	156	152	148	144	140	136
200	230	225	220	215	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	175	170
250	288	281	277	269	263	256	250	244	238	231	225	219	213

Example 1. What is the tripping time of a Compact NSX100 equipped with a TM100D trip unit set to 100 A, for an overload I = 500 A?

The overload I/Ir is calculated as a function of the temperature. Use the above values and the curve on page E-3 (shown on the left) to determine the corresponding time.

- At 40 °C, Ir = 100 A, I/Ir = 5 and the tripping time is between 6 and 60 seconds.
- At 20 °C, Ir = 110 A, I/Ir = 4.54 and the tripping time is between 8 and 80 seconds.
- At 60 °C, Ir = 90 A, I/Ir = 5.55 and the tripping time is between 5 and 50 seconds.

Example 2. What is the setting to obtain a real Ir of 210 A, taking into account the temperature, for a Compact NSX250 equipped with a TM250D trip unit? The necessary dial setting, in amperes, is shown below.

- At 40 °C, Ir = (210/250) x 250 A = 210 A
- At 20 °C, Ir = (210/277) x 250 A = 189.5 A
- At 60 °C, Ir = (210/225) x 250 A = 233 A

Additional derating coefficient for an add-on module

The values indicated in the previous tables are valid for **fixed** circuit breakers equipped with one of the following modules:

- Vigi module
- insulation monitoring module
- ammeter module
- current-transformer module.

They also apply for **plug-in or withdrawable** circuit breakers equipped with:

- ammeter module
- current-transformer module.

However, for **plug-in or withdrawable** circuit breakers equipped with a Vigi module or an insulation monitoring module, the coefficient 0.84 must be applied. The table below sums up the situation for add-on modules.

Type of device	Circuit breaker	TM-D trip- unit rating	Vigi or insulation monitoring module	Ammeter or current transformer module	
Fixed	NSX100 to 250	16 to 100			
	NSX160 to 250	125			
	NSX160 to 250	160	4		
	NSX250	200 to 250	'	_	
Plug-in or	NSX100 to 250	16 to 100		'	
withdrawable	NSX160 to 250	125			
	NSX160 to 250	160	0.04		
	NSX250	250	0.84		

Compact NSX equipped with electronic trip units

Electronic trip units are not affected by variations in temperature. If the trip units are used in high-temperature environments, the Micrologic setting must nevertheless take into account the temperature limits of the circuit breaker.

Changes in temperature do not affect measurements by electronic trip units.

- The built-in CT sensors with Rogowski toroids measure the current.
- \blacksquare The control electronics compare the value of the current to the settings defined for 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$

Because temperature has no effect on the toroid measurements, the tripping thresholds do not need to be modified.

However, the temperature rise caused by the flow of current and the ambient temperature increase the temperature of the device. To avoid reaching the thermal withstand level of the equipment, it is necessary to limit the current flowing through the device, i.e. the maximum Ir setting as a function of the temperature.

Compact NSX100/160/250

The table below indicates the maximum long-time (LT) protection setting Ir (A) depending on the ambient temperature.

Type of	Rating (A)	Temperature (°C)											
device		40	45	50	55	60	65	70					
NSX100/160													
Fixed, plug-in or	40	no dera	ating										
withdr.	100	no derating											
NSX250													
Fixed, plug-in or	100	no dera	ating										
withdrawable	160	no dera	ating										
Fixed	250	250	250	250	245	237	230	225					
Plug-in or withdr.	250	250	245	237	230	225	220	215					

Compact NSX400 and 630

The table below indicates the maximum long-time (LT) protection setting Ir (A) depending on the ambient temperature.

Type of	Rating (A)	Temp	Temperature (°C)										
device		40	45	50	55	60	65	70					
NSX400													
Fixed	400	400	400	400	390	380	370	360					
Plug-in/withdr.	400	400	390	380	370	360	350	340					
NSX630													
Fixed	630	630	615	600	585	570	550	535					
Plug-in/withdr.	630	570	550	535	520	505	490	475					

Example. A fixed Compact NSX400 equipped with a Micrologic can have a maximum Ir setting of:

- 400 A up to 50 °C
- 380 A up to 60 °C.

Additional derating coefficient for an add-on module

For **fixed** or **plug-in / withdrawable** circuit breakers, the addition of a:

- Vigi module
- insulation-monitoring module
- ammeter module
- current-transformer module

can modify the derating values. Apply the coefficients shown below.

Derating of a Compact NSX equipped with a Micrologic trip unit

Type of device	Circuit breaker	TM-D trip-unit rating	Vigi / Insulation monitoring module	Ammeter module / External sensor (CT)
Fixed	NSX100 to 250	40 to 100		
	NSX160 to 250	125		
	NSX250	250	1	
Plug-in or	NSX100 to 250	40 to 100		
withdrawable	NSX160 to 250	160		_
	NSX250	250	0.86	'
Fixed	NSX400	250 to 400	0.97	
	NSX630	250 to 630	0.90	
Plug-in or	NSX400	250 to 400	0.97	
withdrawable	NSX630	250 to 630	0.90	

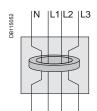
Note: to provide the Visu function, Compact NSX circuit breakers, with or without a Vigi module, are combined with INV switch-disconnectors. Tripping values for the selected combination are indicated in the Interpact catalogue.

Installation recommendations

Power loss/ Resistance

Compact NSX equipped with thermalmagnetic trip units

Compact NSX thermal power loss values are used to calculate total temperature rise in the switchboard in which the circuit breakers are installed.



With a Vigi module, the deviation of the N and L3 bars required to pass through the toroid results in higher power losses compared to those of the L1 and L2 bars.

The values indicated in the tables below are typical values for a device at full rated load and 50/60 Hz.

Power loss per pole (P/pole) in Watts (W)

The value indicated is the power loss at $I_{\rm N}$, 50/60 Hz, for a three-pole or four-pole circuit breaker. Measurement and calculation of power loss are carried out in compliance with the recommendations of Annex G of standard IEC 60947-2.

Resistance per pole (R/pole) in milliohms (m Ω)

The value of the resistance per pole is provided as a general indication for a new device

The value of the contact resistance must be determined on the basis of the measured voltage drop, in accordance with the manufacturer's test procedure (ABT instruction document no. 1 - BEE - 02.2 -A).

Note: this measurement is not sufficient to determine the quality of the contacts, i.e. the capacity of the circuit breaker to carry its rated current.

Additional power loss

Additional power loss is equal to the sum of the power dissipated by the following:

- Vigi module: note that the deviation of the N and L3 bars required to pass through the toroid results in higher power losses compared to those of the L1 and L2 bars (diagram opposite). When calculating total power loss, use L1, L2, L3 for a 3P device and N, L1, L2, L3 for a 4P device
- disconnecting contacts (plug-in and withdrawable devices)
- ammeter module
- transformer module.

Calculation of total power loss

Total power loss at full rated load and 50/60 Hz is equal to the sum of the device and additional power losses per pole multiplied by the number of poles (2, 3 or 4). If a Vigi module is installed, it is necessary to differentiate between N and L3 on one hand and L1 and L2 on the other.

Compact NSX100 to 250 equipped with TM-D and TM-G trip units

Type of d	evice	Fixed d	evice	Additio	nal powe	r / pole		
3/4 poles	Rat. (A)	R/pole	P/pole	Vigi (N, L3)	Vigi (L1, L2)		Ammeter module	Transfo. module
NSX100	16	11.42	2.92	0	0	0	0	0
	25	6.42	4.01	0	0	0.1	0	0
	32	3.94	4.03	0.06	0.03	0.15	0.1	0.1
	40	3.42	5.47	0.10	0.05	0.2	0.1	0.1
	50	1.64	4.11	0.15	0.08	0.3	0.1	0.1
	63	2.17	8.61	0.3	0.15	0.4	0.1	0.1
	80	1.37	8.77	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1
	100	0.88	8.8	0.7	0.35	1	0.2	0.2
NSX160	80	1.26	8.06	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1
	100	0.77	7.7	0.7	0.35	1	0.2	0.2
	125	0.69	10.78	1.1	0.55	1.6	0.3	0.3
	160	0.55	13.95	1.8	0.9	2.6	0.5	0.5
NSX250	125	0.61	9.45	1.1	0.55	1.6	0.3	0.3
	160	0.46	11.78	1.8	0.9	2.6	0.5	0.5
	200	0.39	15.4	2.8	1.4	4	0.8	0.8
	250	0.3	18.75	4.4	2.2	6.3	1.3	1.3

Compact NSX100 to 630 equipped with MA/1.3-M trip units

Type of d	levice	Fixed d	evice	Additio	nal powe	r / pole		
3 poles	Rat. (A)	R/pole	P/pole	Vigi (N, L3)	Vigi (L1, L2)		Ammeter module	Transfo. module
NSX100	2.5	148.42	0.93	0	0	0	0	0
	6.3	99.02	3.93	0	0	0	0	0
	12.5	4.05	0.63	0	0	0	0	0
	25	1.66	1.04	0	0	0.1	0	0
	50	0.67	1.66	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1
	100	0.52	5.2	0.7	0.35	1	0.2	0.2
NSX160	150	0.38	8.55	1.35	0.68	2.6	0.45	0.45
NSX250	220	0.3	14.52	2.9	1.45	4.89	0.97	0.97
NSX400	320	0.12	12.29	3.2	1.6	6.14	1.54	1.54
NSX630	500	0.1	25	13.99	7	15	3.75	3.75

Compact NSX equipped with electronic trip units

The values indicated in the table below are typical values for a device at full rated load and 50/60 Hz. The definitions and information are the same as that for circuit breakers equipped with thermal-magnetic trip units.

Compact NSX100 to 630 equipped with Micrologic trip units

•												
Type of de	evice	Fixed d	evice	Additio	nal powe	r / pole						
3/4 poles	Rat. (A)	R/pole	P/pole	Vigi (N, L3)	Vigi (L1, L2)		Ammeter module	Transfo. module				
NSX100	40	0.84	1.34	0.1	0.05	0.2	0.1	0.1				
	100	0.468	4.68	0.7	0.35	1	0.2	0.2				
NSX160	40	0.73	1.17	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1				
	100	0.36	3.58	0.7	0.35	1	0.2	0.2				
	160	0.36	9.16	1.8	0.9	2.6	0.5	0.5				
NSX250	100	0.27	2.73	1.1	0.55	1.6	0.2	0.2				
	250	0.28	17.56	4.4	2.2	6.3	1.3	1.3				
NSX400	400	0.12	19.2	3.2	1.6	9.6	2.4	2.4				
NSX630	630 ⁽¹⁾	0.1	39.69	6.5	3.25	19.49	5.95	5.95				

⁽¹⁾ The power loss values for the Vigi modules and withdrawable circuit breakers are given for 570 A.

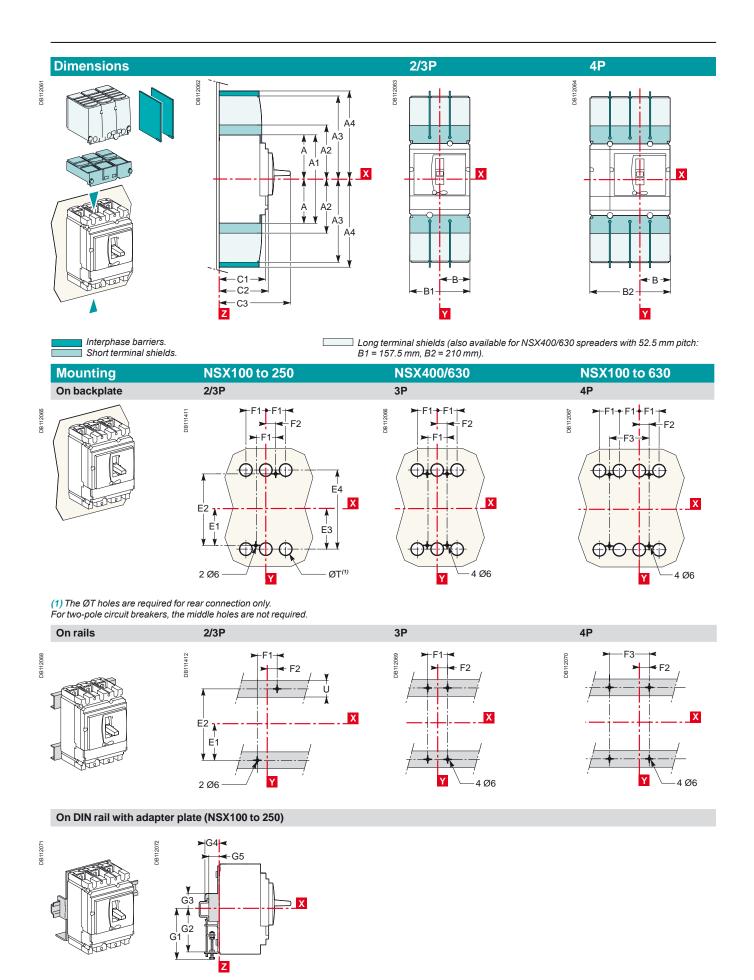


Dimensions and connection

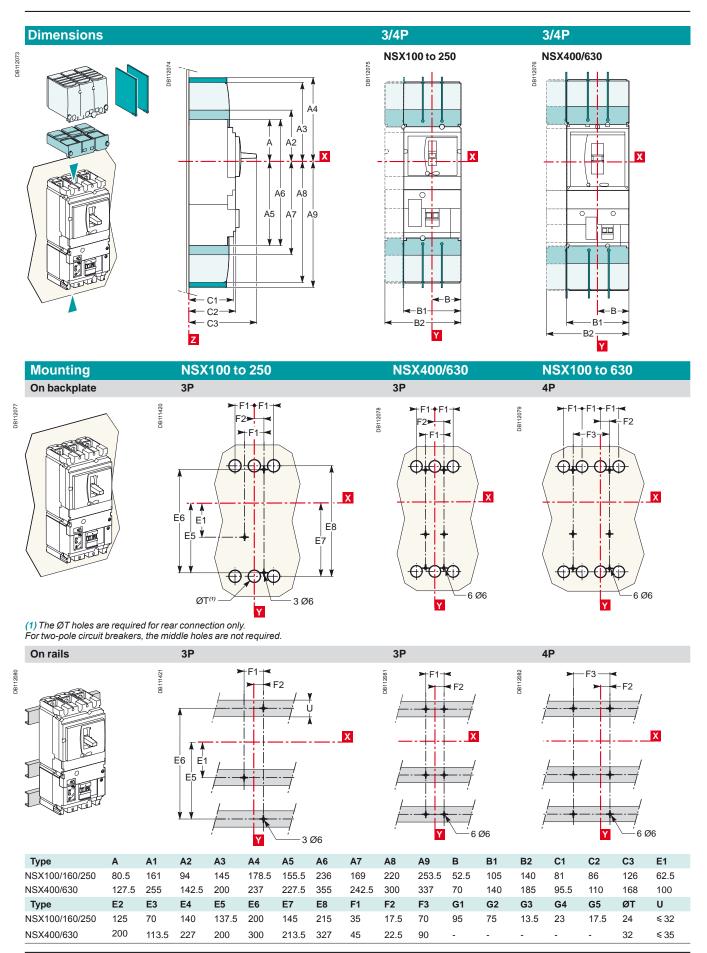
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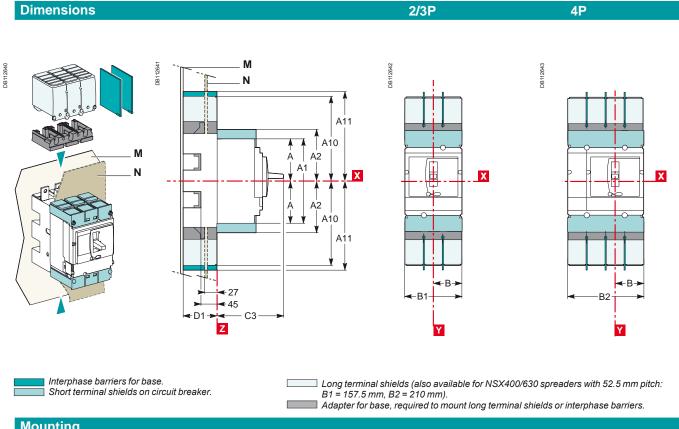
Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

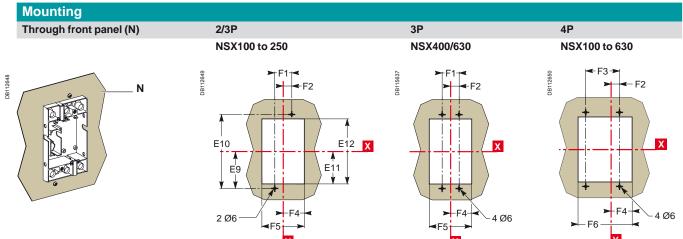


Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 fixed version



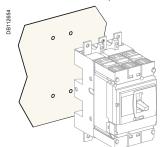
Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in version

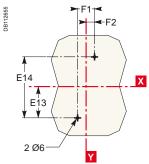


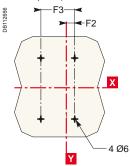


On backplate (M) 2/3P 4P

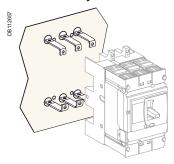
Front connection (an insulating screen is supplied with the base and must be fitted between the base and the backplate)

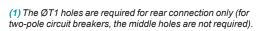




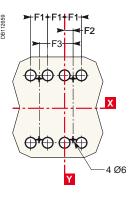


Connection by exterior-mounted rear connectors

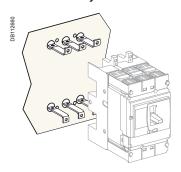




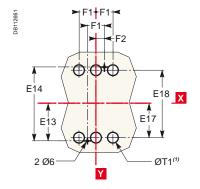
F1 F1 F1 F2 F2 F16 X E16 X 2 Ø6 ØT1(1)

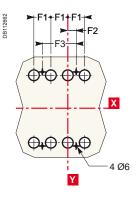


Connection by interior-mounted rear connectors

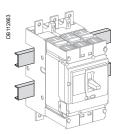


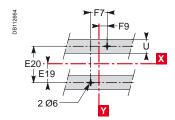
(1) The ØT1 holes are required for rear connection only (for two-pole circuit breakers, the middle holes are not required).

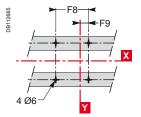




On rails	2/3P	4P



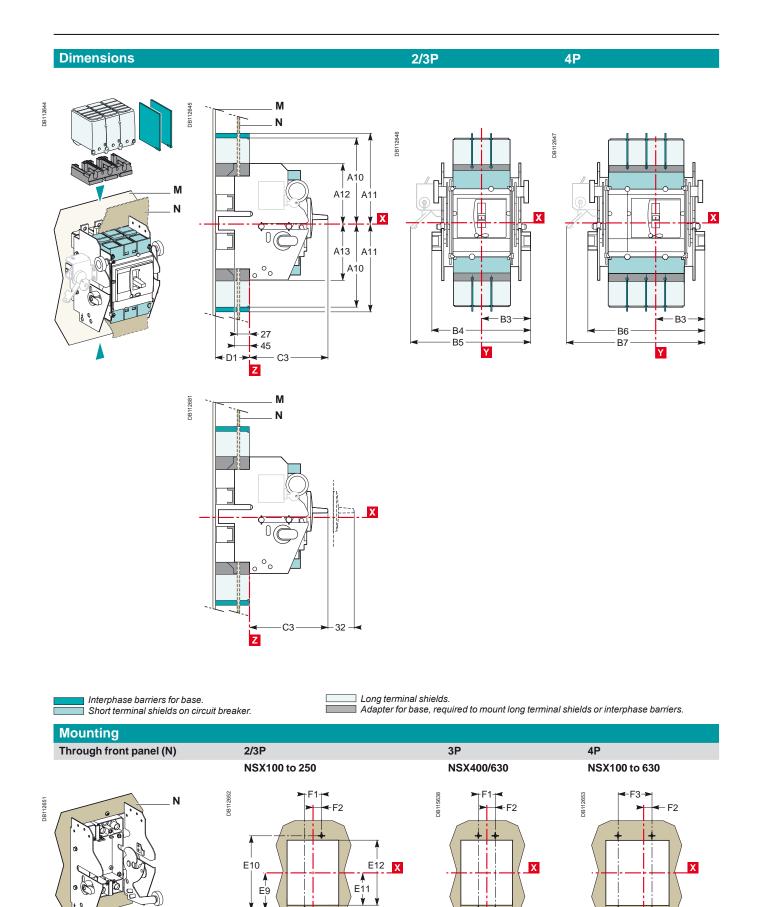




Туре	Α	A1	A2	A10	A11	В	B1	B2	C3	D1	E9	E10	E11	E12	E13	E14	E15
NSX100/160/250	80.5	161	94	175	210	52.5	105	140	126	75	95	190	87	174	77.5	155	79
NSX400/630	127.5	255	142.5	244	281	70	140	185	168	100	150	300	137	274	125	250	126
Туре	E16	E17	E18	E19	E20	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9	ØT1	U	
NSX100/160/250	158	61	122	37.5	75	35	17.5	70	54.5	109	144	70	105	35	24	≤32	
NSX400/630	252	101	202	75	150	45	22.5	90	71.5	143	188	100	145	50	33	≤ 35	

Compact NSX100 to 630 withdrawable version

-4 Ø6



2 Ø6

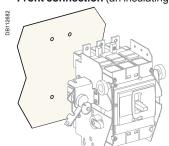
On backplate (M)

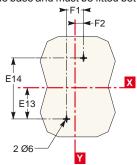
2/3P

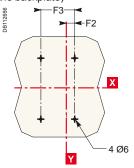
4P

Front connection (an insulating screen is supplied with the base and must be fitted between the base and the backplate)

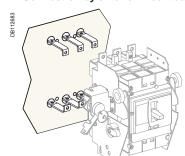
DB 112655

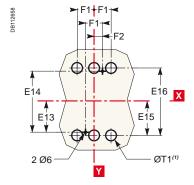


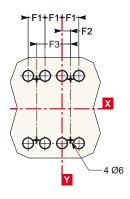




Connection by exterior-mounted rear connectors

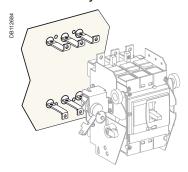


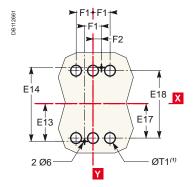


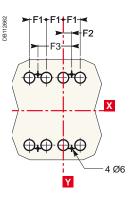


(1) The ØT1 holes are required for rear connection only (for two-pole circuit breakers, the middle holes are not required).

Connection by interior-mounted rear connectors

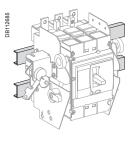


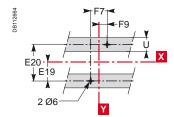


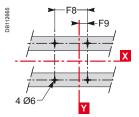


(1) The ØT1 holes are required for rear connection only (for two-pole circuit breakers, the middle holes are not required).

4P

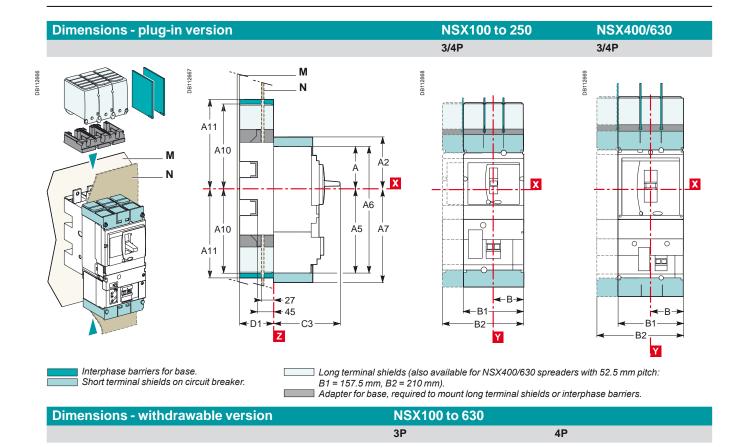


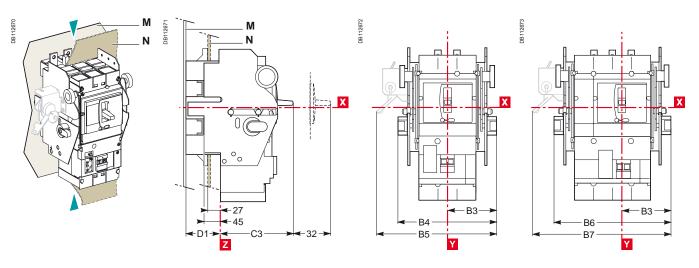




Туре	A10	A11	A12	A13	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C3	D1	E9	E10	E11	E12	E13	E14
NSX100/160/250	175	210	106.5	103.5	92.5	185	216	220	251	126	75	95	190	87	174	77.5	155
NSX400/630	244	281	140	140	110	220	250	265	295	168	100	150	300	137	274	125	250
Туре	E15	E16	E17	E18	E19	E20	F1	F2	F3	F7	F8	F9	F10	F11	F12	ØT1	U
NSX100/160/250	79	158	61	122	37.5	75	35	17.5	70	70	105	35	74	148	183	24	≤32
NSX400/630	126	252	101	202	75	150	45	22.5	90	100	145	50	91.5	183	228	33	≤ 35

Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions





Mounting

Through front panel (N)

See Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in version, page C-4, or withdrawable version, page C-6

On backplate (M)

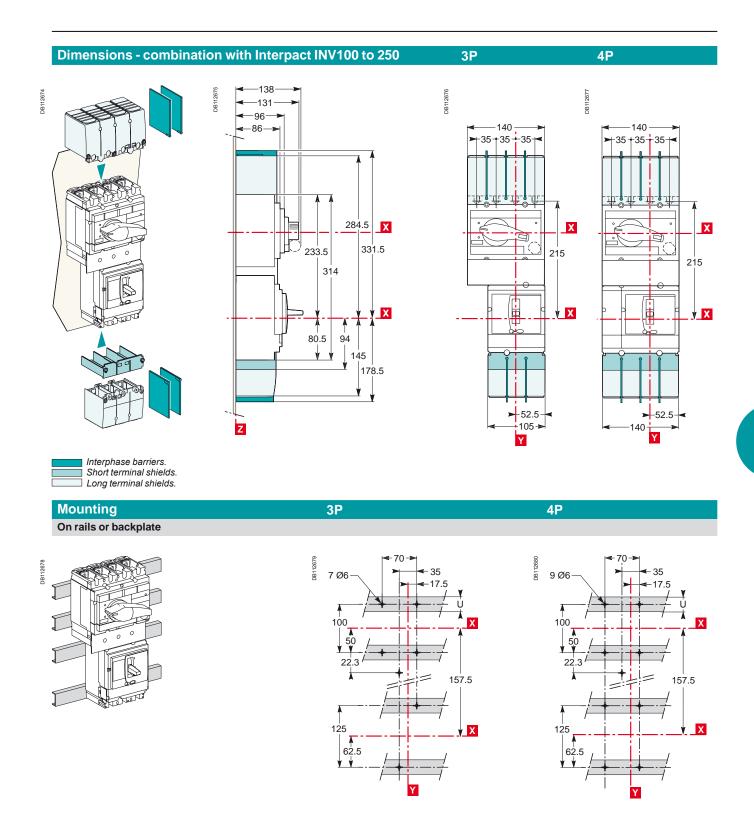
See Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in version, page C-5, or withdrawable version, page C-7

On rails

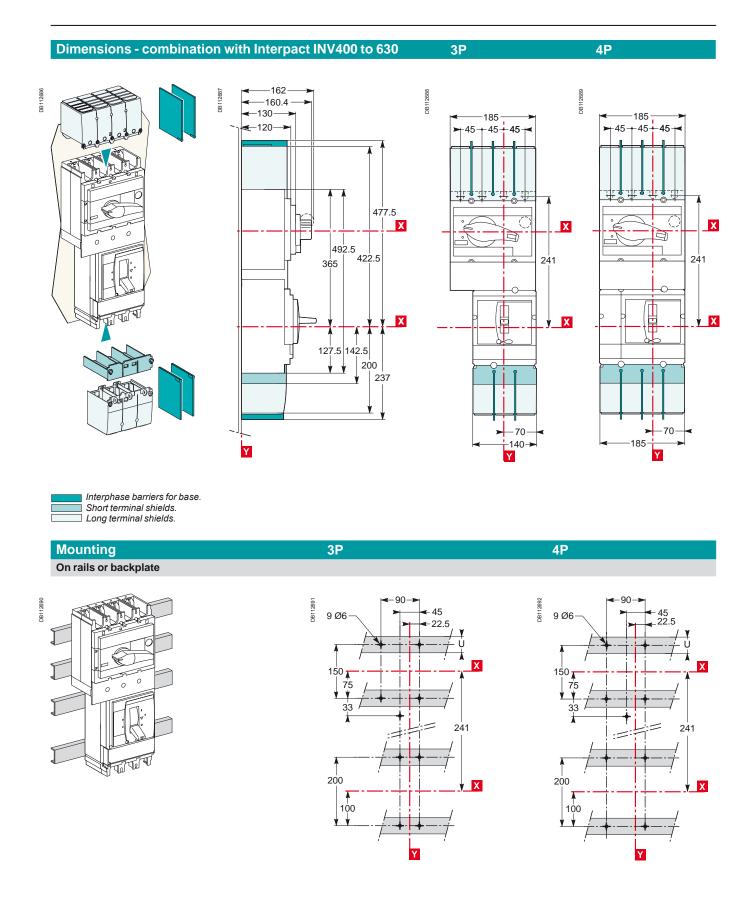
See Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in version, page C-5, or withdrawable version, page C-7

Туре	Α	A2	A5	A6	A7	A10	A11	В	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C3	D1
NSX100/160/250	80.5	94	155.5	236	169	175	210	52.5	105	140	92.5	185	216	220	251	126	75
NSX400/630	127.5	142.5	227.5	355	242.5	244	281	70	140	185	110	220	250	265	295	168	100

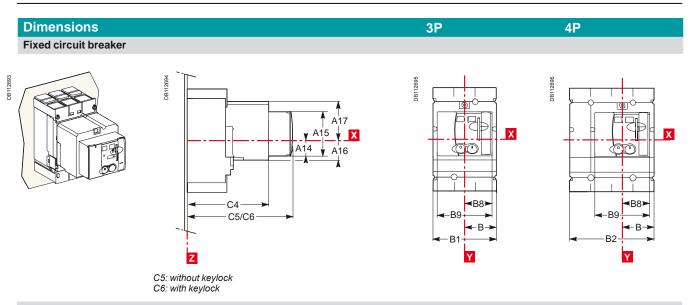
Visu function for Compact NSX100 to 250 fixed version



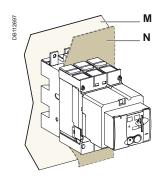
Visu function for Compact NSX400/630 fixed version

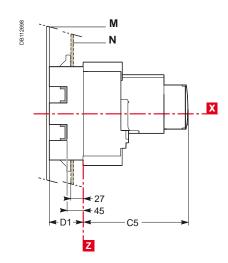


Motor mechanism module for Compact NSX100 to 630

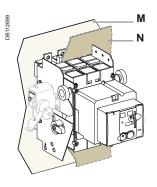


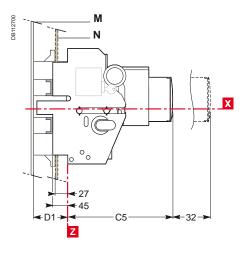
Plug-in circuit breaker





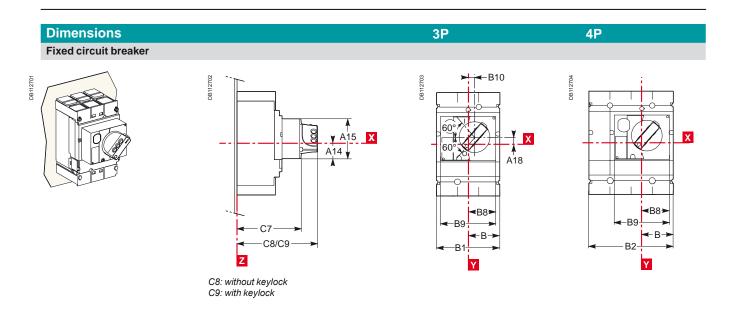
Withdrawable circuit breaker



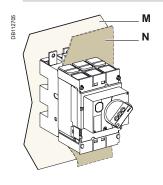


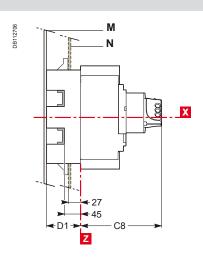
Туре	A14	A15	A16	A17	В	B1	B2	B8	B9	C4	C5	C6	D1
NSX100/160/250	27.5	73	34.5	62.5	52.5	105	140	45.5	91	143	182	209.5	75
NSX400/630	40	123	52	100	70	140	185	61.5	123	215	256	258	100

Direct rotary handle for Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630

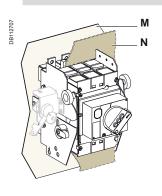


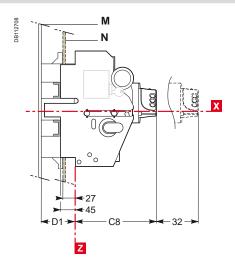
Plug-in circuit breaker





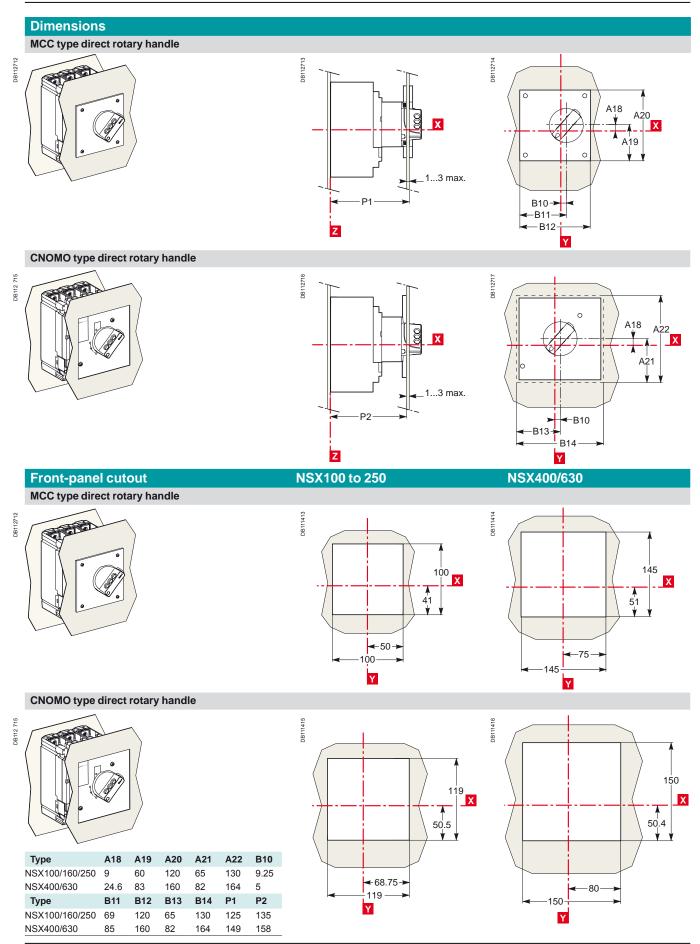
Withdrawable circuit breaker





Туре	A14	A15	A18	В	B1	B2	B8	В9	B10	C7	C8	C9	D1
NSX100/160/250	27.5	73	9	52.5	105	140	45.5	91	9.25	121	155	164	75
NSX400/630	40	123	24.6	70	140	185	61.5	123	5	145	179	188	100

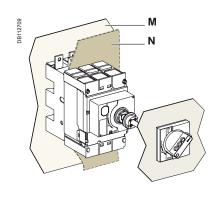
MCC and CNOMO type direct rotary handles for Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

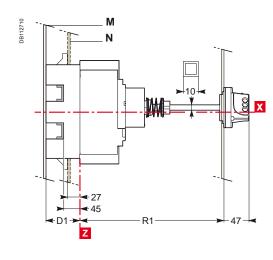


Extended rotary handle for Compact NSX100 to 630

Dimensions

Fixed and plug-in circuit breakers

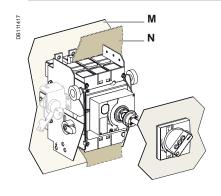


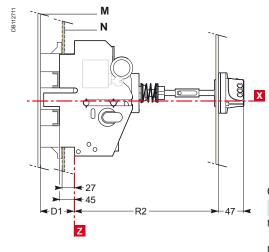


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туре	K1
NSX100/160/250	min. 171 max. 600
NSX400/630	min. 195

Withdrawable circuit breaker

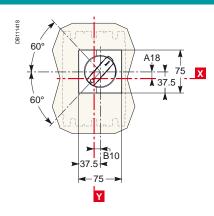


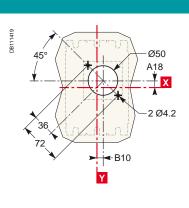


Cutout for shaft (mm)

Type	NZ
NSX100/160/250	min. 248 max. 600
ISX400/630	min. 272 max. 600

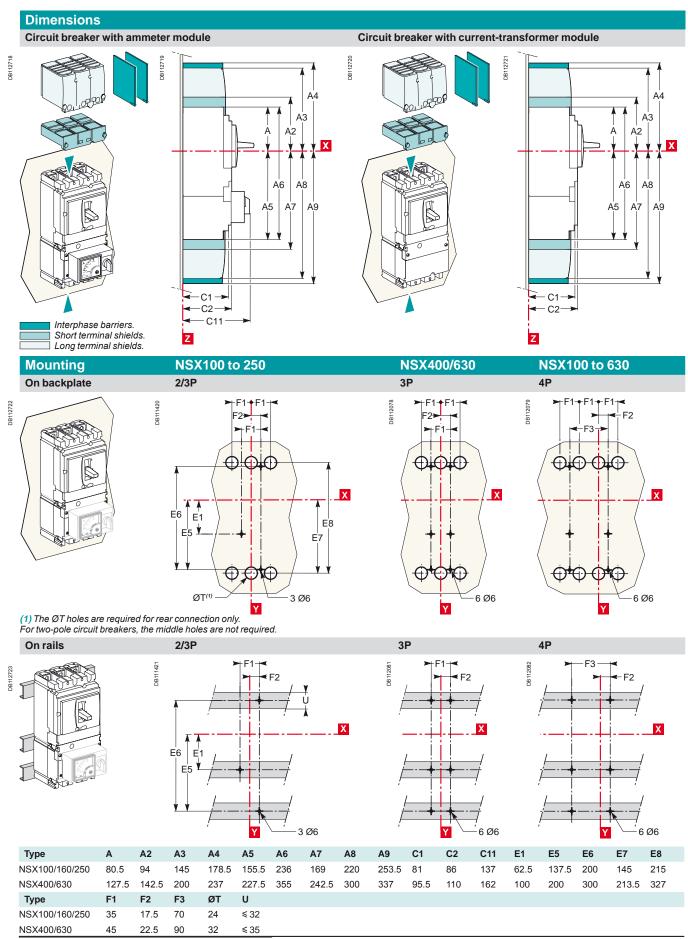
Dimensions and front-panel cutout



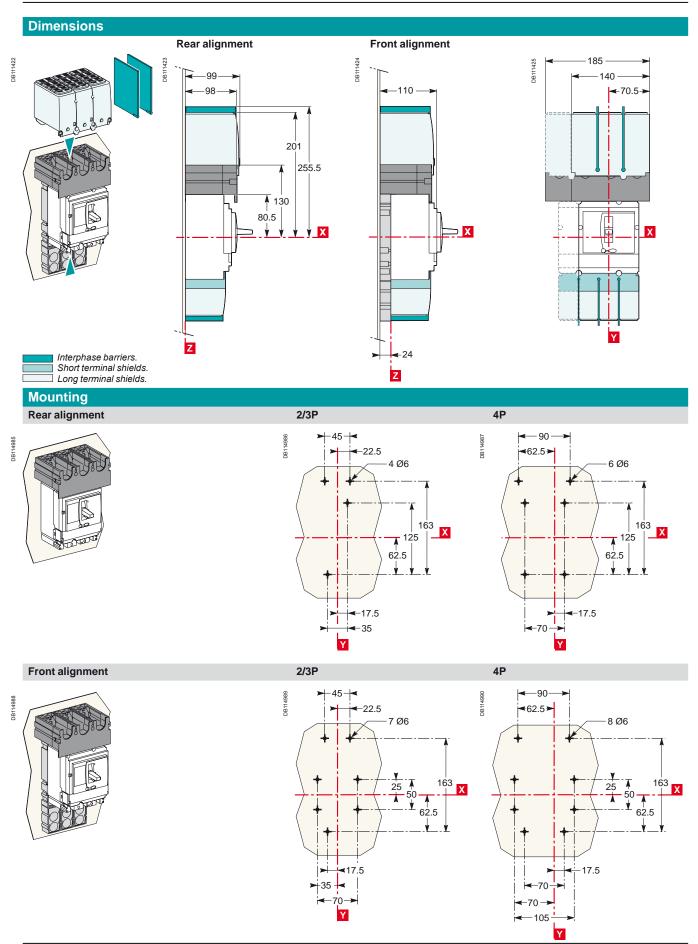


Туре	A18	B10	D1
NSX100/160/250	9	9.25	75
NSX400/630	24.6	5	100

Indication and measurement modules for Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version



One-piece spreader for Compact NSX100 to 250 fixed version



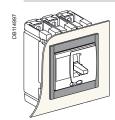
FDM121 switchboard display

Dimensions Mounting Through panel -92⁰+0.8 ~10.0 ~23**≻** Z On panel 16.5 −2 Ø22.5 ^{±0.3} **1**5 **3**7→ Connector (optional).

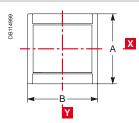
Front-panel accessories Compact NSX100 to 630

IP30 front-panel escutcheons

For toggle, rotary handle or motor mechanism module

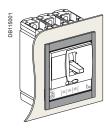




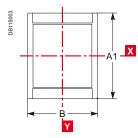




For toggle or rotary handle with access to trip unit

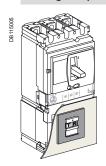




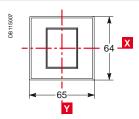




For Vigicompact



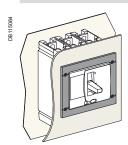




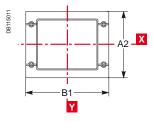


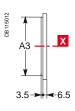
IP40 front-panel escutcheons

For toggle, rotary handle or motor mechanism module and protection collar

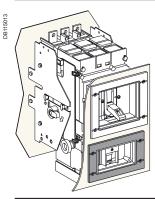




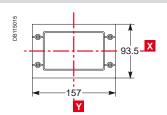




For Vigicompact with protection collar or ammeter module







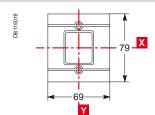


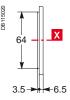
IP40 front-panel escutcheons (cont.)

For Vigicompact

TOSH BO

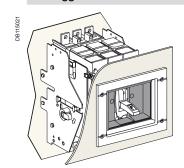




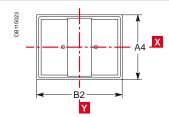


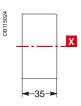
Protection collars for IP40 front-panel escutcheons

For toggle

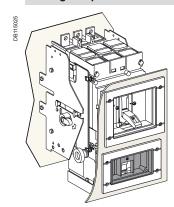


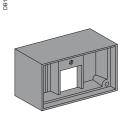


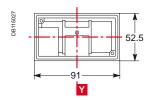




For Vigicompact









Circuit breaker with toggle or rotary handle.

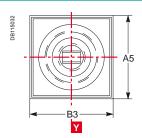


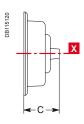
Circuit breaker with motormechanism module.

IP43 toggle cover



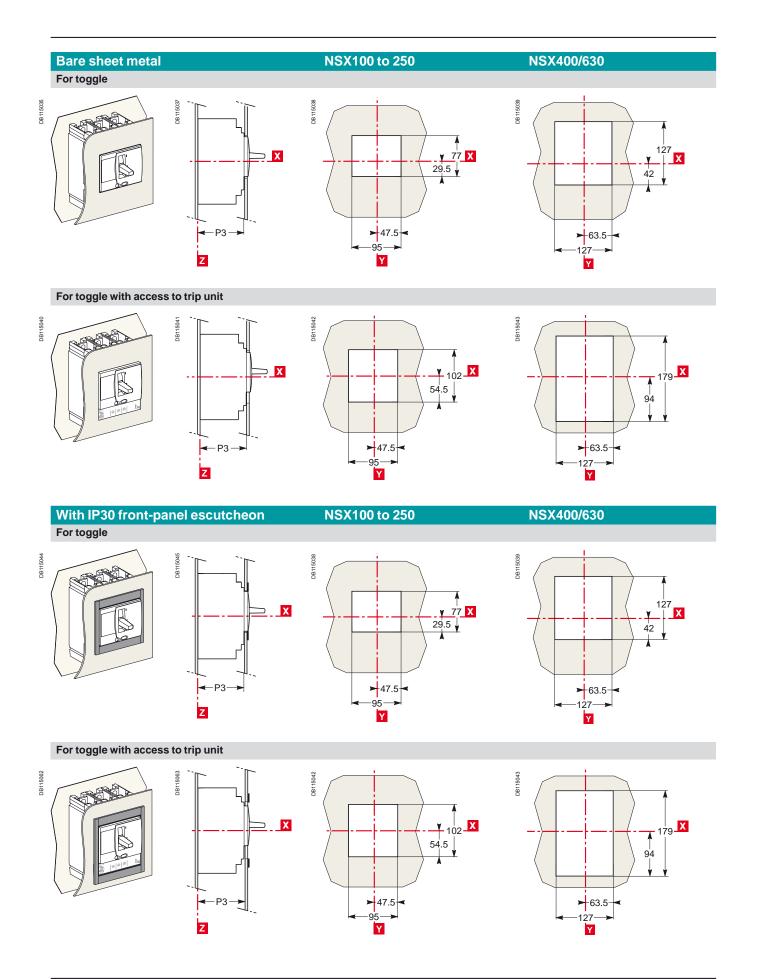






Туре	Α	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	В	B1	B2	В3	С
NSX100/160/250	113	138	114	101	73	85	113	157	91	103	40
NSX400/630	163	215	164	151	122.5	138	163	189	122.5	138	60

Front-panel cutouts Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

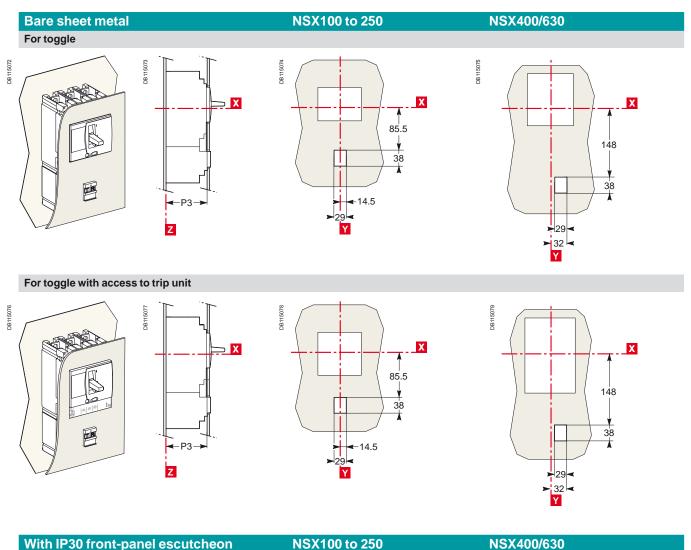


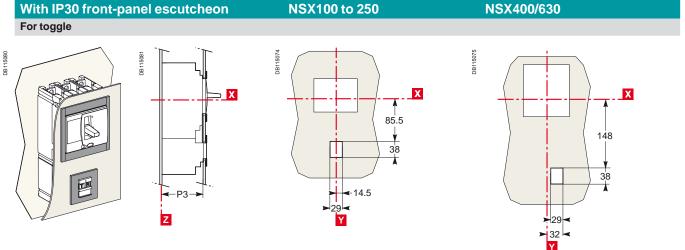
With IP40 front-panel escutcheon NSX100 to 250 NSX400/630 For toggle

With IP43 toggle cover NSX100 to 250 NSX400/630 For toggle | Section 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127

Туре	P3	P4
NSX100/160/250	88	89
NSX400/630	112	113

Front-panel cutouts
Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 fixed version



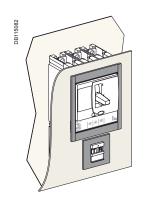


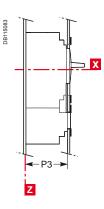
With IP30 front-panel escutcheon (cont.)

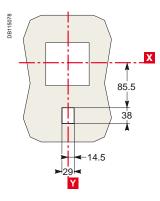
NSX100 to 250

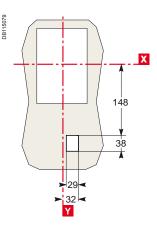
NSX400/630

For toggle with access to trip unit







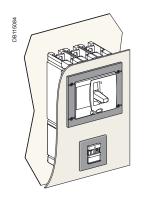


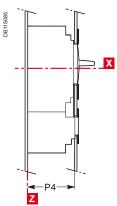
With IP40 front-panel escutcheon

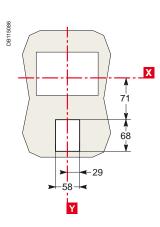
NSX100 to 250

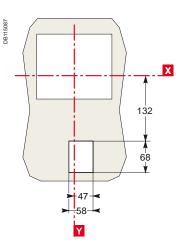
NSX400/630

For toggle



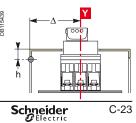






Туре	P3	P4
NSX100/160/250	88	89
NSX400/630	112	113

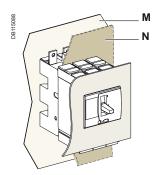
Note: door cutout dimensions are given for a device position in the enclosure where $\Delta \ge 100 + (h \times 5)$ with respect to the door hinge.

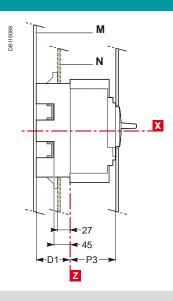


Front-panel cutouts

Compact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions

Plug-in version





Bare sheet metal

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-20

With IP30 front-panel escutcheon

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-20

With IP40 front-panel escutcheon

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-21

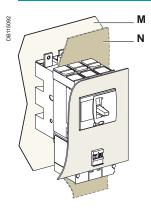
With toggle cover

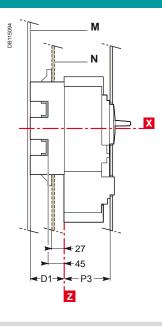
See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-21

Withdrawable version	NSX100 to 250	NSX400/630
With protection collar and IP40 front-panel escutcheon		
M 10051180 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	X Y 10 42.5 Y	155 X 155 X

Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions

Plug-in version





Bare sheet metal

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-22

With IP30 front-panel escutcheon

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-22

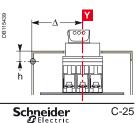
With IP40 front-panel escutcheon

See Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version, page C-23

NSX100 to 250 Withdrawable version NSX400/630 With protection collar and IP40 front-panel escutcheon DB11 122.5 82.5 148

Туре	D1	P3	P5
NSX100/160/250	75	88	123
NSX400/630	100	112	147

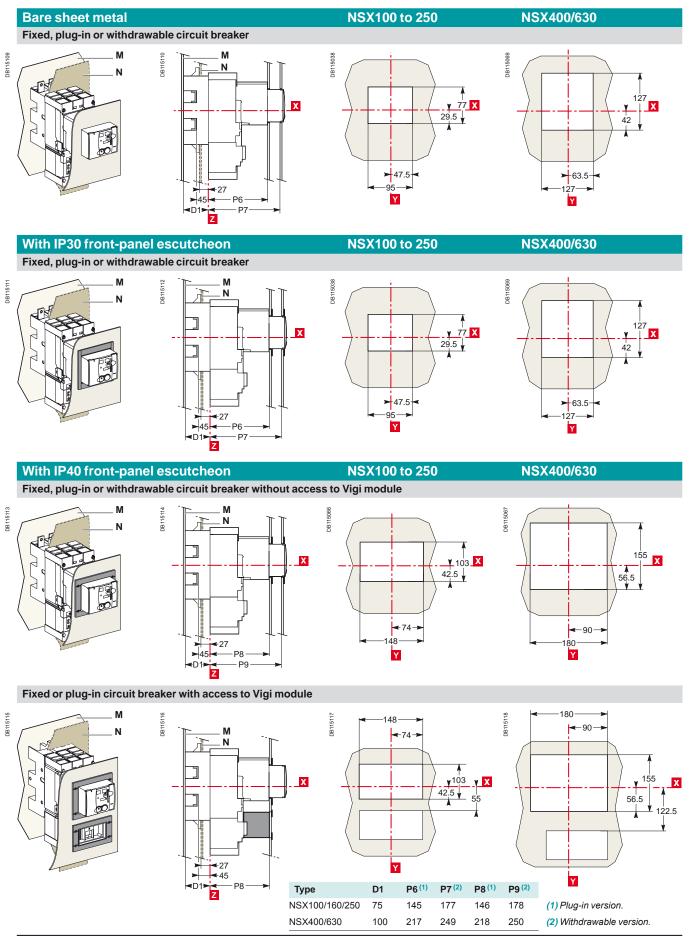
Note: door cutout dimensions are given for a device position in the enclosure where $\Delta \ge 100 + (h \times 5)$ with respect to the door hinge.



Front-panel cutouts
Visu function for Compact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

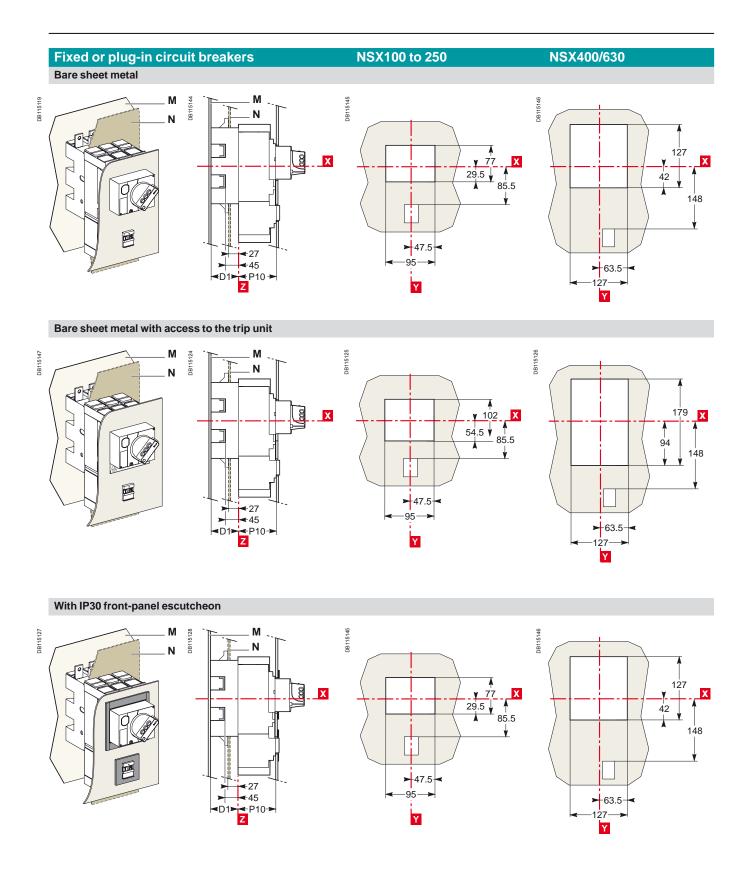
Compact NSX100 to 250 with Interpact INV100 to 250 Visu function Bare sheet metal **→** 66 -82 17.5 > 115.5 **~**−88− With IP40 front-panel escutcheon **≺**-81→ 103 17.5 105 Compact NSX400/630 with Interpact INV400 to 630 Visu function Bare sheet metal **≺**86≯ 22.5 177.5 With IP40 front-panel escutcheon **←**101→ 153 22.5 164.5

Motor mechanism module for Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630



Front-panel cutouts

Direct rotary handle for Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630

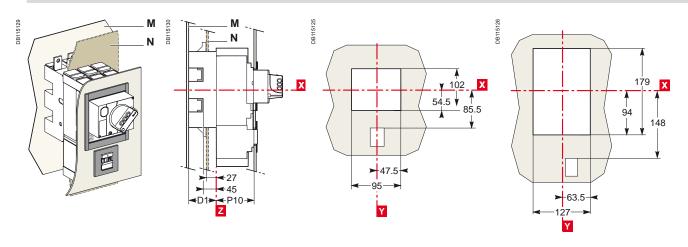


Fixed or plug-in circuit breakers (cont.)

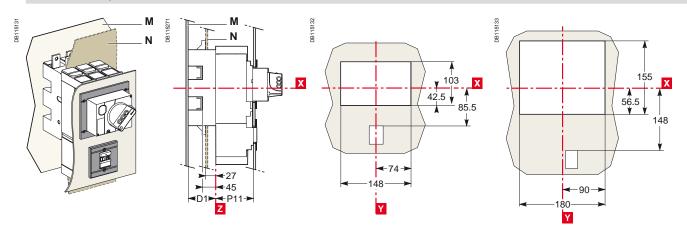
NSX100 to 250

NSX400/630

With IP30 front-panel escutcheon with access to the trip unit



With IP40 front-panel escutcheon



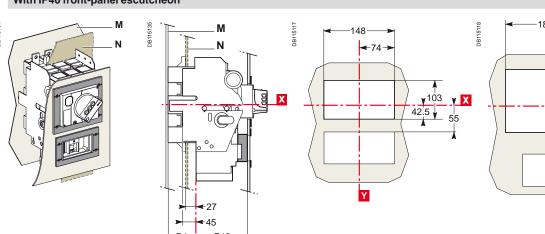
Fixed or withdrawable circuit breakers

NSX100 to 250

NSX400/630

←90

With IP40 front-panel escutcheon



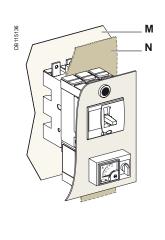
Туре	D1	P10	P11	P12	
NSX100/160/250	75	89	90	123	
NSX400/630	100	112	113	147	

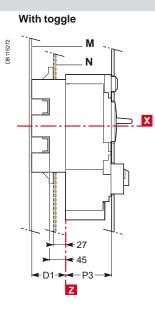
Front-panel cutouts

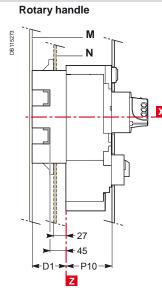
Indication and measurement modules for Compact NSX100 to 630

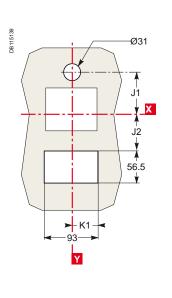
Fixed or plug-in circuit breakers with ammeter module and voltage-presence indicator

Bare sheet metal

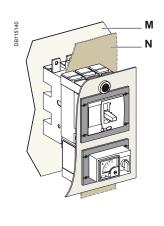


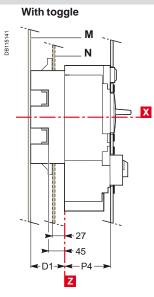


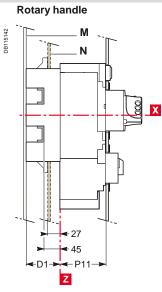


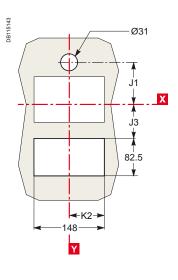


With IP40 front-panel escutcheon







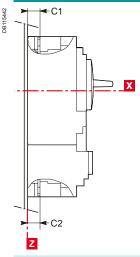


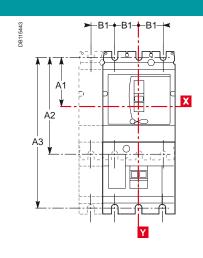
Туре	D1	J1	J2	J3	K1	K2	P3	P4	P10	P11
NSX100/160/250	75	78.5	67.5	55	46.5	74	88	89	89	90
NSX400/630	100	122	129	122.5	64.5	90	112	113	112	113

Power connections

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

Connection locations

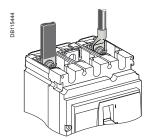


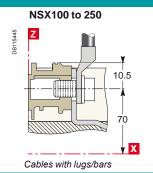


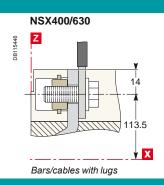
Туре	A1	A2	B1	C1	C2
NSX100/160	70	140	35	19.5	19.5
NSX250	70	140	35	21.5	19.5
NSX400/630	113 5	227	45	26	26

Туре	A1	A3	B1	C1	C2
NSX100/160 + Vigi	70	215	35	19.5	21.5
NSX250 + Vigi	70	215	35	21.5	21.5
NSX400/630 + Vigi	113.5	327	45	26	26

Front connection without accessories

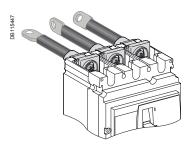




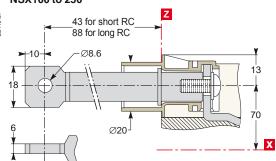


Connection with accessories

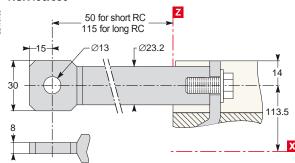
Long and short rear connectors



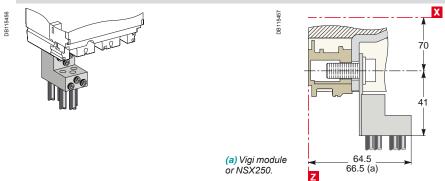
NSX100 to 250



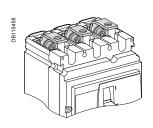
NSX400/630



Connection with accessories (cont.) Bare-cable connectors NSX100 to 250 NSX400/630 NSX400/630 Distribution connectors (for NSX100 to 250 only)

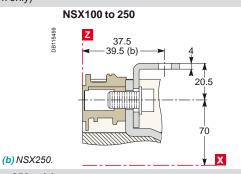


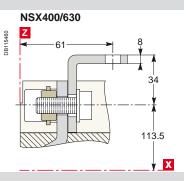
Right-angle terminal extensions (upstream only)



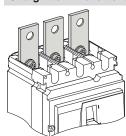
DB115450

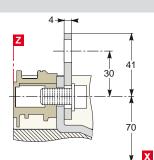
DB115453





Straight terminal extensions (for NSX100 to 250 only)

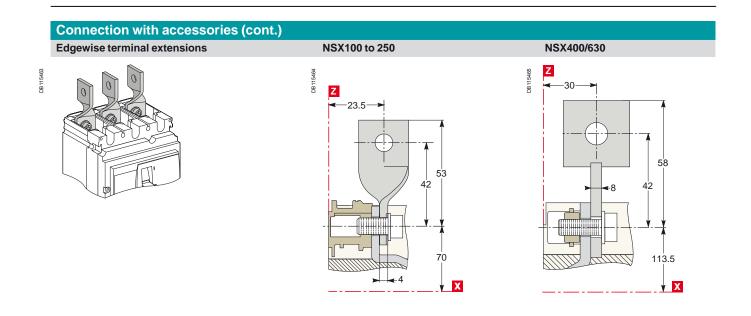


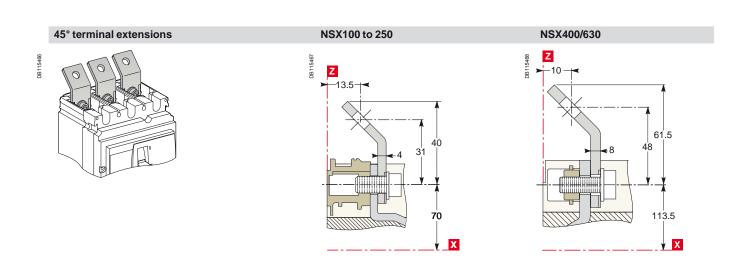


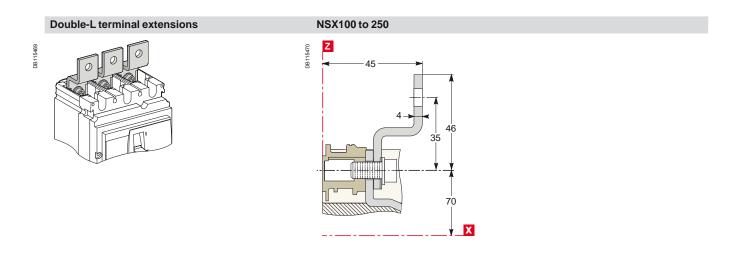
DB115462

Power connections

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 fixed version

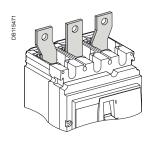


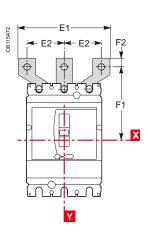


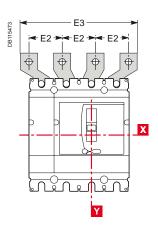


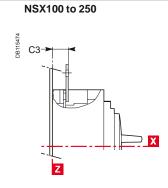
Connection with accessories (cont.)

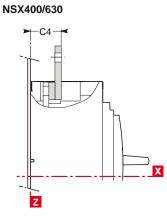
Spreaders 3P 4P





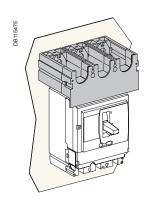


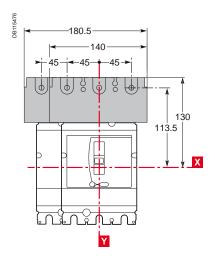


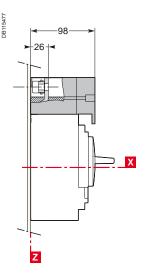


Туре	C3	C4	E1	E2	E3	F1	F2
NSX100/160	23.5	-	114	45	159	100	11
NSX250	25.5	-	114	45	159	100	11
NSX400/630	-	44	135 170	52.5 70	187.5 240	152.5 166	15 15

One-piece spreader (for NSX100 to 250 only)

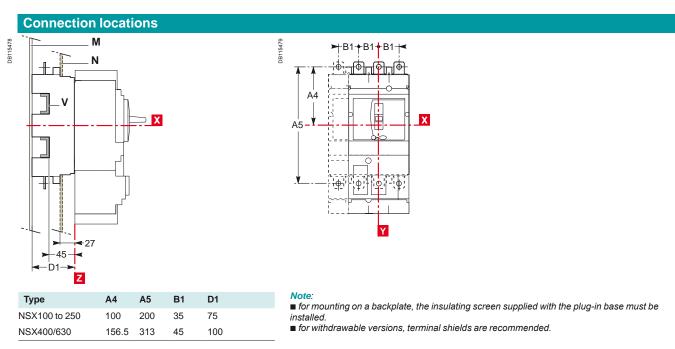






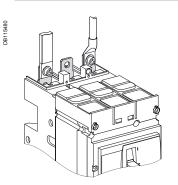
Power connections

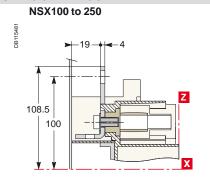
Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions

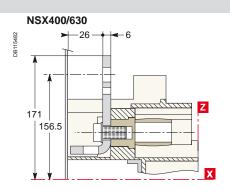


Connection without accessories

Front connection: mounting on backplate (M) or rails (V)

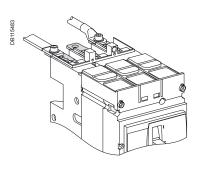


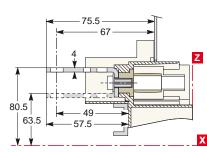




114.5*—* —100.5

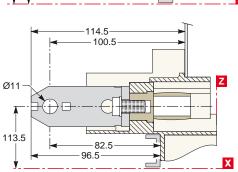
Rear connection: mounting through front panel (N) or on rails (V)





NSX100 to 250

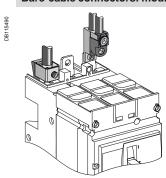


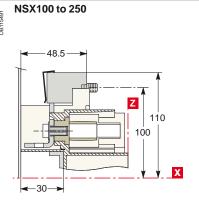


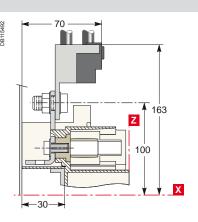
— 82.5 96.5 —

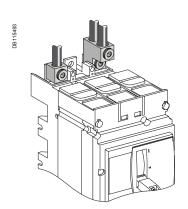
Connection with accessories

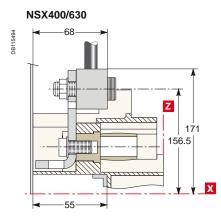
Bare-cable connectors: mounting on backplate (M) or rails (V)

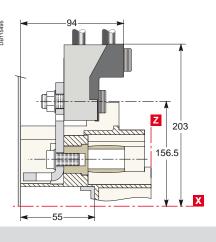




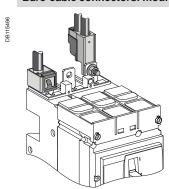


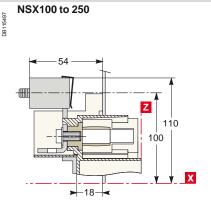


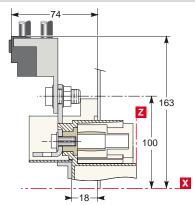


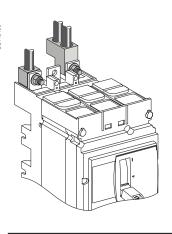


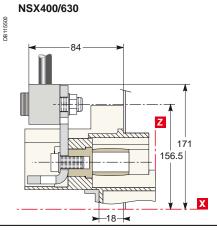
Bare-cable connectors: mounting through front panel (N) or on rails (V)

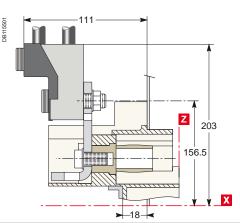










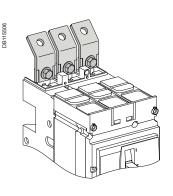


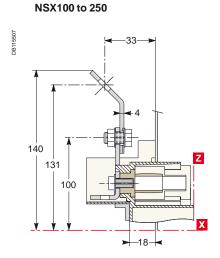
Power connections

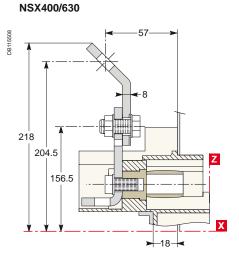
Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630 plug-in and withdrawable versions

Connection with accessories (cont.)

45° extensions: mounting through front panel (N) or on rails (V)

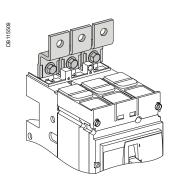


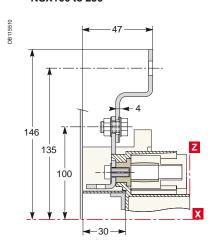




Double-L extensions: mounting on backplate (M) or rails (V)

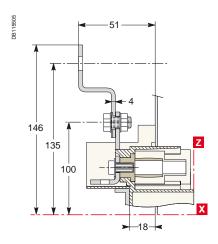
NSX100 to 250





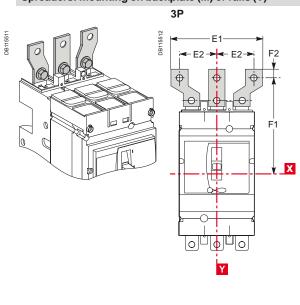
Double-L extensions: mounting through front panel (N) or on rails (V)

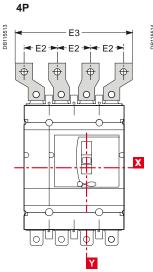
NSX100 to 250

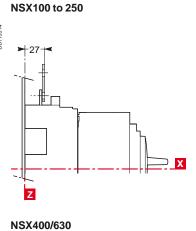


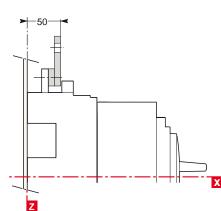
Connection with accessories (cont.)

Spreaders: mounting on backplate (M) or rails (V)









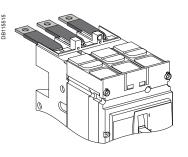
Туре	E1	E2	E3	F1	F2
NSX100 to 250	114	45	159	130	11
NSX400/630	135 170	52.5 70	187.5 240	195.5 209	15 15

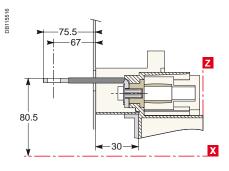
Long insulated rear connectors: mounting on backplate (M) or rails (V)

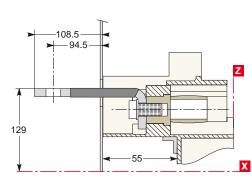
Exterior-mounted rear connectors

NSX100 to 250

NSX400/630



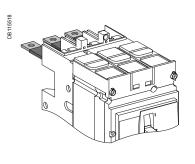


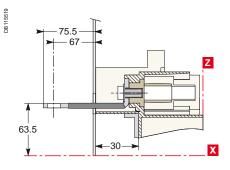


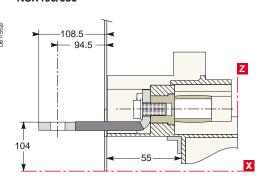
Interior-mounted rear connectors

NSX100 to 250

NSX400/630





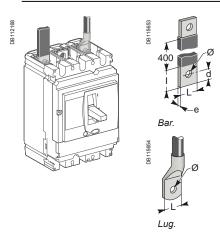


Long, insulated connectors are mandatory.

Dimensions and connection

Power connections

Connection of insulated bars or cables with lugs to Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630



Dimensions		NCV400	NCV4C0/2E0	NCV 400/020
Dimensions		NSX100	NSX160/250	NSX400/630
Bars	L (mm)	≤25	≤ 25	≤ 32
	I (mm)	d + 10	d + 10	d + 15
	d (mm)	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 15
	e (mm)	≤ 6	≤6	3 ≤ e ≤ 10
	Ø (mm)	6.5	8.5	10.5
Lugs	L (mm)	≤ 25	≤ 25	≤ 32
	Ø (mm)	6.5	8.5	10.5
Torque (Nm) (1)		10	15	50
Torque (Nm) (2)		5/5	5/5	20/11
Torque (Nm) (3)		8	8	20

- (1) Tightening torque on the circuit breaker for lugs or bars.
- (2) Tightening torque on fixed devices for rear connectors//tightening torque on plug-in or withdrawable devices for power connectors.
- (3) Tightening torque on the plug-in base for terminal extensions.

Accessories for NSX100 to 250

Straight terminal extensions



Tinned copper

Spreaders: separate parts

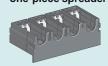


Tinned copper

Double-L terminal extensions



one-piece spreader



For U > 600 V, the mandatory insulation kit is not compatible with spreaders made up of separate parts. The one-piece spreader must be used.

Accessories for NSX400 and 630

Spreaders made up of separate parts for 52.5 and 70 mm pitch



Tinned copper

For U > 600 V, use of the 52.5 mm pitch spreaders requires a specific insulation kit.

The 70 mm pitch spreaders may not be used.

Accessories for NSX100 to 630

Right-angle terminal extensions



Tinned copper To be mounted on upstream side Edgewise terminal extensions



Tinned copper

45° terminal extensions



Tinned copper

Connection with accessories to NSX100 to 250 (IEC 228)

Pole pitch					
Without spreaders			35 mm		
With spreaders			45 mm		
Dimensions			With spreaders	or terminal extensions	
			NSX100	NSX160/250	
	Bars	L (mm)	≤ 25	≤ 25	
Bars		l (mm)	20 ≤ 1 ≤ 25	20 ≤ 1 ≤ 25	
A	1	d (mm)	≤10	≤10	
400	/	e (mm)	≤ 6	≤6	
# 10 0		Ø (mm)	6.5	8.5	
1 1 1 1 1	▲ Lugs	L (mm)	≤ 25	≤25	
		Ø (mm)	6.5	8.5	
e-e	Torque	(Nm) (1)	10	15	
	Torque	(Nm) (2)	5	5	
	▲ Lugs Torque	I (mm) d (mm) e (mm) Ø (mm)	20 ≤ 1 ≤ 25 ≤ 10 ≤ 6 6.5 ≤ 25 6.5 10	20 ≤ 1 ≤ 25 ≤ 10 ≤ 6 8.5 ≤ 25 8.5 15	

- (1) Tightening torque on the circuit breaker for spreaders or terminal extensions.
- (2) Tightening torque on the plug-in base for spreaders or terminal extensions.

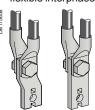
Spreaders and straight, right-angle, 45°, double-L and edgewise terminal extensions are supplied with flexible interphase barriers.

Connection with accessories to NSX400 and 630 (IEC 228)

	Pole pitch				
	Without spreaders			45 mm	
	With spreaders			52.5 or 70 mm	
	Dimensions			With spreaders	With terminal extensions
9999	□ ■ B	Bars	L (mm)	≤40	≤32
DB 115655			l (mm)	d + 15	30 ≤ I ≤ 34
			d (mm)	≤20	≤15
	400		e (mm)	3 ≤ e ≤ 10	3 ≤ e ≤ 10
	# 10 0		Ø (mm)	12.5	10.5
	^	.ugs	L (mm)	≤ 40	≤32
			Ø (mm)	12.5	10.5
	™ –е Т	orque (Nm) (1)	50	50
	T	orque (Nm) ⁽²⁾	20	20
	-				

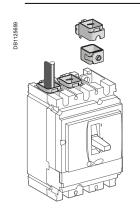
- (1) Tightening torque on the circuit breaker for spreaders or terminal extensions.
- (2) Tightening torque on the plug-in base for spreaders or terminal extensions.

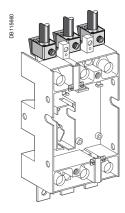
Spreaders and right-angle, 45° and edgewise terminal extensions are supplied with flexible interphase barriers.



Mounting detail: 2 cables with lugs.

Connection of bare cables to Compact and Vigicompact NSX100 to 630





Connection for NSX100 to 250







Stool





1-cable connector

2-cable connector

Distribution connector

Polybloc distribution block



1-cable connector	≤ 160 A	≤ 250 A		
L (mm)	25	25		
S (mm²) Cu / Al	1.5 to 95 (1)	25 to 50	70 to 95	120 to 185 150 max. flex.
Torque (Nm)	12	20	26	26
2-cable connector				
L (mm)	25 or 50			
S (mm²) Cu / Al	2 x 50 to 2 x	120		
Torque (Nm)	22			
6-cable distribution	n connector (copper or alun	ninium)	
L (mm)	15 or 30			
S (mm²) Cu / Al	1.5 to 6 (1)	8 to 35		
Torque (Nm)	4	6		
Polybloc distribut	ion block (6 oı	9 cables)		
L (mm)	12	16		
S (mm²) Cu / Al	6 x 4 to 10	3 x 6 to 16		

Aluminium

Connection to NSX400 and 630





1-cable connector

2-cable connector



	1-cable connector	2-cable connector
L (mm)	30	30 or 60
S (mm²) Cu / Al	35 to 300 rigid 240 max. flex.	2 x 35 to 2 x 240 rigid 240 max. flex.
Torque (Nm)	31	31

Conductor materials and electrodynamic stresses

Compact NSX circuit breakers can be connected indifferently with bare-copper, tinned-copper and tinned-aluminium conductors (flexible or rigid bars, cables). In the event of a short-circuit, thermal and electrodynamic stresses will be exerted on the conductors. They must therefore be correctly sized and held in place by supports.

Electrical connection points on switchgear devices (switch-disconnectors, contactors, circuit breakers, etc.) should not be used for mechanical support. Any partition between upstream and downstream connections of the device must be made of non-magnetic material.

⁽¹⁾ For flexible cables from 1.5 to 4 mm², connection with crimped or self-crimping ferrules.

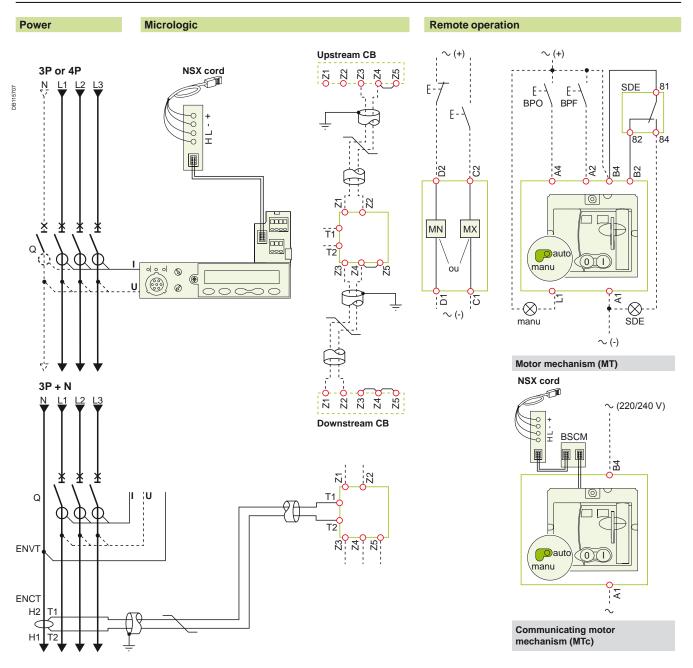


Wiring diagrams Contents

Functions and characteristics Installation recommendations Dimensions and connection	A-1 B-1 C-1
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Compact NSX100 to 630

Fixed circuit breakers



Micrologic A or E

Communication

H(WH), L(BL): data

- (BK), + (RD): 24 V DC power supply

A/E ZSI (Zone Selective Interlocking)

Z1: ZSI OUT SOURCE

Z2: ZSI OUT

Z3: ZSI IN SOURCE

Z4: ZSI IN ST (short time)

Z5: ZSI IN GF (ground fault)

Note: Z3, Z4, Z5 for NSX400/630 only.

ENCT: external neutral current transformer:

- shielded cable with 1 twisted pair (T1, T2)

- shielding earthed at one end only (CT end).

Connection L = 30 cm max.

- maximum length of 10 metres

- cable size 0.4 to 1.5 mm²

recommended cable: Belden 8441 or equivalent.

Ε ENVT: external neutral voltage tap for connection to the neutral via a 3P circuit breaker.

Remote operation

MN: undervoltage release

or

shunt release

Motor mechanism (MT)

A4: opening order A2: closing order

B4, A1: power supply to motor mechanism

11. manual position (manu)

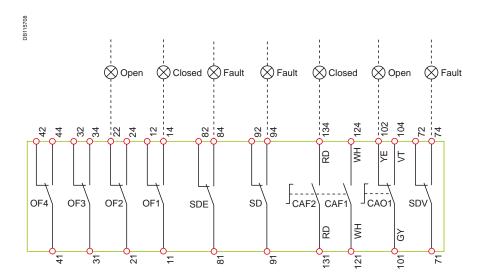
B2: SDE interlocking (mandatory for correct operation)

BPO: opening pushbutton BPF: closing pushbutton

Communicating motor mechanism (MTc)

B4, A1: motor mechanism power supply BSCM: breaker status and control module

Indication contacts



The diagram is shown with circuits deenergised, all devices open, connected and charged and relays in normal position.

Terminals shown in red O must be connected by the customer.

Indication contacts

OF2 / OF1: device ON/OFF indication contacts

OF4 / OF3: device ON/OFF indication contacts (NSX400/630)

SDE: fault-trip indication contact (short-circuit, overload, ground fault, earth

leakage)

SD: trip-indication contact

CAF2/CAF1: early-make contact (rotary handle only) **CAO1:** early-break contact (rotary handle only)

SDV: earth leakage fault trip indication contact (add-on Vigi module)

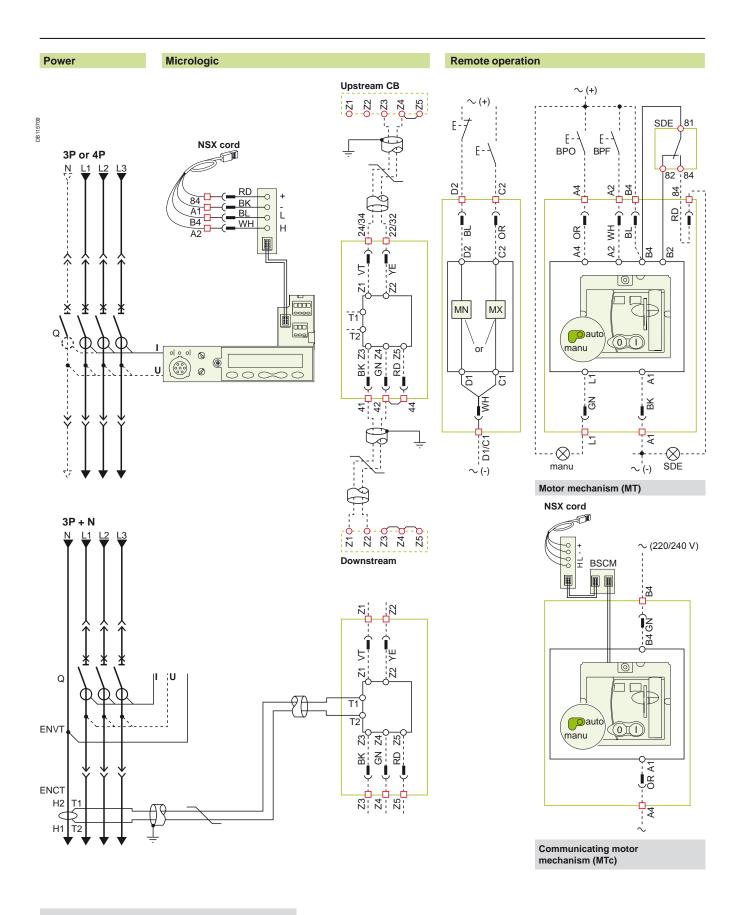
Colour code for auxiliary wiring

RD: red VT: violet
WH: white GY: grey
YE: yellow OR: orange
BK: black BL: blue

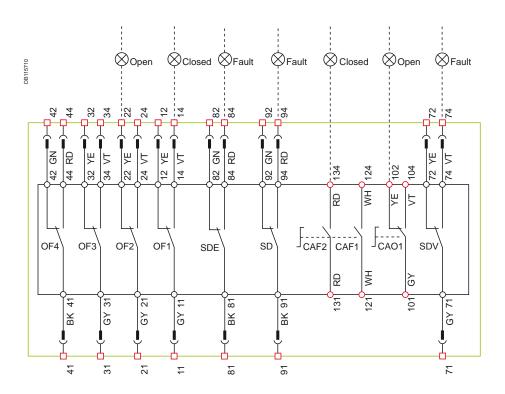
GN: green

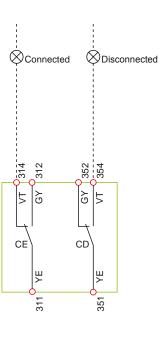
Compact NSX100 to 630

Plug-in / withdrawable circuit breakers



The diagram is shown with circuits deenergised, all devices open, connected and charged and relays in normal position. Indication contacts Carriage switches





Micrologic A or E

A/E Communication

H(WH), L(BL): data

- (BK), + (RD): 24 V DC power supply

A/E ZSI (Zone Selective Interlocking)

Z1: ZSI OUT SOURCE

Z2: ZSI OUT

Z3: ZSI IN SOURCE

Z4: ZSI IN ST (short time)

Z5: ZSI IN GF (ground fault)

Note: Z3, Z4, Z5 for NSX400/630 only.

A/E ENCT: external neutral current transformer:

- shielded cable with 1 twisted pair (T1, T2)

- shielding earthed at one end only (CT end).

Connection L = 30 cm max.

- maximum length of 10 metres

- cable size 0.4 to 1.5 mm²

- recommended cable: Belden 8441 or equivalent.

ENVT: external neutral voltage tap for connection to the neutral via a 3P circuit breaker.

Colour code for auxiliary wiring

RD: red VT: violet
WH: white GY: grey
YE: yellow OR: orange
BK: black BL: blue

GN: green

Terminals shown in red \square / \bigcirc must be connected by the customer.

Remote operation

MN: undervoltage release

or

MX: shunt release

Motor mechanism (MT)

A4: opening order A2: closing order

B4, A1: motor mechanism power supply

L1: manual position (manu)

B2: SDE interlocking (mandatory for automatic or remote

recharging)

BPO: opening pushbutton BPF: closing pushbutton

Communicating motor mechanism (MTc)

B4, A1: motor mechanism power supply breaker status and control module

Indication contacts

CAO1:

OF2 / OF1: device ON/OFF indication contacts

OF4 / OF3: device ON/OFF indication contacts (NSX400/630)

SDE: fault-trip indication contact

(short-circuit, overload, ground fault, earth leakage)

SD: trip-indication contact

CAF2/CAF1: early-make contact (rotary handle only)

early-break contact

(rotary handle only)

SDV: earth leakage fault trip indication contact (add-on Vigi

module)

Compact NSX100 to 630

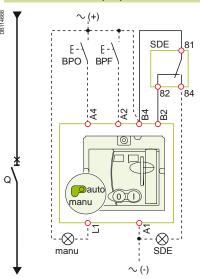
Motor mechanism

The diagram is shown with circuits deenergised, all devices open, connected and charged and relays in normal position.

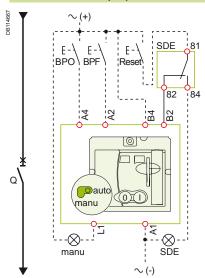
After tripping initiated by the "Push to trip" button or by the undervoltage (MN) release or the shunt (MX) release, device reset can be automatic, remote or manual.

Following tripping due to an electrical fault (with an SDE contact), reset must be carried out manually.

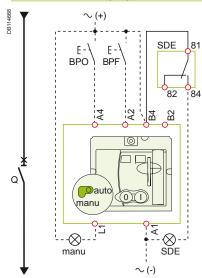
Motor mechanism (MT) with automatic reset



Motor mechanism (MT) with remote reset



Motor mechanism (MT) with manual reset



Symbols

Q: circuit breaker A4: opening order A2: closing order

B4, A1: motor mechanism power supply

L1: manual position (manu)

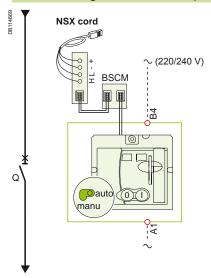
B2: SDE interlocking (mandatory for correct

operation)

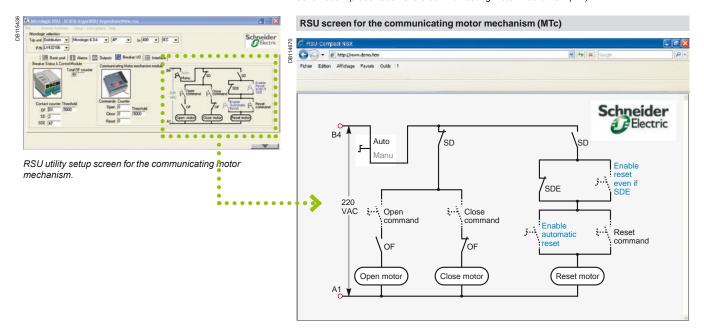
BPO: opening pushbutton **BPF:** closing pushbutton

SDE: fault-trip indication contact (short-circuit, overload, ground fault, earth leakage)

Communicating motor mechanism (MTc)



Schematic representation of the communicating motor mechanism (MT).



Single-line diagram of communicating motor mechanism

Opening, closing and reset orders are transmitted via the communication network. The "Enable automatic reset" and "Enable reset even if SDE" parameters must be set using the RSU software via the screen by clicking the blue text.

"Auto/manu" is a switch on the front of the motor mechanism.

Symbols

Q: circuit breaker

B4, A1: motor mechanism power supply **BSCM:** breaker status and control module

Terminals shown in red O must be connected by the customer.

Compact NSX100 to 630

SDx module with Micrologic

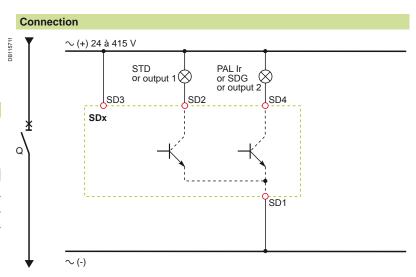
The diagram is shown with circuits deenergised, all devices open, connected and charged and relays in normal position.

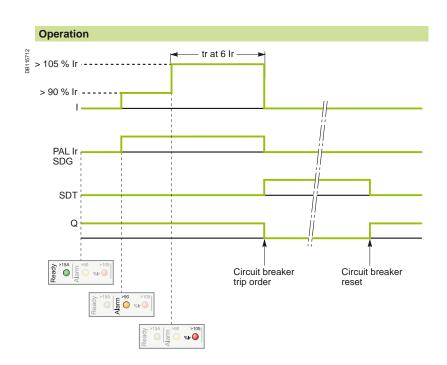
Symbols

SD1, SD3: SDx-module power supply SD2: output 1 (80 mA max.) SD4: output 2 (80 mA max.)

	SD2	SD4
Micrologic 2	SDT	-
Micrologic 5	SDT or output 1	PAL Ir or output 2
Micrologic 6	SDT or output 1	SDG or output 2

Terminals shown in red O must be connected by the customer.





I: charge current

PAL Ir: thermal overload pre-alarm

SDG: ground-fault signal
SDT: thermal-fault signal
Q: circuit breaker

SDTAM module with Micrologic M

The diagram is shown with circuits deenergised, all devices open, connected and charged and relays in normal position.

Symbols

SD1, SD3: SDTAM-module power supply **SD2:** thermal-fault signal output

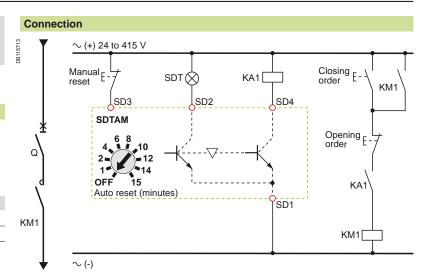
(80 mA max.)

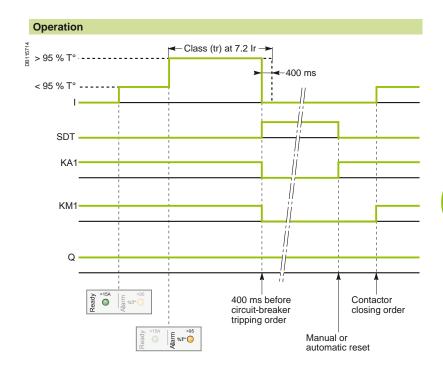
SD4: contactor-control output

(80 mA max.)

	SD2	SD4
Micrologic 2-M	SDT	KA1
Micrologic 6 E-M	SDT	KA1

Terminals shown in red O must be connected by the customer.





I: charge current SDT: thermal-fault signal

KA1: auxiliary relay (e.g. RBN or RTBT relay)

KM1: motor contactor
Q: circuit breaker



Additional characteristics

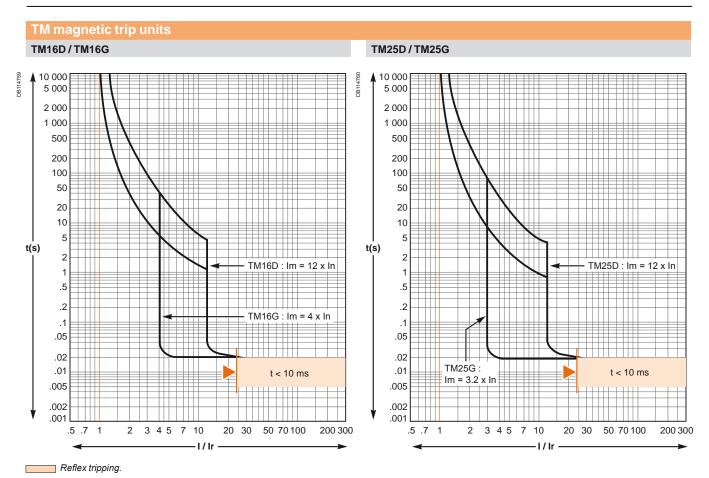
Contents

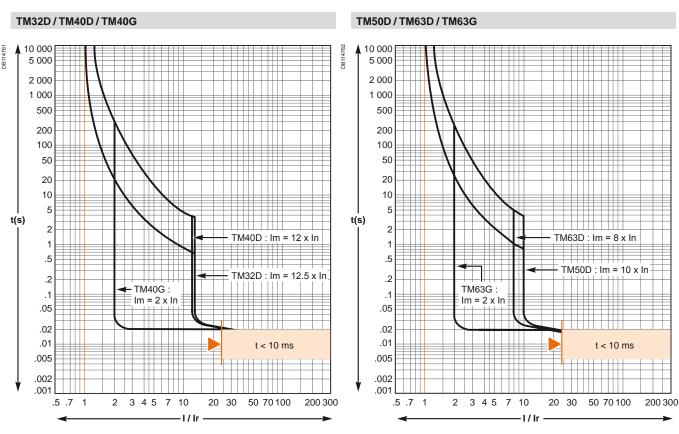
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Compact NSX100 to 250 protection of distribution systems	E-2
Compact NSX100 to 250 motor protection	E-6
Compact NSX400 to 630 protection of distribution systems	E-8
Compact NSX400 to 630 motor protection	E-10
Compact NSX100 to 630 reflex tripping	E-12
Current and energy limiting curves	E-13
Catalogue numbers	F-1
Glossary	G-1

Tripping curves

Compact NSX100 to 250

Protection of distribution systems

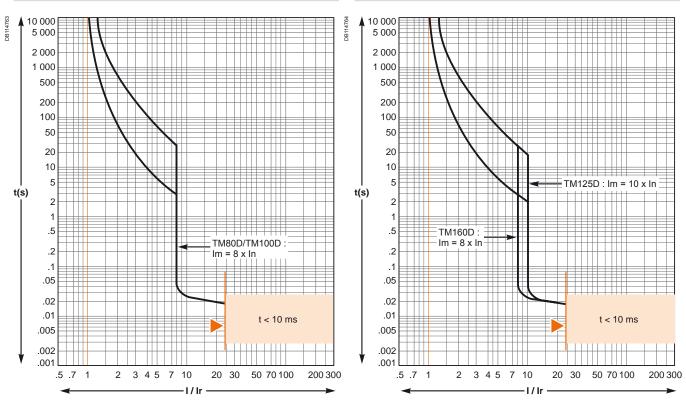




TM magnetic trip units (cont.)

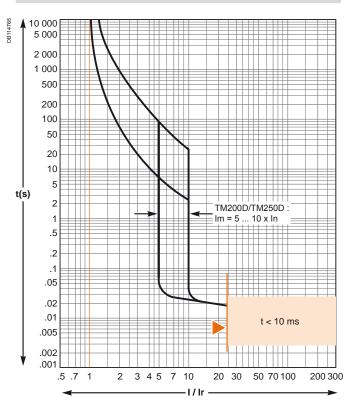
TM80D/TM100D

TM125D/TM160D



Reflex tripping.

TM200D/TM250D

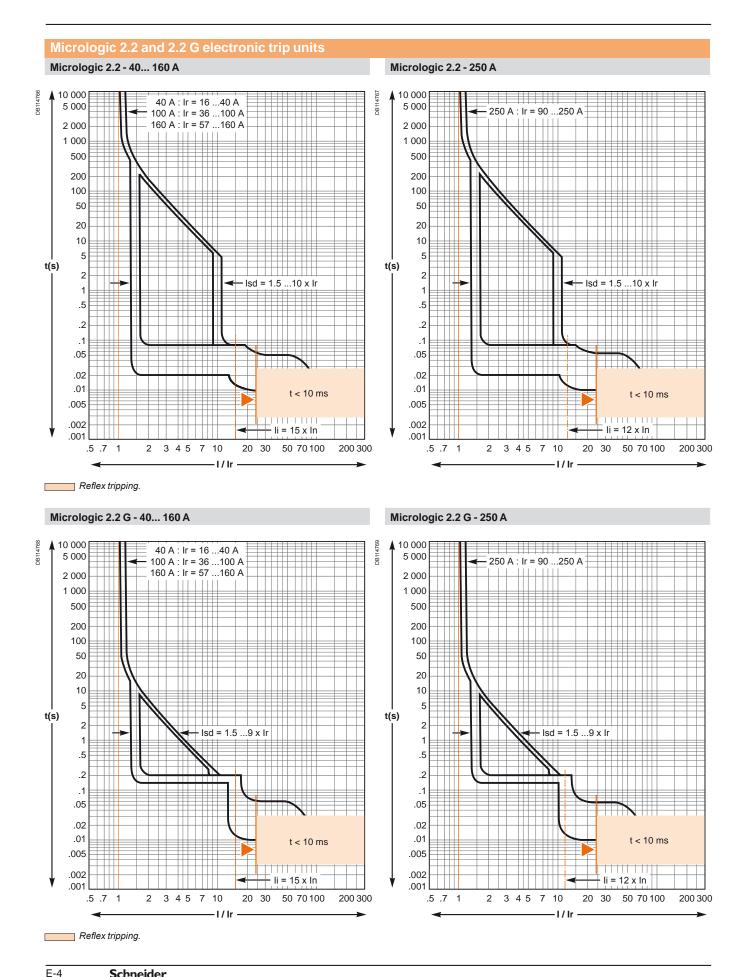


Reflex tripping.

Tripping curves

Compact NSX100 to 250

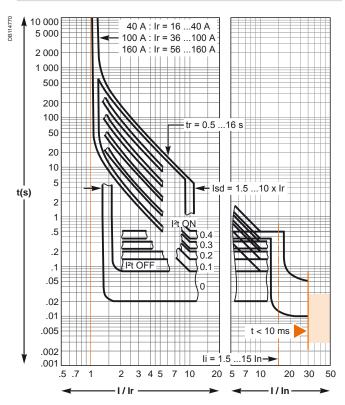
Protection of distribution systems (cont.)

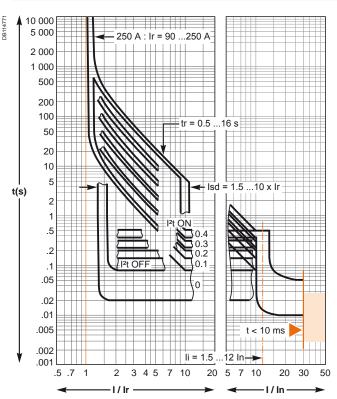


Micrologic 5.2 and 6.2 A or E electronic trip units

Micrologic 5.2 and 6.2 A or E - 40... 160 A

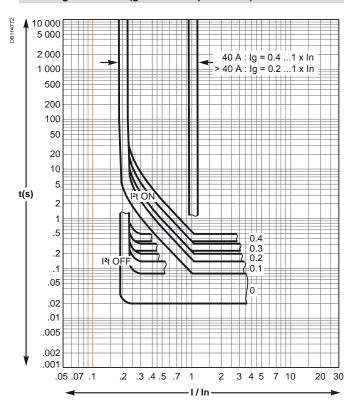
Micrologic 5.2 and 6.2 A or E - 250 A





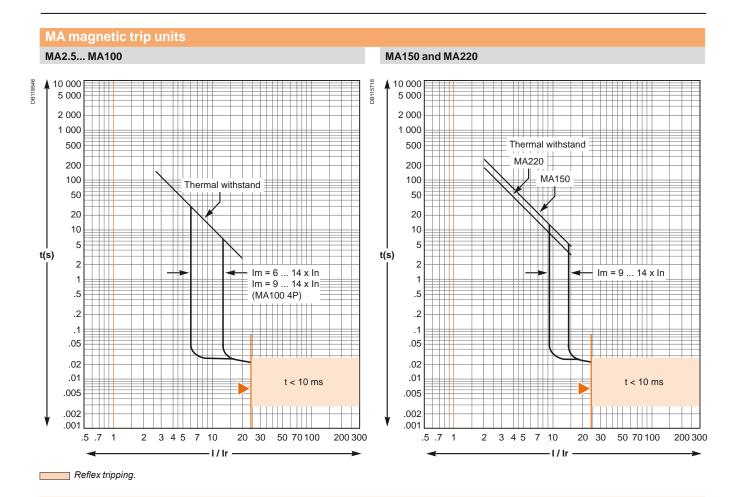
Reflex tripping.

Micrologic 6.2 A or E (ground-fault protection)

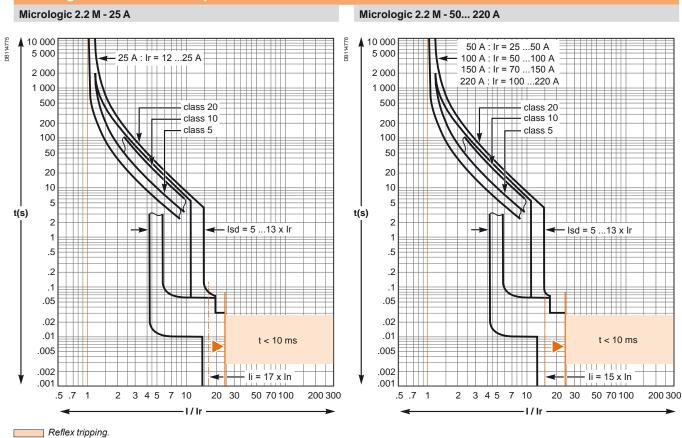


Tripping curves

Compact NSX100 to 250 Motor protection



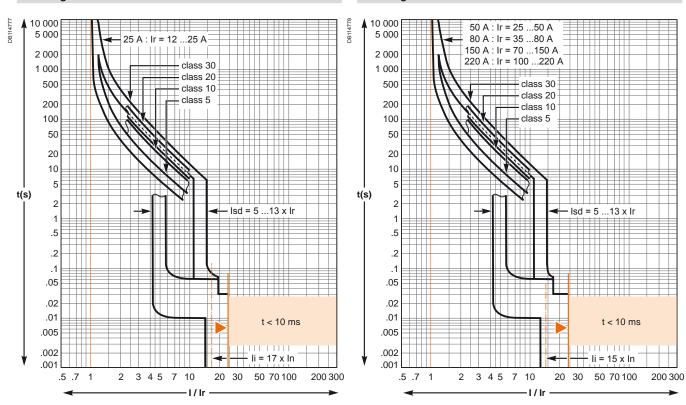
Micrologic 2.2 M electronic trip units



Micrologic 6.2 E-M electronic trip units

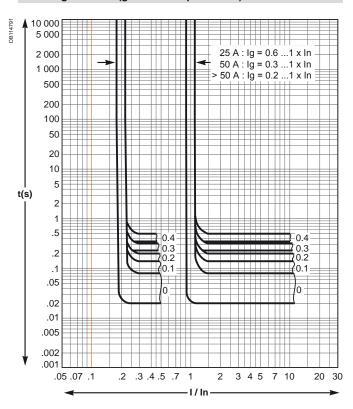
Micrologic 6.2 E-M - 25 A

Micrologic 6.2 E-M - 50... 220 A



Reflex tripping.

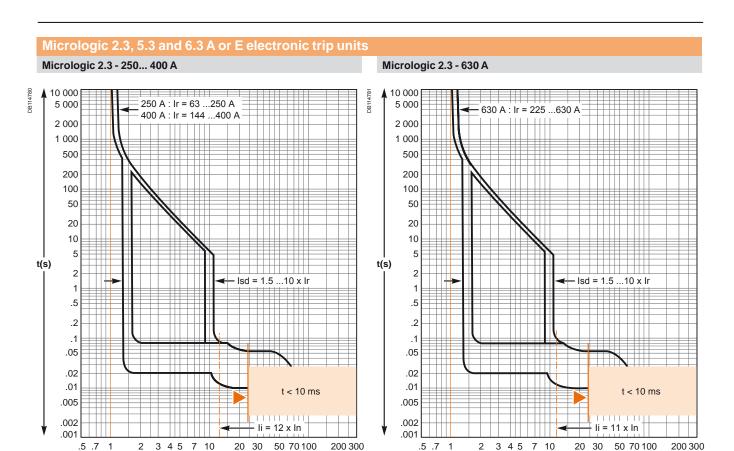
Micrologic 6.2 E-M (ground-fault protection)

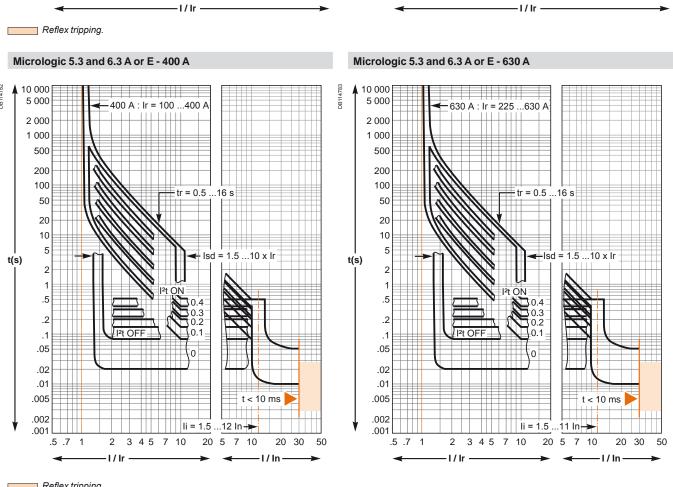


Tripping curves

Compact NSX400 to 630

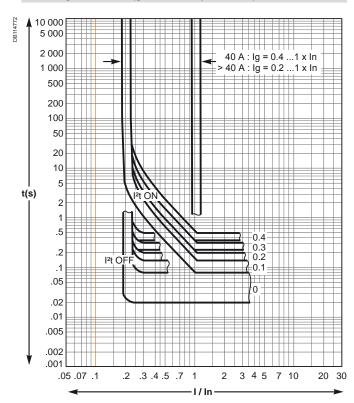
Protection of distribution systems





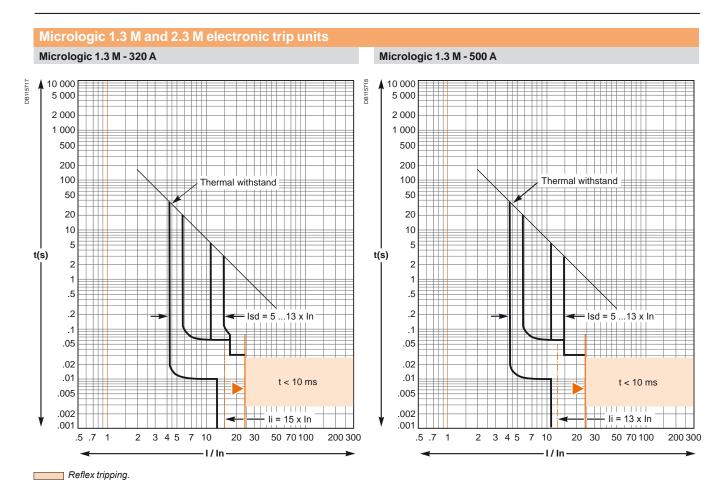
Micrologic 6.3 A or E electronic trip units (cont.)

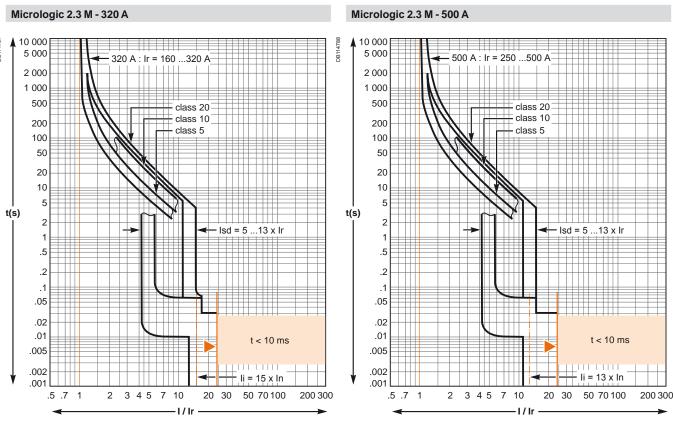
Micrologic 6.3 A or E (ground-fault protection)



Tripping curves

Compact NSX400 to 630 Motor protection

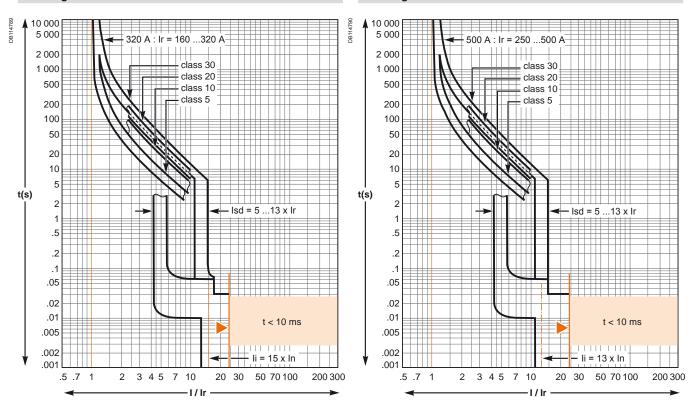




Micrologic 6.3 E-M electronic trip units

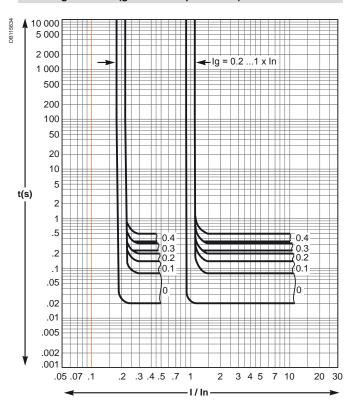
Micrologic 6.3 E-M - 320 A

Micrologic 6.3 E-M - 500 A



Reflex tripping.

Micrologic 6.3 E-M (ground fault protection)



Tripping curves

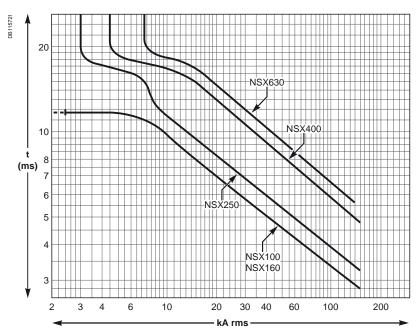
Compact NSX100 to 630 Reflex tripping

 $\label{eq:compact} \mbox{Compact NSX100 to 630 devices incorporate the exclusive reflex-tripping system.}$

This system breaks very high fault currents.
The device is mechanically tripped via a "piston" actuated directly by the pressure produced in the breaking units by the short-circuit.

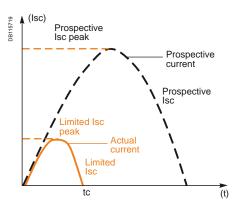
For high short-circuits, this system provides a faster break, thereby ensuring discrimination.

Reflex-tripping curves are exclusively a function of the circuit-breaker rating.



Current and energy limiting curves

The limiting capacity of a circuit breaker is its aptitude to let through a current, during a short-circuit, that is less than the prospective short-circuit current.



The exceptional limiting capacity of the Compact NSX range is due to the rotating double-break technique (very rapid natural repulsion of contacts and the appearance of two arc voltages in-series with a very steep wave front).

Ics = 100 % Icu

The exceptional limiting capacity of the Compact NSX range greatly reduces the forces created by fault currents in devices.

The result is a major increase in breaking performance.

In particular, the service breaking capacity Ics is equal to 100 % of Icu.

The Ics value, defined by IEC standard 60947-2, is guaranteed by tests comprising the following steps:

- break three times consecutively a fault current equal to 100% of Icu
- check that the device continues to function normally, that is:
- □ it conducts the rated current without abnormal temperature rise
- □ protection functions perform within the limits specified by the standard
- □ suitability for isolation is not impaired.

Longer service life of electrical installations

Current-limiting circuit breakers greatly reduce the negative effects of short-circuits on installations.

Thermal effects

Less temperature rise in conductors, therefore longer service life for cables.

Mechanical effects

Reduced electrodynamic forces, therefore less risk of electrical contacts or busbars being deformed or broken.

Electromagnetic effects

Fewer disturbances for measuring devices located near electrical circuits.

Economy by means of cascading

Cascading is a technique directly derived from current limiting. Circuit breakers with breaking capacities less than the prospective short-circuit current may be installed downstream of a limiting circuit breaker. The breaking capacity is reinforced by the limiting capacity of the upstream device. It follows that substantial savings can be made on downstream equipment and enclosures.

Current and energy limiting curves

The limiting capacity of a circuit breaker is expressed by two curves which are a function of the prospective short-circuit current (the current which would flow if no protection devices were installed):

- the actual peak current (limited current)
- \blacksquare thermal stress (A²s), i.e. the energy dissipated by the short-circuit in a conductor with a resistance of 1 $\Omega.$

Example

What is the real value of a 150 kA rms prospective short-circuit (i.e. 330 kA peak) limited by an NSX250L upstream?

The answer is 30 kA peak (curve page E-14).

Maximum permissible cable stresses

The table below indicates the maximum permissible thermal stresses for cables depending on their insulation, conductor (Cu or Al) and their cross-sectional area (CSA). CSA values are given in mm² and thermal stresses in A²s.

CSA		1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	4 mm ²	6 mm ²	10 mm ²
PVC	Cu	2.97x10 ⁴	8.26x10 ⁴	2.12x10 ⁵	4.76x10⁵	1.32x10 ⁶
	ΑI					5.41x10 ⁵
PRC	Cu	4.10x10 ⁴	1.39x10⁵	2.92x10 ⁵	6.56x10⁵	1.82x10 ⁶
	ΑI					7.52x10 ⁵
CSA		16 mm²	25 mm ²	35 mm ²	50 mm ²	
PVC	Cu	3.4x10 ⁶	8.26x10 ⁶	1.62x10 ⁷	3.31x10 ⁷	
	ΑI	1.39x10 ⁶	3.38x10 ⁶	6.64x10 ⁶	1.35x10 ⁷	
PRC	Cu	4.69x10 ⁶	1.39x10 ⁷	2.23x10 ⁷	4.56x10 ⁷	
	ΑI	1.93x10 ⁶	4.70x10 ⁶	9.23x10 ⁶	1.88x10 ⁷	

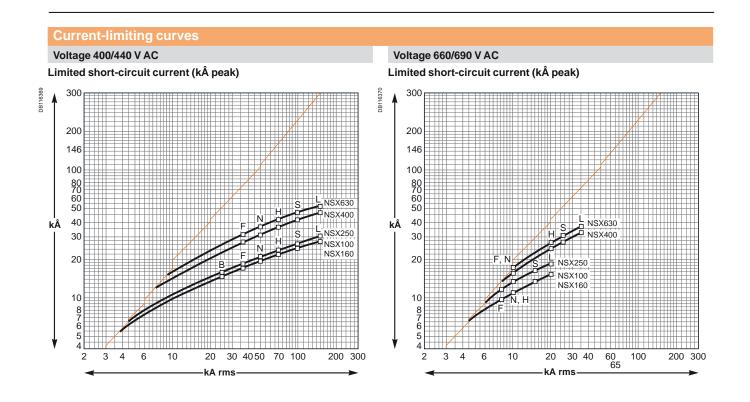
Example

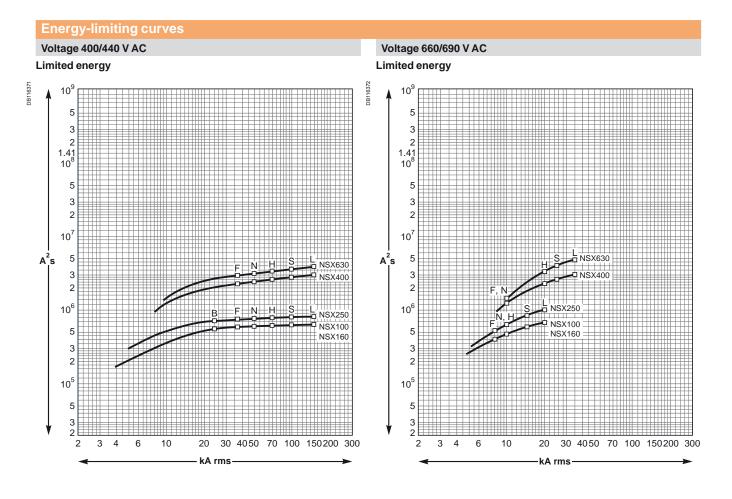
Is a Cu/PVC cable with a CSA of 10 mm² adequately protected by an NSX160F? The table above indicates that the permissible stress is 1.32x10⁶ A²s.

All short-circuit currents at the point where an NSX160F (Icu = 35 kA) is installed are limited with a thermal stress less than $6x10^5 \text{ A}^2\text{s}$ (curve page E-14).

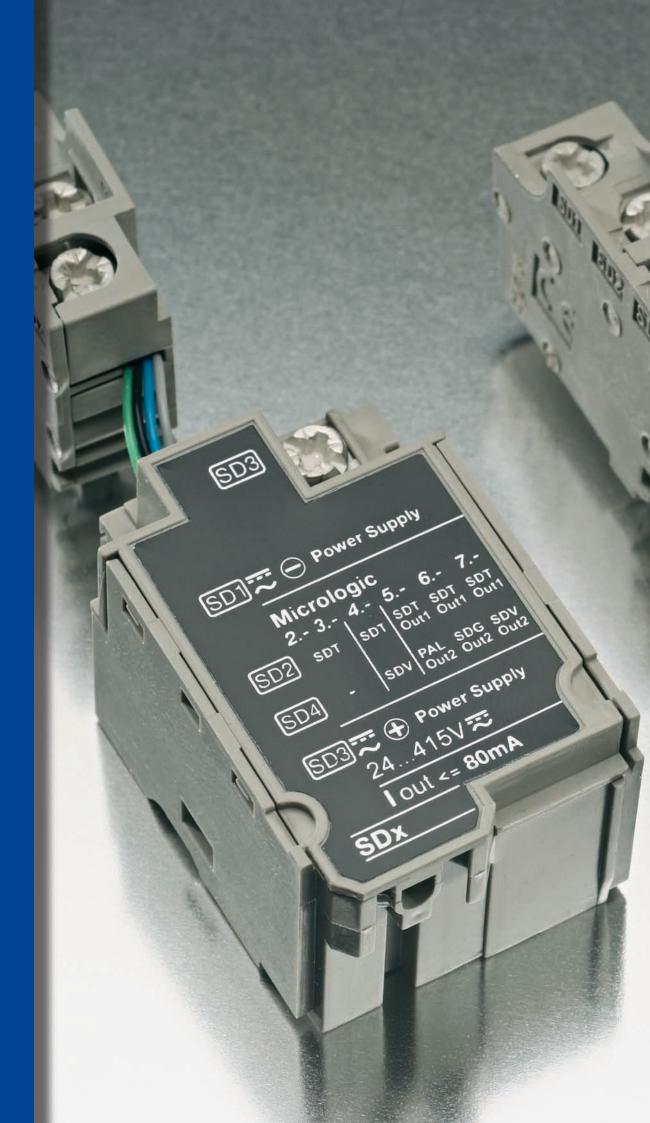
Cable protection is therefore ensured up to the limit of the breaking capacity of the circuit breaker.

Current and energy limiting curves





Simplicity of catalogue numbers



Catalogue numbers Contents

Functions and characteristics Installation recommendations Dimensions and connection Wiring diagrams Additional characteristics	A-1 B-1 C-1 D-1 E-1
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NSX400 to 630	F-29
Order form Compact NSX100 to 630	F-52
Glossarv	G-1

Compact NSX100 to 250 Contents

NSX100/160/250B: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250B (25 kA 380/415 V) Vigicompact NSX100/160/250B (25 kA 380/415 V)	F-4 F-4 F-5
NSX100/160/250F: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250F (36 kA 380/415 V) Vigicompact NSX100/160/250F (36 kA 380/415 V)	F-6 F-6 F-8
NSX100/160/250N: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250N (50 kA 380/415 V)	F-9 F-9
NSX100/160/250H: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250H (70 kA 380/415 V)	F-1 1 F-11
NSX100/160/250NA: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250NA	F-1 3
NSX100/160/250B/F/N/H/S/L: fixed/FC device based on separate components Compact and Vigicompact	F-1 4 F-14
Trip unit accessories Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250	F-16 F-16
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Accessories Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250	F-18 F-18
Monitoring and control, test tools Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250	F-27 F-27

NSX100/160/250B: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX100/160/250B (25 kA 380/415 V)

Compact NSX100/	160/250B				
With thermal-magnetic	trip unit TM-D				
	Compact N	SX100B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
H 17222	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM16D	LV429547	LV429557	LV429567	LV429577
	TM25D	LV429546	LV429556	LV429566	LV429576
	TM32D	LV429545	LV429555	LV429565	LV429575
	TM40D	LV429544	LV429554	LV429564	LV429574
	TM50D	LV429543	LV429553	LV429563	LV429573
N. T. W.	TM63D	LV429542	LV429552	LV429562	LV429572
TARLET	TM80D	LV429541	LV429551	LV429561	LV429571
	TM100D	LV429540	LV429550	LV429560	LV429570
	Compact N	SX160B (25 kA at 380/415 V)	i.		
	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM80D	LV430303	LV430313	LV430323	LV430333
	TM100D	LV430302	LV430312	LV430322	LV430332
	TM125D	LV430301	LV430311	LV430321	LV430331
	TM160D	LV430300	LV430310	LV430320	LV430330
	Compact N	SX250B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM125D	LV431103	LV431113	LV431123	LV431133
	TM160D	LV431102	LV431112	LV431122	LV431132
	TM200D	LV431101	LV431111	LV431121	LV431131
	TM250D	LV431100	LV431110	LV431120	LV431130
With electronic trip unit	t Micrologic 2	.2 (LS _o I protection)			
		SX100B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
H1223	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	40		LV429777	LV429787	
	100		LV429775	LV429785	
	Compact N	SX160B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	100		LV430746	LV430751	
MATO HEN	160		LV430745	LV430750	
· NE		SX250B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	100		LV431142	LV431152	
	160		LV431141	LV431151	
	250		LV431140	LV431150	
•		2 A (LSI protection, amm			
1757 A 17		SX100B (25 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + O	SN
	40		LV429872	LV429877	
	100	01/1000 (05114 1000/1/511)	LV429870	LV429875	
	•	SX160B (25 kA at 380/415 V)		I	
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + O	SN
	100		LV430871	LV430876	
MARINET	160	AVARAB (AR.)	LV430870	LV430875	
7		SX250B (25 kA at 380/415 V)		Lamon 41 or 112 or 1	
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + O	SN
	100		LV431147	LV431157	
	160		LV431146	LV431156	
With alcotronic trip unit	250	0 F / Cl mastastian anan	LV431145	LV431155	

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.2 E (LSI protection, energy meter)
To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

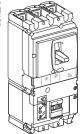
To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250B: complete fixed/FC device

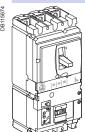
Vigicompact NSX100/160/250B (25 kA 380/415 V)

Vigicompact NSX100/160/250B With thermal-magnetic trip unit TM-D



trip utilit rivi-b			
Vigicompact NSX10	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
TM16D	LV429667	LV429707	LV429967
TM25D	LV429666	LV429706	LV429966
TM32D	LV429665	LV429705	LV429965
TM40D	LV429664	LV429704	LV429964
TM50D	LV429663	LV429703	LV429963
TM63D	LV429662	LV429702	LV429962
TM80D	LV429661	LV429701	LV429961
TM100D	LV429660	LV429700	LV429960
Vigicompact NSX16	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
TM80D	LV430343	LV430353	LV430363
TM100D	LV430342	LV430352	LV430362
TM125D	LV430341	LV430351	LV430361
TM160D	LV430340	LV430350	LV430360
Vigicompact NSX25	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
TM125D	LV431903	LV431913	LV431963
TM160D	LV431902	LV431912	LV431962
TM200D	LV431901	LV431911	LV431961
TM250D	LV431900	LV431910	LV431960

With electronic trip unit



	With electronic trip un	it Micrologic 2.2 (L	S _o l protection)	
		Vigicompact NSX10	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)
		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
1		40	LV429975	LV429985
		100	LV429974	LV429984
		Vigicompact NSX16	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)
		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
		40	LV430962	LV430997
		100	LV430961	LV430996
		160	LV430960	LV430995
		Vigicompact NSX25	0B (25 kA at 380/415 V) equipped w	rith MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)
	Te Te	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
		100	LV431977	LV431987
		160	LV431976	LV431986
		250	LV431975	LV431985
	With electronic trip un	it Micrologic 5.2 A o	r 5.2 E (LSI protection, ammeter	er or energy meter)
		•	•	,

NSX100/160/250F: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX100/160/250F (36 kA 380/415 V)

Compact NSX10	0/160/250F				
With thermal-magnet	tic trip unit TN	/I-D			
3	Compact N	SX100F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
1472222	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
• 1000	TM16D	LV429627	LV429637	LV429647	LV429657
	TM25D	LV429626	LV429636	LV429646	LV429656
	TM32D	LV429625	LV429635	LV429645	LV429655
	TM40D	LV429624	LV429634	LV429644	LV429654
	TM50D	LV429623	LV429633	LV429643	LV429653
A TOP	TM63D	LV429622	LV429632	LV429642	LV429652
THE	TM80D	LV429621	LV429631	LV429641	LV429651
	TM100D	LV429620	LV429630	LV429640	LV429650
	Compact N	SX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM80D	LV430623	LV430633	LV430643	LV430653
	TM100D	LV430622	LV430632	LV430642	LV430652
	TM125D	LV430621	LV430631	LV430641	LV430651
	TM160D	LV430620	LV430630	LV430640	LV430650
		SX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V)		1-110011	1-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1
	Rating	3P 2d	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM125D	LV431623	LV431633	LV431643	LV431653
	TM160D	LV431622	LV431632	LV431642	LV431652
	TM200D	LV431621	LV431631	LV431641	LV431651
	TM250D	LV431620	LV431630	LV431640	LV431650
With electronic trip u		c 2.2 (LS _o I protection)	1=1101000	, == ==================================	2.10100
		SX100F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
H12223	Rating	CALLOCK (CO.III.C.C.C.C.)	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	40		LV429772	LV429782	
	100		LV429770	LV429780	
		SX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V)		1 = 1 = 2 = 2	
	Rating	o, 11001 (00 111 111 1000, 110 1)	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	100		LV430771	LV430781	
	160		LV430770	LV430780	
Terre		SX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V)		121.00.00	
	Rating	,	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	100		LV431772	LV431782	
	160		LV431771	LV431781	
	250		LV431770	LV431780	
With electronic trip u	nit Micrologic	5.2 A (LSI protection, ar	nmeter)		
		SX100F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
N 17222	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d	+ OSN
	40		LV429882	LV429887	
	100		LV429880	LV429885	
	Compact N	SX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d	+ OSN
	100		LV430881	LV430886	
	160		LV430880	LV430885	
Aller	Compact N	SX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V)			
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d	+ OSN
	100		LV431862	LV431867	
	160		LV431861	LV431866	
	250		LV431860	LV431865	
With electronic trip u	nit Micrologio	5.2 E (LSI protection, er	nergy meter)		

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250F: complete fixed/FC device (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250F (36 kA 380/415 V) (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250F





. 1017 (
Compact NSX100F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA2.5	LV429745
MA6.3	LV429744
MA12.5	LV429743
MA25	LV429742
MA50	LV429741
MA100	LV429740
Compact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA100	LV430831
MA150	LV430830
Compact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA150	LV431749
MA220	LV431748

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.2-M (LS_oI motor protection)



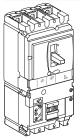
Compact NSX100F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
25	LV429828
50	LV429827
100	LV429825
Compact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
100	LV430986
150	LV430985
Compact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/41	15 V)
Rating	3P 3d
150	LV431161
220	LV431160

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250F: complete fixed/FC device (cont.)

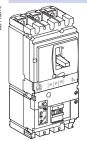
Vigicompact NSX100/160/250F (36 kA 380/415 V)

Vigicompact NSX100/160/250F With thermal-magnetic trip unit TM-D Vigicompact NSX100F (36 kA at 380/415 V) & Rating Rating 3P 3d TM16D LV429937 TM25D LV429936 TM32D LV429935



Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM16D LV429937 LV429947 LV429957 TM25D LV429936 LV429946 LV429956 TM32D LV429935 LV429945 LV429955 TM40D LV429934 LV429944 LV429954 TM50D LV429933 LV429943 LV429953 TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 LV430953 TM100D LV430931 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430930 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430933 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932	Vigicompact NSX	(100F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped	with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
TM25D LV429936 LV429946 LV429956 TM32D LV429935 LV429945 LV429955 TM40D LV429934 LV429944 LV429954 TM50D LV429933 LV429943 LV429953 TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Valon September (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
TM32D LV429935 LV429945 LV429955 TM40D LV429934 LV429944 LV429954 TM50D LV429933 LV429943 LV429953 TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430931 LV430942 LV430952 TM15D LV430930 LV430941 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Validation of the color	TM16D	LV429937	LV429947	LV429957
TM40D LV429934 LV429944 LV429954 TM50D LV429933 LV429943 LV429953 TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) V Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430930 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) V Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM25D	LV429936	LV429946	LV429956
TM50D LV429933 LV429943 LV429953 TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM32D	LV429935	LV429945	LV429955
TM63D LV429932 LV429942 LV429952 TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM10DD LV430931 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) LV430950 Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM40D	LV429934	LV429944	LV429954
TM80D LV429931 LV429941 LV429951 TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM50D	LV429933	LV429943	LV429953
TM100D LV429930 LV429940 LV429950 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430931 LV430942 LV430952 TM160D LV430930 LV430941 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM63D	LV429932	LV429942	LV429952
Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM80D	LV429931	LV429941	LV429951
Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM100D	LV429930	LV429940	LV429950
TM80D LV430933 LV430943 LV430953 TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	Vigicompact NS)	(160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped	with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
TM100D LV430932 LV430942 LV430952 TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
TM125D LV430931 LV430941 LV430951 TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM80D	LV430933	LV430943	LV430953
TM160D LV430930 LV430940 LV430950 Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM100D	LV430932	LV430942	LV430952
Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM125D	LV430931	LV430941	LV430951
Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d 4P 4d TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	TM160D	LV430930	LV430940	LV430950
TM125D LV431933 LV431943 LV431953 TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	Vigicompact NS)	(250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped	with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)	
TM160D LV431932 LV431942 LV431952	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM125D	LV431933	LV431943	LV431953
TM200D LV431931 LV431941 LV431951	TM160D	LV431932	LV431942	LV431952
	TM200D	LV431931	LV431941	LV431951
TM250D LV431930 LV431940 LV431950	TM250D	LV431930	LV431940	LV431950

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.2 (LS_ol protection)



Vigicompact NSX100F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV429972 LV429982 100 LV429970 LV429980 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981 160 LV430970 LV430980
40 LV429972 LV429982 100 LV429970 LV429980 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981
100 LV429970 LV429980 Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981
Vigicompact NSX160F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V) Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981
Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981
40 LV430973 LV430983 100 LV430971 LV430981
100 LV430971 LV430981
100 11/420070 11/420000
160 LV430970 LV430980
Vigicompact NSX250F (36 kA at 380/415 V) equipped with MH Vigi module (200 to 440 V)
Rating 3P 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
100 LV431972 LV431982
160 LV431971 LV431981
250 LV431970 LV431980

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.2 A or 5.2 E (LSI protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250N: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX100/160/250N (50 kA 380/415 V)

	(100/160/250N gnetic trip unit TM-	D		
ith thermai-ma				
	•	X100N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	4P 3d	4P 4d
	Rating			
	TM16D	LV429847	LV429857	LV429867
	TM25D	LV429846	LV429856	LV429866
	TM32D	LV429845	LV429855	LV429865
	TM40D	LV429844	LV429854	LV429864
	TM50D	LV429843	LV429853	LV429863
Marien	TM63D TM80D	LV429842	LV429852	LV429862
V		LV429841	LV429851	LV429861
	TM100D	LV429840 X160N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	LV429850	LV429860
	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM80D	LV430843	LV430853	LV430863
	TM100D	LV430842	LV430852	LV430863 LV430862
	TM125D	LV430841	LV430852 LV430851	LV430862
	TM160D	LV430840	LV430850	LV430860
		X250N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	LV430630	LV430000
	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM125D	LV431833	LV431843	LV431853
	TM160D	LV431832	LV431842	LV431852
	TM200D	LV431831	LV431841	LV431851
	TM250D	LV431830	LV431840	LV431850
th electronic ti		2.2 (LS _o I protection)	,	, =1.10.1000
	-	X100N (50 kA at 380/415 V)		
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
TO THE STATE OF TH	40		LV429797	LV429807
	100		LV429795	LV429805
	Compact NS	X160N (50 kA at 380/415 V)		
	Rating	,	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
	100		LV430776	LV430786
OT OF	160		LV430775	LV430785
There		X250N (50 kA at 380/415 V)		
	Rating	,	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
	100		LV431872	LV431877
	160		LV431871	LV431876
	250		LV431870	LV431875
th electronic to	rip unit Micrologic	5.2 A (LSI protection, amme	ter)	·
	Compact NS	X100N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	· ·	
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN
N. O.	40		LV429892	LV429897
	100		LV429890	LV429895
	Compact NS	X160N (50 kA at 380/415 V)		
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN
	100		LV430891	LV430896
ATO NOT	160		LV430890	LV430895
INE.		X250N (50 kA at 380/415 V)		
	Rating		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN
	100		LV431882	LV431887
	160		LV431881	LV431886
	250		LV431880	LV431885
		5.2 E (LSI protection, energy	4 1	

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250N: complete fixed/FC device (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250N (50 kA 380/415 V) (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250N With magnetic trip unit MA Compact NSX100N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d MA2.5 LV429755 MA6.3 LV429754 MA12.5 LV429753 MA25 LV429752 MA50 LV429751 MA100 LV429750 Compact NSX160N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d MA100 LV430833 LV430832 MA150 Compact NSX250N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d MA150 LV431753 MA220 LV431752 With electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.2-M (LS_oI motor protection) Compact NSX100N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 25 LV429833 50 LV429832 100 LV429830 Compact NSX160N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating 100 LV430989 150 LV430988 Compact NSX250N (50 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d

LV431166

LV431165

220

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250H: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX100/160/250H (70 kA 380/415 V)

Compact NSX100/160/250H With thermal-magnetic trip unit TM-D Compact NSX100H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d **4P** 3d TM16D LV429677 LV429687 LV429697 TM25D LV429676 LV429686 LV429696 TM32D LV429685 LV429675 LV429695 TM40D LV429674 LV429684 LV429694 TM50D LV429673 LV429683 LV429693 TM63D LV429672 LV429682 LV429692 LV429681 LV429691 TM80D LV429671 TM100D LV429670 LV429680 LV429690 Compact NSX160H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating 4P 3d **4P** 4d **3P** 3d LV430673 LV430683 LV430693 TM80D TM100D LV430672 LV430682 LV430692 TM125D LV430671 LV430681 LV430691 TM160D LV430670 LV430680 LV430690 Compact NSX250H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d **4P** 3d **4P** 4d LV431673 LV431683 LV431693 TM125D LV431682 LV431692 TM160D LV431672 TM200D LV431671 LV431681 LV431691 TM250D LV431670 LV431680 LV431690 With electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.2 (LS_oI protection) Compact NSX100H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 LV429792 LV429802 40 LV429800 LV429790 100 Compact NSX160H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 100 LV430791 LV430801 160 LV430790 LV430800 Compact NSX250H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2 100 LV431792 LV431802 LV431791 LV431801 160 250 LV431790 LV431800 With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.2 A (LSI protection, ammeter) Compact NSX100H (70 kA at 380/415 V) **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN Rating LV429794 LV429804 40 LV429803 100 LV429793 Compact NSX160H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN 100 LV430795 LV430805 LV430794 LV430804 Compact NSX250H (70 kA at 380/415 V) Rating **3P** 3d 4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, OSN 100 LV431797 LV431807

LV431806

LV431805

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.2 E (LSI protection, energy meter)

LV431796

LV431795

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

160 250

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250H: complete fixed/FC device (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250H (70 kA 380/415 V) (cont.)

Compact NSX100/160/250H

With magnetic trip unit MA



Compact NSX100)H (70 kA at 380/415 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA2.5	LV429765
MA6.3	LV429764
MA12.5	LV429763
MA25	LV429762
MA50	LV429761
MA100	LV429760
Compact NSX160	OH (70 kA at 380/415 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA100	LV430835
MA150	LV430834
Compact NSX250	OH (70 kA at 380/415 V)
Rating	3P 3d
MA150	LV431757
MA220	LV431756

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.2-M (LS_oI motor protection)



Compact NSX100H (70 kA at 380/415 V)				
Rating	3P 3d			
25	LV429838			
50	LV429837			
100	LV429835			
Compact NSX160H (70 kA at 380/415 V)				
Rating	3P 3d			
100	LV430992			
150	LV430991			
Compact NSX250	OH (70 kA at 380/415 V)			
Rating	3P 3d			
150	LV431171			
000	11/424470			

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.2 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

NSX100/160/250NA: complete fixed/FC device Compact NSX100/160/250NA

Compact NSX	100/160/250N	A switch-disconnec	tor	
With NA switch-di	isconnector unit			
4	Compact N	SX100NA		
	Rating	2P	3P	4P
· Die	100	LV429619	LV429629	LV429639
	Compact N	SX160NA		
	Rating	2P	3P	4P
	160	LV430619	LV430629	LV430639
	Compact N	SX250NA		
	Rating	2P	3P	4P
Alle	250	LV431619	LV431629	LV431639

NSX100/160/250B/F/N/H/S/L: fixed/FC device based on separate components

Compact and Vigicompact

Basic frame				
	On the Allowan			
8412228	Compact NSX100	L.=	L.	
		3P	4P	
	NSX100B (25 kA 380/415 V)	LV429014	LV429015	
	NSX100F (36 kA 380/415 V)	LV429003	LV429008	
	NSX100N (50 kA 380/415 V)	LV429006	LV429011	
	NSX100H (70 kA 380/415 V)	LV429004	LV429009	
	NSX100S (100 kA 380/415 V)	LV429018	LV429019	
	NSX100L (150 kA 380/415 V)		LV429010	
Julian .	Compact NSX160	1 24 4 2 3 0 0 3	LV423010	
	Compact NSX 100	3P	4P	
	NOV460D (25 kA 200/445 V)	LV430390	LV430395	
	NSX160B (25 kA 380/415 V)			
	NSX160F (36 kA 380/415 V)	LV430403	LV430408	
	NSX160N (50 kA 380/415 V)	LV430406	LV430411	
	NSX160H (70 kA 380/415 V)	LV430404	LV430409	
	NSX160S (100 kA 380/415 V)	LV430391	LV430396	
	NSX160L (150 kA 380/415 V)	LV430405	LV430410	
	Compact NSX250	I .		
		3P	4P	
	NSX250B (25 kA 380/415 V)	LV431390	LV431395	
	NSX250F (36 kA 380/415 V)	LV431403	LV431408	
	NSX250N (50 kA 380/415 V)	LV431406	LV431411	
	NSX250H (70 kA 380/415 V)	LV431404	LV431409	
	NSX250S (100 kA 380/415 V)		LV431396	
	NSX250L (150 kA 380/415 V)	LV431405	LV431410	
4 Trip unit	, 11 1221 113 17			
+ Trip unit				
Distribution protect				
ž	Thermal-magnetic TM-D			
84475	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d	4P 4d
	TM16D	LV429037	LV429047	LV429057
La Tue	TM25D	LV429036	LV429046	LV429056
_	TM32D	LV429035	LV429045	LV429055
	TM40D	LV429034	LV429044	LV429054
	TM50D	LV429033	LV429043	LV429053
	TM63D	LV429032	LV429042	LV429052
	TM80D	LV429031	LV429041	LV429051
	TM100D	LV429030	LV429040	LV429050
	TM125D	LV430431	LV430441	LV430451
	TM160D	LV430430	LV430440	LV430450
	TM200D	LV431431	LV431441	LV431451
	TM250D	LV431430	LV431440	LV431450
÷ ~%	Micrologic 2.2 (LS _o l protection	•	27401440	24401400
DB 11222	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2	
	Micrologic 2.2 40 A	LV429072	LV429082	
Te bee				
	Micrologic 2.2 100 A	LV429070	LV429080	
	Micrologic 2.2 160 A	LV430470	LV430480	
	Micrologic 2.2 250 A	LV431470	LV431480	
112248	Micrologic 5.2 A (LSI protect		4B 24 44 24 : N/2 24 : OCN	
<u> </u>		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN	
	Micrologic 5.2 A 40 A	LV429091	LV429101	
21010	Micrologic 5.2 A 100 A	LV429090	LV429100	
a Terran	Micrologic 5.2 A 160 A	LV430490	LV430495	
	Micrologic 5.2 A 250 A	LV431490	LV431495	
	Micrologic 5.2 E (LSI protect		1 m o 1 d 1 o 1 d 1 d 0 d 0	
	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN	
	Micrologic 5.2 E 40 A	LV429096	LV429106	
	Micrologic 5.2 E 100 A	LV429095	LV429105	
	Micrologic 5.2 E 160 A	LV430491	LV430496	
	Micrologic 5.2 E 250 A	LV431491	LV431496	
	Micrologic 6.2 A (LSIG prote			
	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN	
	Micrologic 6.2 A 40 A	LV429111	LV429136	
	Micrologic 6.2 A 100 A	LV429110	LV429135	
	Micrologic 6.2 A 160 A	LV430505	LV430515	
	Micrologic 6.2 A 250 A	LV431505	LV431515	
	Micrologic 6.2 E (LSIG prote	•		
	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN	
	Micrologic 6.2 E 40 A	LV429116	LV429141	
	Micrologic 6.2 E 100 A	LV429116	LV429140	
	Micrologic 6.2 E 160 A	LV430506	LV430516	
	Micrologic 6.2 E 250 A	LV431506	LV431516	
		· · · · · ·		

NSX100/160/250B/F/N/H/S/L: fixed/FC device based on separate components (cont.)

Compact and Vigicompact (cont.)

	+ Trip unit (cont.)			
	Motor protection			
999	To Call	Magnetic MA (I protection)		
DB115666		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d
		MA2.5	LV429125	
	Te let	MA6.3	LV429124	
		MA12.5	LV429123	
		MA25	LV429122	
		MA50	LV429121	
		MA100	LV429120	LV429130
		MA150	LV430500	LV430510
		MA220	LV431500	LV431510
)B112247		Micrologic 2.2-M (LS _o l protection)		
DB11		Rating	3P 3d	
	Co The To	Micrologic 2.2-M 25 A	LV429174	
		Micrologic 2.2-M 50 A	LV429172	
		Micrologic 2.2-M 100 A	LV429170	
		Micrologic 2.2-M 150 A	LV430520	
m	*	Micrologic 2.2-M 220 A	LV431520	
JB112248		Micrologic 6.2 E-M (LSIG protection, et		
DB1		Rating Micrologic 6 2 F-M 25 A	3P 3d LV429184	
		Micrologic 6.2 E-M 25 A Micrologic 6.2 E-M 50 A	LV429182	
	La Val	Micrologic 6.2 E-M 80 A	LV429180	
	Avr.	Micrologic 6.2 E-M 150 A	LV430521	
		Micrologic 6.2 E-M 220 A	LV430521	
	Generator protectio			
46	- CO	Thermal-magnetic TM-G		
OB112246		Rating	3P 3d	4P 4d
B		TM16G	LV429155	LV429165
	Te Te	TM25G	LV429154	LV429164
	-	TM40G	LV429153	LV429163
		TM63G	LV429152	LV429162
247		Micrologic 2.2 G (LS _o I protection)		
JB 11224		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
П	To To	Micrologic 2.2-G 40 A	LV429076	LV429086
	A Kelan	Micrologic 2.2-G 100 A	LV429075	LV429085
		Micrologic 2.2-G 160 A	LV430475	LV430485
		Micrologic 2.2-G 250 A	LV431475	LV431485
	Protection of public	distribution systems		
DB112247		Micrologic 2.2 AB (LS _o I protection)		
DB11.		Rating		4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
_	La Tarta	Micrologic 2.2-AB 100 A		LV434550
	STYLE .	Micrologic 2.2-AB 160 A		LV434551
		Micrologic 2.2-AB 240 A		LV434554
	16 Hz 2/3 network pr			
DB112248		Micrologic 5.2 A-Z (LSI protection, amm	,	
DB11		Rating	3P 3d	
		Micrologic 5.2 A-Z 100 A	LV429089	
	Di Jas II	Micrologic 5.2 A-Z 250 A	LV431489	
	STILL .			
	+ Vigi module or	rinsulation monitoring mod	ule	
	Vigi module	3-10-0		
6			3P	4P
DB112249	101010	ME type for NSX100/160 (200 to 440 V)	LV429212	LV429213
DB		MH type for NSX100/160 (200 to 440 V)	LV429212 LV429210	LV429213 LV429211
		MH type for NSX250 (200 to 440 V)	LV429210 LV431535	LV431536
		MH type for NSX100/160 (440 to 550 V)	LV429215	LV429216
	Meren	MH type for NSX250 (440 to 550 V)	LV431533	LV431534
	*	Connection for a 4P Vigi on a 3P breaker		LV429214
	Insulation monitorin			
49		<u> </u>	3P	4P
DB112249		200 to 440 V AC	LV429459	LV429460
ä		Connection for a 4P insulation monitoring		LV429214
		module on a 3P breaker		
	Witter			

Trip unit accessoriesCompact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250

	Trip unit accessor	ies	
	External neutral CT for	3 pole breaker with Micrologic 5/6	
733		25-100 A	LV429521
DB112733		150-250 A	LV430563
۵			
	24 V DC wiring accesso	ory for Micrologic 5/6	
730		24 V DC power supply connector	LV434210
DB112730			
	7SI wiring accessory fo	or NS630b NW with NSX	
92	231 WITTING accessory to	ZSI module	LV434212
DB115665		Zormodulo	L1404212
ä			
	External power supply	module (24 V DC - 1 A), class 4	
736	The state of the s	24-30 V DC	54440
DB 112736		48-60 V DC	54441
ш	AD THE	100-125 V DC	54442
	Direction of the last of the l	110-130 V AC	54443
	•	200-240 V AC	54444
	Dettem medule	380-415 V AC	54445
6	Battery module	24 V DC battery module	54446
DB112729		24 V DC battery module	J4440
DB	1		
	0000000		
	Des		

Installation and connection

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250

Fixed/RC device =	= fixed/FC de	vice + rear connection	n kit	
252	Short RC kit			
	Kit 3P		3 x	LV429235
	Kit 4P		4 x	LV429235
	Mixed RC ki	t		
	Kit 3P	Short RCs	2 x	LV429235
		Long RCs	1 x	LV429236
	Kit 4P	Short RCs	2 x	LV429235
Mercery		Long RCs	2 x	LV429236

Plug-in version = fixed/FC device + plug-in kit Kit for Compact 2P (3P) Plug-in kit Comprising: LV429288 LV429289 LV429290 = 1 x LV429267 Base = 1 x LV429265 = 1 x LV429266 + 3 x LV429268 + 2 x LV429515 Power connections Short terminal shields + 2 x LV429268 + 2 x LV429515 + 4 x LV429268 + 2 x LV429516 Safety trip interlock + 1 x LV429270 + 1 x LV429270 + 1 x LV429270

	3P	4P
Vigicompact plug-in kit	LV429291	LV429292
Comprising:		
Base	= 1 x LV429266	= 1 x LV429267
Power connections	+ 3 x LV429269	+ 4 x LV429269
Short terminal shields	+ 2 x LV429515	+ 2 x LV429516
Safety trip interlock	+ 1 x LV429270	+ 1 x LV429270

Withdrawable version = fixed/FC device + withdrawable kit							
Plug-in kit Chassis side plates for base Chassis side plates	2P (3P) Kit for Compact = 1 x LV429288 + 1 x LV429282 + 1 x LV429283	3P Kit for Compact = 1 x LV429289 + 1 x LV429282 + 1 x LV429283	4P Kit for Compact = 1 x LV429290 + 1 x LV429282 + 1 x LV429283				
	Plug-in kit Chassis side plates for base	2P (3P) Kit for Compact	2P (3P) 3P Kit for Compact = =	Plug-in kit Pug-in kit Pu			

Kit for Vigicompact		
DB H12772		
*		

Accessories

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250

	Connection acces	ssories (Cu or Al)			
	Rear connections	ssories (od or Ai)			
52	(%)-	2 short			LV429235
DB112225		2 long			LV429236
ŏ		•			
	Bare cable connectors	s			
2226		Steel connectors	1 x (1.5 to 95 mm²) ; ≤ 160 A	Set of 3	LV429242
DB112226				Set of 4	LV429243
52		Aluminium connectors	1 x (25 to 95 mm²) ; ≤ 250 A	Set of 3	LV429227
DB 112225		, darimiani comicolore	1 x (20 to 00 11111) , < 200 / t	Set of 4	LV429228
ä			1 x (120 to 185 mm²); ≤ 250 A	Set of 3	LV429259
				Set of 4	LV429260
DB112726		Clips for connectors		Set of 10	LV429241
_	~				
227	~ 🖎	Aluminium connectors for 2 cables (1)	2 x (50 to 120 mm²) ; ≤ 250 A	Set of 3	LV429218
DB112227			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Set of 4	LV429219
۵					
88		Aluminium connectors (1) for 6 cables	6 x (1.5 to 35 mm²) ; ≤ 250 A	Set of 3	LV429248
DB112228		, tarrillari confectors for a capies	5 x (1.5 to 55 mm), × 250 A	Set of 4	LV429249
۵					
**		C.25 mm valtage ton for steel or alterninium	a connectors	Cat of 10	1.7420249
DB112724	اً ا	6.35 mm voltage tap for steel or aluminium	connectors	Set of 10	LV429348
8					
	"Polybloc" distributio	n block (for bare cable)			
5	- all	160 A (40 °C) 6 cables S ≤ 10 mm²		1P	04031
DB 115613		250 A (40 °C) 9 cables S ≤ 10 mm ²		3P	04033
Ճ				4P	04034
	Terminal extensions				
30					
DB112230		45° terminal extension (1)		Set of 3	LV429223
۵	6	45° terminal extension (1)		Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429223 LV429224
		45° terminal extension (1)			
231		45° terminal extension (1) Edgewise terminal extensions (1)			
B112231				Set of 4	LV429224
DB112231				Set of 4 Set of 3	LV429224 LV429308
				Set of 4 Set of 3	LV429224 LV429308
		Edgewise terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309
DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾ Right-angle terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262
DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261
		Edgewise terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾ Right-angle terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263
4 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾ Right-angle terminal extensions ⁽¹⁾		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263
4 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1)		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264
4 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1)		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221
DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1)		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563
M DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1)		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222
DB112235 DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1) Spreaders from 35 to 45 mm pitch (1)	sh	Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563 LV431564
DB112235 DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1)	ch	Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563
DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1) Spreaders from 35 to 45 mm pitch (1)		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 3P 4P	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563 LV431564 LV431060
DB112235 DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1) Spreaders from 35 to 45 mm pitch (1) One-piece spreader from 35 to 45 mm pitch		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 3P 4P	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563 LV431564 LV431060 LV431061
DB112235 DB112234 DB112233 DB112232		Edgewise terminal extensions (1) Right-angle terminal extensions (1) Straight terminal extensions (1) Double-L terminal extensions (1) Spreaders from 35 to 45 mm pitch (1) One-piece spreader from 35 to 45 mm pitch		Set of 4 Set of 3 Set of 4 3P 4P	LV429224 LV429308 LV429309 LV429261 LV429262 LV429263 LV429264 LV429221 LV429222 LV431563 LV431564 LV431060 LV431061

(1) Supplied with 2 or 3 interphase barriers.

rimp lugs for co	opper cable (1)	0 : /=	111400050
	For cable 120 mm ²	Set of 3 Set of 4	LV429252 LV429256
$H \square$	For cable 150 mm ²	Set of 4	LV429253
	I OI CADIC TOUTIIIIT	Set of 4	LV429257
_	For cable 185 mm ²	Set of 3	LV429254
		Set of 4	LV429258
imp lugs for al	uminium cable ⁽¹⁾		
m M	For cable 150 mm ²	Set of 3	LV429504
		Set of 4	LV429505
	For cable 185 mm ²	Set of 3	LV429506
9		Set of 4	LV429507
sulation acces	sories		
	1 short terminal shield for breaker or plug-in base	3 P	LV429515
	2	4 P	LV429516
-	1 long terminal shield for breaker or plug-in base	3 P	LV429517
	Tiong terminal silied for breaker of plug-in base	4 P	LV429517 LV429518
	Interphase barriers for breaker or plug-in base	Set of 6	LV429329
4 . 19	Connection adapter for plug-in base	3P	LV429306
	2 2 2 adaptor to: ping in adapt	4P	LV429307
	2 insulating screens for breaker (45 mm pitch)	3P 4P	LV429330 LV429331
		<u></u>	

(1) Supplied with 2 or 3 interphase barriers.

Electrical auxiliaries Auxiliary contacts (changeover) OF or SD or SDE or SDV 29450 OF or SD or SDE or SDV low level 29452 LV429451 SDE adapter, mandatory for trip unit TM, MA or Micrologic 2

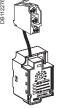
SDx output module for Micrologic

LV429532 SDx module 24/415 V AC/DC



SDTAM contactor tripping module (early-break thermal fault signal) for Micrologic 2.2-M/6.2 E-M

SDTAM 24/415 V AC/DC overload fault indication LV429424



Voltage releases						
		Voltage	MX	MN		
	AC	24 V 50/60 Hz	LV429384	LV429404		
		48 V 50/60 Hz	LV429385	LV429405		
		110-130 V 50/60 Hz	LV429386	LV429406		
**		220-240 V 50/60 Hz and 208-277 V 60 Hz	LV429387	LV429407		
		380-415 V 50 Hz and 440-480 V 60 Hz	LV429388	LV429408		
		525 V 50 Hz and 600 V 60 Hz	LV429389	LV429409		
	DC	12 V	LV429382	LV429402		
		24 V	LV429390	LV429410		
		30 V	LV429391	LV429411		
		48 V	LV429392	LV429412		
		60 V	LV429383	LV429403		
		125 V	LV429393	LV429413		
		250 V	LV429394	LV429414		
	MN 48 V 50/60 Hz	MN 48 V 50/60 Hz with fixed time delay				
100000 F	Composed of:	MN 48 V DC		LV429412		
		Delay unit 48 V 50/60 Hz		LV429426		
	MN 220-240 V 50	MN 220-240 V 50/60 Hz with fixed time delay				
	Composed of:	MN 250 V DC		LV429414		
Jac Je		Delay unit 220-240 V 50/60 Hz		LV429427		
	MN 48 V DC/AC 5	MN 48 V DC/AC 50/60 Hz with adjustable time delay				
	Composed of:	MN 48 V DC		LV429412		
		Delay unit 48 V 50/60 Hz		33680		
	MN110-130 V DC	MN110-130 V DC/AC 50/60 Hz with adjustable time delay				
	Composed of:	MN 125 V DC		LV429413		
		Delay unit 110-130 V 50/60 Hz		33681		
	MN 220-250 V 50	/60 Hz with adjustable time delay				
	Composed of:	MN 250 V DC		LV429414		

Delay unit 220-250 V 50/60 Hz

33682

Motor mechai	nism			
Motor mechanism	n module supplied with SDE	adapter		
~~		Voltage	MT100/160	MT250
	AC	48-60 V 50/60 Hz	LV429440	LV431548
		110-130 V 50/60 Hz	LV429433	LV431540
		220-240 V 50/60 Hz and	LV429434	LV431541
		208-277 V 60 Hz		
0000		380-415 V 50/60 Hz and	LV429435	LV431542
		440-480 V 60 Hz		
	DC	24-30 V	LV429436	LV431543
		48-60 V	LV429437	LV431544
		110-130 V	LV429438	LV431545
		250 V	LV429439	LV431546
Communicating I	motor mechanism module su	pplied with SDE adapter		
~~	Motor mechanism module	MTc 100/160	220-240 V 50/60 Hz	LV429441
		MTc 250	220-240 V 50/60 Hz	LV431549
	+			
	Breaker and Status	BSCM		LV434205
	Communication Module			
	+			
	NSX cord	Wire length L = 0.35 m		LV434200
		Wire length L = 1.3 m		LV434201
		Wire length L = 3 m		LV434202
		U > 480 V AC wire length $L = 0$).35 m	LV434204

Indication and measurement modules Ammeter module Rating (A) 100 250 DB112256 LV429455 LV430555 LV431565 4P LV429456 LV430556 LV431566 I max. ammeter module Rating (A) 100 160 250 LV434849 LV434850 LV434851 3P **Current transformer module** Rating (A) 125 150 250 DB112257 3P LV429457 LV430557 LV431567 4P LV429458 LV430558 LV431568 Current transformer module and voltage output Rating (A) 125 DB 112257 3P LV429461 LV430561 LV431569 LV430562 4P LV429462 LV431570 Voltage presence indicator LV429325 **Rotary handles** Direct rotary handle With black handle LV429337 With red handle on yellow front LV429339 MCC conversion accessory LV429341 LV429342 **CNOMO** conversion accessory **Extended rotary handle** DB112260 LV429338 With red handle on yellow front LV429340 With telescopic handle for withdrawable device LV429343

Accessories for direct or extended rotary handle				
Indication auxiliary	1 early-break contact	LV429345		
	2 early-make contacts	LV429346		

Catalogue numbers

Accessories (cont.) Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250 (cont.)

Locks

Toggle locking device for 1 to 3 padlocks

By removable device

29370



By fixed device

LV429371



Locking of rotary handle

Keylock adapter (keylock not included) Keylock (keylock adapter not included)

Ronis 1351B.500 Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z

LV429344 41940 42888



Locking of motor mechanism module

Keylock adapter + Ronis keylock (special)

LV429449



Interlocking

Mechanical interlocking for circuit breakers



With toggles

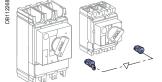
LV429354



With rotary handles

LV429369

Interlocking with key (2 keylocks / 1 key) for rotary handles



Keylock kit (keylock not included)(1) LV429344 41950 1 set of 2 keylocks Ronis 1351B.500 (1 key only, keylock kit not included) Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z 42878

Installation accessories

Front-panel escutcheons



LV429525 IP30 escutcheon for all control types IP30 trip unit access escutcheon for toggle LV429526 IP30 escutcheon for Vigi module LV429527

IP30



IP40 escutcheon for all control types LV429317 IP40 escutcheon for Vigi module LV429316 IP40 escutcheon for Vigi or ammeter module LV429318

IP43 rubber toggle cover



1 toggle cover LV429319

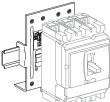
Lead-sealing accessories



Bag of accessories

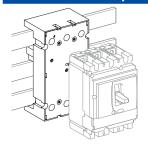
LV429375

Din rail adapter



LV429305 1 adapter

60 mm busbar adapter



3P 60 mm busbar adapter

29372

(1) For only 1 device.

Plug-in/withdray	vable version accessories				
Insulation accessori		3P 4P	LV429306 LV429307		
Auxiliary connection	1 9-wire fixed connector (for base)		LV429273		
	1 9-wire moving connector (for circuit breaker)		LV429274		
	1 support for 2 moving connectors	1 support for 2 moving connectors			
	9-wire manual auxiliary connector (fixed + movin	g)	LV429272		
Plug-in base access	ories 2 long insulated right angle terminal extensions	Set of 2	LV429276		
	2 IP40 shutters for base		LV429271		
	Base	2P 3P	LV429265 LV429266		
	Base	4P	LV429267		
	2 power connections	2/3/4P	LV429268		
	1 short terminal shield	2/3P	LV429515		
To one of the second se	1 short terminal shield	4P	LV429516		
	1 safety trip interlock	2/3/4P	LV429270		
Chassis accessories	S Escutcheon collar	Toggle	LV429284		
	Escutcheon collar	Vigi module	LV429285		
	Locking kit (keylock not included)		LV429286		
, W	Keylock (keylock adapter not included)	Ronis 1351B.500 Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z	41940 42888		
	2 carriage switches (connected/disconnected po		LV429287		

		LV429313
Bag of screws		LV429312
_ \		
12 snap-in nuts (fixed/FC)	M6 for NSX100N/H/L	LV429234
	M8 for NSX160/250N/H/L	LV430554
NS retrofit escutcheon	Small cut-out	LV429528
IP40 toggle escutcheon	Compact NS type/small cut-out	29315
1 set of 10 identification labels		LV429226
1 base for extended rotary handle		LV429502
Torque limiting screws (set of 12)	3P/4P Compact NSX100-250	LV429513
LCD display for electronic trip unit	Micrologic 5	LV429483
		LV429484
<u></u>		LV429486
5 transparent covers for trip unit		LV429481
		LV429481
Farance for Missalania 5/0	ivilcrologic 5/6	LV429478 LV429479
	IP40 toggle escutcheon 1 set of 10 identification labels 1 base for extended rotary handle Torque limiting screws (set of 12)	12 snap-in nuts (fixed/FC) M6 for NSX100N/H/L M8 for NSX160/250N/H/L NS retrofit escutcheon Small cut-out IP40 toggle escutcheon Compact NS type/small cut-out 1 set of 10 identification labels 1 base for extended rotary handle Torque limiting screws (set of 12) 3P/4P Compact NSX100-250 LCD display for electronic trip unit Micrologic 5 Micrologic 6 Micrologic 6 E-M 5 transparent covers for trip unit TM, MA, NA Micrologic 5/6

Individual enclosures

IP55 steel enclosure



Compact NSX100/160 with black extended rotary handle	LV431215
Compact NSX100/160 with red and yellow extended rotary handle	LV431216
Compact NSX250 or Vigicompact NSX100-250 with black extended rotary handle	LV431217
Compact NSX250 or Vigicompact NSX100-250 with red and yellow extended rotary handle	LV431218

IP55 insulating enclosure



Compact NXS100/160 with black extended rotary handle	LV429465			
Vigicompact NXS100/160 with black extended rotary handle	LV429466			
Compact NXS250 with black extended rotary handle	LV431573			
Vigicompact NXS250 with black extended rotary handle	LV431574			

Visible break disconnect function

See catalogue dealing with "Interpact INV products (visible break)" and the associated accessories.

The visible break disconnection function is compatible with fixed front-connected/rear-connected Compact NSX devices.

Monitoring and control, test tools

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250

	Monitoring and control (remote operation)					
	Circuit breaker acces	sories				
DB111439		Breaker Status Control Module	BSCM ⁽¹⁾	LV434205		
	ULP display module					
DB111440	09080	Switchboard front display module FE FDM mounting accessory (diameter		TRV00121 TRV00128		
	ULP communication	module				
DB111441		Modbus interface	Modbus SL communication interface module	TRV00210		
	ULP wiring accessori	ies				
1442		NSX cord $L = 0.35 \mathrm{m}$		LV434200		
DB111442		NSX cord L = 1.3 m		LV434201		
_		NSX cord L = 3 m		LV434202		
	¥	NSX cord for U > 480 V AC L = 1.3 m		LV434204		
DB115621		10 stacking connectors for communi	cation interface modules	TRV00217		
DB 111443		10 Modbus line terminators		VW3A8306DRC	(3)	
DB115622		RS 485 roll cable (4 wires, length 60	m)	50965		
DB 115623		5 RJ45 connectors female/female		TRV00870		
DB1111444		10 ULP line terminators		TRV00880		
	<u></u>	10 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 0.3 m		TRV00803		
DB111445		10 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 0.6 m		TRV00806		
B		5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 1 m		TRV00810		
		5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 2 m		TRV00820		
		5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 3 m		TRV00830		
		1 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 5 m		TRV00850		
	Power supply module					
DB112278	1000 H F 0 000	External power supply module 100-2	240 V AC 110-230 V DC / 24 V DC-3 A class 2	ABL8RPS24030	(3)	
3736	The state of the s	External power supply module 24 V I	DC-1 A OVC IV			
DB112736		24-30 V DC		54440		
۵	A PARTIES AND A	48-60 V DC		54441		
	Live Market Control	100-125 V AC		54442		
		110-130 V AC		54443		
		200-240 V AC		54444		
	Dettemomentule	380-415 V AC		54445		
6	Battery module	24 V DC battery module		54446		
DB112729	233333	24 v DC battery module		54440		
	(4) 005	5 / 1 / 274 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	14400 4740			

- (1) SDE adapter mandatory for trip unit TM, MA or Micrologic 2 (LV429451).
- (2) For measurement display with Micrologic A and E or status display with BSCM.
 (3) See Telemecanique catalogue.

Monitoring and control, test tools (cont.)

Compact and Vigicompact NSX100/160/250 (cont.)

	Test tool, software, demo					
	Test tool					
449		Pocket battery for Micrologic NSX100-630	LV434206			
DB111449						
51		Maintenance case	TRV00910			
DB111451		Comprising:				
		- USB maintenance interface				
		- Power supply				
		- Micrologic cord				
		- USB cord				
		- RJ45/RJ45 male cord				
00		Spare USB maintenance interface	TRV00911			
DB1111450	No.	Opare GOD maintenance intenace	11/400911			
BB						
01	_		I =========			
DB111452		Spare power supply 110-240 V AC	TRV00915			
DB1						
153		Spare Micrologic cord for USB maintenance interface	TRV00917			
DB111453			•			
		Bluetooth/Modbus option for USB maintenance interface	VW3A8114 (1)			
DB111448		blue tooth/moubus option for OSB maintenance intenace	VW3A0114			
B	<u> </u>					
	(F)					
_	Software	0.5 11 1 11 5 7 7011	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
DB117158		Configuration and setting software RSU	LV4ST100 (2) LV4ST121 (2)			
DB17		Test software LTU Monitoring software RCU	LV4ST121 (2) LV4SM100 (2)			
	rejedet.	Mornitoring Software RCO	LV4SW100			
	(4.1). 3.1					
	\					
	Damataal					
	Demo tool	Dama case for Compact NCV	LV434207			
	(1) See Telemecanique catalo	Demo case for Compact NSX	LV434ZU/			

- (1) See Telemecanique catalogue.
 (2) Downloadable from http://schneider-electric.com.

Compact NSX400 to 630 Contents

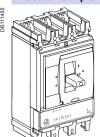
NSX400/630F: complete fixed/FC device	F-30
Compact NSX400/630F (36 kA 380/415 V)	F-30
Vigicompact NSX400/630F (36 kA 380/415 V)	F-31
NSX400/630N: complete fixed/FC device	F-32
Compact NSX400/630N (50 kA 380/415 V)	F-32
Vigicompact NSX400/630N (50 kA 380/415 V)	F-33
NSX400/630H: complete fixed/FC device	F-34
Compact NSX400/630H (70 kA 380/415 V)	F-34
NSX400/630NA: complete fixed/FC device	F-35
Compact NSX400/630NA	F-35
NSX400/630F/N/H/S/L: fixed/FC device based	
on separate components	F-36
Compact and Vigicompact	F-36
Trip unit accessories	F-37
Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630	F-37
Installation and connection Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630	F-38 F-38
Accessories Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630	F-40 F-40
Monitoring and control, test tools Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630	F-49 F-49
Spare Parts User manuals	F-51 F-51

NSX400/630F: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX400/630F (36 kA 380/415 V)

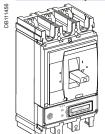
Compact NSX400/630F

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3 (LS_oI protection)



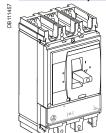
		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Compact NSX400F (36 kA at 380/415 V)	250 A	LV432682	LV432683
	400 A	LV432676	LV432677
Compact NSX630F (36 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432876	LV432877

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.3 A (LSI protection, ammeter)



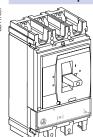
		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
Compact NSX400F (36 kA at 380/415 V)	400 A	LV432678	LV432679
Compact NSX630F (36 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432878	LV432879

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 1.3-M (I motor protection)



• • •	3P 3d
Compact NSX400F 1.3-M (36 kA at 380/415V) 320 A	LV432748
Compact NSX630F 1.3-M (36 kA at 380/415V) 500 A	LV432948

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3-M (LS_oI motor protection)



	3P 3d
Compact NSX400F 2.3-M (36 kA at 380/415V) 320 A	LV432775
Compact NSX630F 2.3-M (36 kA at 380/415V) 500 A	LV432975

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.3 E (LSI protection, energy meter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

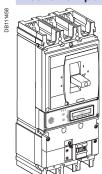
To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

NSX400/630F: complete fixed/FC device

Vigicompact NSX400/630F (36 kA 380/415 V)

Vigicompact NSX400/630F

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3 (LS_oI protection)



	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Vigicompact NSX400F (36 kA at 380/415 V) 400 A	LV432731	LV432732
Vigicompact NSX630F (36 kA at 380/415 V) 630 A	LV432931	LV432932

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.3 E (LSI protection, energy meter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

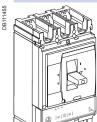
With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

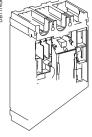
NSX400/630N: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX400/630N (50 kA 380/415 V)

Compact NSX400/630N Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3 (LS_oI protection)



		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Compact NSX400N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	250 A	LV432707	LV432708
	400 A	LV432693	LV432694
Compact NSX630N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432893	LV432894



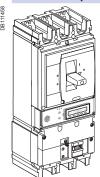
Electronic trip unit	Micrologic 5.3 A (LSI protection, ammeter)		
77988 m			
TEST OF L			
. "			
~			
		1	

NSX400/630N: complete fixed/FC device

Vigicompact NSX400/630N (50 kA 380/415 V)

Vigicompact NSX400/630N

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3 (LS_oI protection)



		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Vigicompact NSX400N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	400 A	LV432733	LV432734
Vigicompact NSX630N (50 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432933	LV432934

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.3 E (LSI protection, energy meter)

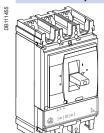
To be ordered with 2 catalogue numbers: 1 basic frame + 1 trip unit

NSX400/630H: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX400/630H (70 kA 380/415 V)

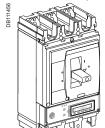
Compact NSX400/630H

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3 (LS_oI protection)



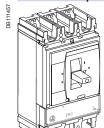
		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Compact NSX400H (70 kA at 380/415 V)	250 A	LV432709	LV432710
	400 A	LV432695	LV432696
Compact NSX630H (70 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432895	LV432896

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 5.3 A (LSI protection, ammeter)



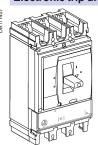
		3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
Compact NSX400H (70 kA at 380/415 V)	400 A	LV432701	LV432702
Compact NSX630H (70 kA at 380/415 V)	630 A	LV432901	LV432902

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 1.3-M (I motor protection)



, , ,	3P 3d
Compact NSX400H 1.3-M (70 kA at 380/415V) 320 A	LV432750
Compact NSX630H 1.3-M (70 kA at 380/415V) 500 A	LV432950

Electronic trip unit Micrologic 2.3-M (LS_oI motor protection)



						3P 3d	
Compact NSX40	00H 2.3-N	VI (70 k	A at 380/4	415V)	320 A	LV432777	
Compact NSX63	30H 2 3-N	// (70 k	Δ at 380/	415\/)	500 A	I V432977	

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)

Only available as separate components.

With electronic trip unit Micrologic 6.3 E-M (LSIG motor protection, energy meter)

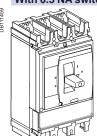
Only available as separate components.

NSX400/630NA: complete fixed/FC device

Compact NSX400/630NA

Compact NSX400/630 0.3 NA switch-disconnector

With 0.3 NA switch-disconnector unit



	3P	4P
Compact NSX400 0.3 NA	LV432756	LV432757
Compact NSX630 0.3 NA, 45 mm pitch	LV432956	LV432957

NSX400/630F/N/H/S/L: fixed/ FC device based on separate components

Compact and Vigicompact

	Basic frame			
30	~~~~	Compact NSX400		
DB111460		Ompati Nonto	3P	4P
DΒJ		NCV400E (26 kA 290/415 \/)		
		NSX400F (36 kA 380/415 V)	LV432413	LV432415
		NSX400N (50 kA 380/415 V)	LV432403	LV432408
		NSX400H (70 kA 380/415 V)	LV432404	LV432409
		NSX400S (100 kA 380/415 V)	LV432414	LV432416
		NSX400L (150 kA 380/415 V)	LV432405	LV432410
		Compact NSX630		
			3P	4P
		NSX630F (36 kA 380/415 V)	LV432813	LV432815
		NSX630N (50 kA 380/415 V)	LV432803	LV432808
		NSX630H (70 kA 380/415 V)	LV432804	LV432809
		NSX630S (100 kA 380/415 V)	LV432814	LV432816
		NSX630L (150 kA 380/415 V)	LV432805	LV432810
		1407030E (130 KA 300/413 V)	LV 432003	LV432010
	+ Trip unit			
	Distribution protection			
461		Micrologic 2.3 (LS _o I protection)		
DB111461		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
Ω	a a a	Micrologic 2.3 250 A	LV432082	LV432086
	No le la	Micrologic 2.3 400 A	LV432081	LV432085
	MATTER VER	Micrologic 2.3 630 A	LV432080	LV432084
	J	<u> </u>	LV432000	LV432004
1462		Micrologic 5.3 A (LSI protection, ammeter)		
DB111462		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
		Micrologic 5.3 A 400 A	LV432091	LV432094
		Micrologic 5.3 A 630 A	LV432090	LV432093
		Micrologic 5.3 E (LSI protection, energy meter)	•	
	A TOTAL TO	Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
		Micrologic 5.3 E 400 A	LV432097	LV432100
		Micrologic 5.3 E 400 A	LV432096	LV432099
32	<i>88</i> €	Micrologic 5.3 £ 630 A Micrologic 6.3 A (LSIG protection, ammeter)	1 24 402000	L 1 102000
DB111462		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
DB.				
		Micrologic 6.3 A 400 A	LV432103	LV432106
		Micrologic 6.3 A 630 A	LV432102	LV432105
	No. Control	Micrologic 6.3 E (LSIG protection, energy meter)	1	Language and a second
		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2, 3d + OSN
	9	Micrologic 6.3 E 400 A	LV432109	LV432112
		Micrologic 6.3 E 630 A	LV432108	LV432111
	Motor protection			
463		Micrologic 1.3-M (I protection)		
DB111463		Rating	3P 3d	4P 3d
□		Micrologic 1.3-M 320 A	LV432069	LV432078
		Micrologic 1.3-M 500 A	LV432068	LV432077
	The second			<u> </u>
	¥			
1461	white or	Micrologic 2.3-M (LS _o l protection)		
DB11146		Rating	3P 3d	
_		Micrologic 2.3-M 320 A	LV432072	
	CALL PHILIPATION	Micrologic 2.3-M 500 A	LV432071	
	all de m			
162	- Æ	Micrologic 6.3 E-M (LSIG protection, energy meter)		
DB111462		Rating	3P 3d	
DB	The same of the sa	Micrologic 6.3 E-M 320 A	LV432075	
		Micrologic 6.3 E-M 500 A	LV432073	
		Wildrologie 6.5 E W 60071	24402014	
	Cal Francis			
	Alm m			
	Protection of muhits	distribution systems		
	Protection of public of			
		Micrologic 2.3-AB (LS _o I protection)		Language and
		Rating		4P 3d, 4d, 3d + N/2
		Micrologic 2.3 400 A		LV434557
	16 Hz 2/3 network pro	otection		
	•	Micrologic 5.3 A-Z (LSI protection, ammeter)		
		Rating	3P 3d	
		Micrologic 5.3 A-Z 630 A	LV432089	
		-		

Trip unit accessoriesCompact and Vigicompact NSX400/630

	+ Vigi module o	r insulation monitoring module			
	Vigi module				
DB111464		Type MB Connection for a 4P Vigi on a 3P breaker	200 to 440 V 440 to 550 V	3P LV432455 LV432453	4P LV432456 LV432454 LV432457
	Insulation monitori	na module			
DB111464		200 to 440 V AC Connection for a 4P insulation monitoring module on a 3P breaker		3P LV432659	4P LV432660 LV432457
DB112277	Trip unit access External neutral CT	for 3 pole breaker with Micrologic 5/6 400-630 A			LV432575
DB112730	24 V DC wiring acce	essory for Micrologic 5/6 24 V DC power supply connector			LV434210
DB115665	ZSI accessory for N	ZSI module			LV434212
DB112736	External power sup	ply module (24 V DC - 1 A), class 4 24-30 V DC 48-60 V DC 100-125 V DC 110-130 V AC 200-240 V AC 380-415 V AC			54440 54441 54442 54443 54444 54445
DB112729	Battery module	24 V DC battery module			54446

Installation and connection

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630

Fixed/RC device = fixed/FC device + rear connection kit Mixed RC kit Kit 3P Short RCs 2x Long RCs 1x LV432475 Kit 4P Short RCs 2x LV432475 Long RCs 2x LV432476 LV432475 LV432475 LV432476

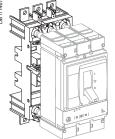
Fixed/FC device with 52.5 mm or 70 mm pitch = fixed/FC device with 45 mm pitch + spreaders

The pitch of all Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630 devices is 45 mm. Spreaders are available for fixed front, plug-in or withdrawable connection with pitch of 52.5 mm or 70 mm.

Upstream or dov	vnstream spreaders	(1)	
99 🗐	52.5 mm	3P	LV432490
		4P	LV432491
8 8 8	70 mm	3P	LV432492
		4P	LV432493

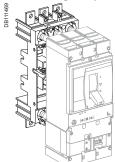
Plug-in version = fixed/FC device + plug-in kit

	Kit for	Com	pact
è	- FB	E.	



	3P	4P
Plug-in kit	LV432538	LV432539
Comprising:		
Base	= 1 x LV432516	= 1 x LV432517
Power connections	+ 3 x LV432518	+ 4 x LV432518
Short terminal shields	+ 2 x LV432591	+ 2 x LV432592
Safety trip interlock	+ 1 x LV432520	+ 1 x LV432520

Kit for	Vigicompact
I VIL I OI	vigicompact



	3P	4P	
Vigi plug-in kit	LV432540	LV432541	
Comprising:			
Base	= 1 x LV432516	= 1 x LV432517	
Power connections	+ 3 x LV432519	+ 4 x LV432519	
Short terminal shields	+ 2 x LV432591	+ 2 x LV432592	
Safety trip interlock	+ 1 x LV432520	+ 1 x LV432520	

(1) Supplied with 2 or 3 interphase barriers.

Installation and connection (cont.)

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630 (cont.)

it for Compact			
mak ~		3P	4P
		Kit for Compact	Kit for Compact
		=	=
16	Plug-in kit:	1 x LV432538	1 x LV432539
	4	+	+
	Chassis side plates	1 x LV432532	1 x LV432532
	for base	+	+
	Chassis side plates	1 x LV432533	1 x LV432533
	for breaker		



Accessories

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630

Connection a	ccessories (Cu or AI)			
Rear connection				
	2 short			LV432475
	2 long			LV432476
Bare cable conne	ectors (1)			
~ RD	Aluminium connectors	1 x (35 to 300 mm ²)	Set of 3	LV432479
			Set of 4	LV432480
_				
	Aluminium connectors for 2 cables	2 x (35 to 300 mm ²)	Set of 3	LV432481
			Set of 4	LV432482
P	6.35 mm voltage tap for steel or aluminium con	nectors	Set of 10	LV429348
- _a				
Terminal extensi	ons ⁽¹⁾			
7 10	45° terminal extensions		Set of 3	LV432586
			Set of 4	LV432587
- 	Edgewise terminal extensions		Set of 3	LV432486
			Set of 4	LV432487
	Right-angle terminal extensions		Set of 3	LV432484
			Set of 4	LV432485
	Spreaders	52.5 mm	3P	LV432490
a	·		4P	LV432491
		70 mm	3P	LV432492
<u>- س</u>			4P	LV432493
Crimp lugs for co	opper cable (1)			
	For cable 240 mm ²		Set of 3	LV432500
			Set of 4	LV432501
	For cable 300 mm ²		Set of 3	LV432502
J 6 6			Set of 4	LV432503
	Supplied with 2 or 3 interphase barriers			
Crimp lugs for a	luminium cable (1)			
~ M	For cable 240 mm ²		Set of 3	LV432504
, III III			Set of 4	LV432505
m II H			0-4-40	LVASSEDE
	For cable 300 mm ²		Set of 3 Set of 4	LV432506 LV432507

	Insulation accessorie	es		
172		Short terminal shield, 45 mm (1 piece)	3 P	LV432591
DB 111472			4 P	LV432592
BB			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 10 00
	Ve de de			
ço		Long terminal shield, 45 mm (1 piece)	3 P	LV432593
DB111473		Long terminal shield, 45 min (1 piece)	4 P	LV432594
18			4 F	LV432394
9		Long terminal shield for spreaders, 52.5 mm (1 piece) (supplied with insulating plate)	2 D	LV432595
DB115626		Long terminal shield for spreaders, 52.5 min (1 piece) (supplied with insulating plate)	4 P	LV432596
081			4 [LV432390
	7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
	1000			T
DB115632	//	Interphase barriers	Set of 6	LV432570
)B11				
_				
	414			
	1 3 3			
27	₽	Connection adapter for plug-in base	3P	LV432584
DB115627			4P	LV432585
8				
	1990			
	S'R IJ			
	A Page and			
90	_	2 insulating screens (70 mm pitch)	3P	LV432578
DB115628		2 modaling solectio (10 min pilon)	4P	LV432576 LV432579
DB1			41	LV432379
	DI			
	(a) (a) (b)			
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Accessories (cont.) **Compact and Vigicompact**

NSX400/630 (cont.)

Electrical auxiliaries

Auxiliary contacts (changeover)



OF or SD or SDE or SDV OF or SD or SDE or SDV low level 29450 29452

SDx output module for Micrologic electronic trip unit

SDx module 24/415 V AC/DC

LV429532



SDTAM contactor tripping module (early-break thermal fault signal) for Micrologic 2.3-M/6.3 E-M

SDTAM 24/415 V AC/DC overload fault indication

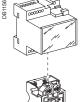
LV429424



Voltage releases



	Voltage	MX	MN	
AC	24 V 50/60 Hz	LV429384	LV429404	
	48 V 50/60 Hz	LV429385	LV429405	
	110-130 V 50/60 Hz	LV429386	LV429406	
	220-240 V 50/60 Hz and 208-277 V 60 Hz	LV429387	LV429407	
	380-415 V 50 Hz and 440-480 V 60 Hz	LV429388	LV429408	
	525 V 50 Hz and 600 V 60 Hz	LV429389	LV429409	
DC	12 V	LV429382	LV429402	
	24 V	LV429390	LV429410	
3 4 6 1	30 V	LV429391	LV429411	
	48 V	LV429392	LV429412	
	60 V	LV429383	LV429403	
	125 V	LV429393	LV429413	
	250 V	LV429394	LV429414	
MN 48 V 50/60 H	z with fixed time delay			
Composed of:	MN 48 V DC		LV429412	
	Delay unit 48 V 50/60 Hz		LV429426	
MN 220-240 V 50	0/60 Hz with fixed time delay			
Composed of:	MN 250 V DC		LV429414	
·	Delay unit 220-240 V 50/60 Hz	LV429427		
MN 48 V DC/AC	50/60 Hz with adjustable time delay			
Composed of:	MN 48 V DC		LV429412	
•	Delay unit 48 V 50/60 Hz		33680	
	•		•	





MN110-130 V DC/A	C 50/60 Hz with adjustable time delay			
Composed of:	MN 125 V DC			
	Delay unit 110-130 V 50/60 Hz			
MN 220-250 V 50/60	Hz with adjustable time delay			
Composed of:	MN 250 V DC	LV429414		
	Delay unit 220-250 V 50/60 Hz	33682		

Motor mechanis	m		
Motor mechanism m			
		MT400-630	
	AC	48-60 V 50/60 Hz	LV432639
		110-130 V 50/60 Hz	LV432640
0		220-240 V 50/60 Hz and 208-277 V 60 Hz	LV432641
		380-415 V 50 Hz	LV432642
		440-480 V 60 Hz	LV432647
	DC	24-30 V	LV432643
000		48-60 V	LV432644
~~		110-130 V	LV432645
		250 V	LV432646
	Operation counter		LV432648
Communicating mot	or mechanism module		
~	Motor mechanism module	MTc 400/630 220-240 V 50/60 Hz	LV432652
	+		
	Breaker status	BSCM	LV434205
	Communication Module	D2CIVI	LV434205
	Communication Module		
	+		
		Wire length L = 0.35 m	LV434200
	+	Wire length L = 0.35 m Wire length L = 1.3 m	
	+	Wire length L = 0.35 m Wire length L = 1.3 m Wire length L = 3 m	LV434200 LV434201 LV434202

Accessories (cont.)

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630 (cont.)

Indication and measurement modules Ammeter module Rating (A) 630 DB111477 LV432655 LV432855 4P LV432656 LV432856 I max. ammeter module Rating (A) 400 630 LV434852 LV434853 **Current transformer module** Rating (A) 400 600 LV432657 LV432857 3P 4P LV432658 LV432858 Current transformer module and voltage output Rating (A) 400 600 3P LV432653 LV432861 4P LV432654 LV432862 Voltage presence indicator LV432566 **Rotary handles Direct rotary handle** LV432597 With black handle DB111480 LV432599 With red handle on yellow front LV432606 MCC conversion accessory CNOMO conversion accessory LV432602 **Extended rotary handle** With black handle LV432598 With red handle on yellow front LV432600 LV432603 With telescopic handle for withdrawable device

Accessories for direct or extended rotary handle		
Indication auxiliary	1 early-break contact	LV432605
	2 early-make contacts	LV429346

Locks

Toggle locking device for 1 to 3 padlocks

By removable device

29370



DB111482

By fixed device LV432631

Locking of rotary handle



 Keylock adapter (keylock not included)
 LV432604

 Keylock (keylock adapter not included)
 Ronis 1351B.500
 41940

 Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z
 42888

Locking of motor mechanism module



 Keylock adapter (keylock not included)
 LV432649

 Keylock (keylock adapter not included)
 Ronis 1351B.500
 41940

 Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z
 42888

Interlocking Mechanical interlocking for circuit breakers With toggles LV432614 With rotary handles LV432621

Interlocking with key (2 keylocks / 1 key) for rotary handles LV432604 Keylock kit (keylock not included)(1) 1 set of 2 keylocks Ronis 1351B.500 41950 (1 key only, keylock kit not included) Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z 42878

LV429375

Installation accessories Front-panel escutcheons LV432557 IP30 escutcheon for all control types LV432559 IP30 trip unit access escutcheon for toggle IP30 escutcheon for Vigi module LV429527 IP30 IP40 escutcheon for all control types LV432558 DB111489 IP40 escutcheon for Vigi module LV429316 LV429318 IP40 escutcheon for Vigi or ammeter module IP43 rubber toggle cover 1 toggle cover LV432560 DB111490

60 mm busbar adapter 3P 60 mm busbar adapter 32623

(1) For only 1 device.

Lead-sealing accessories

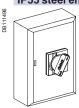
Bag of accessories

		ble version accessories		
DB117159	Insulation accessories	Connection adapter for plug-in base	3P 4P	LV432584 LV432585
	Auxiliary connections			1
DB117160		1 9-wire fixed connector (for base)		LV429273
DB117161		1 9-wire moving connector (for circuit breaker)		LV432523
DB116368		1 support for 3 moving connectors		LV432525
DB115885		9-wire manual auxiliary connector (fixed + moving)		LV429272
_	Plug-in base accessori		0 + 40	Luciana
DB117164	To lo	Long insulated right angle terminal extensions	Set of 2	LV432526
DB117165		2 IP40 shutters for base		LV432521
DB117180 DI	The way	Base	3P	LV432516
DB117181		Base	4P	LV432517
DB117182		Power connections	3/4P	LV432518
DB117183		Short terminal shields	3P	LV432591
DB117184		Short terminal shields	4P	LV432592
DB117171		Safety trip interlock	3/4P	LV432520
5	Chassis accessories	Escutcheon collar	Toggle	LV432534
DB117172		Escutcheon collar	Toggle	LV432534
DB117173		Escutcheon collar	Vigi module	LV429285
DB117163	\$ -	Locking kit (keylock not included)		LV429286
DB11		Keylock (keylock adapter not included) Ronis 1351B.500 Profalux KS5 B24 D4Z		41940 42888
DB111426		2 carriage switches (connected/disconnected position indication)		LV429287

Spare parts			
	Additional toggle extension for NSX400/630		32595
DB118633			
430	5 spare toggle extensions		LV432553
DB111430			
B B B	Bag of screws		LV432552
DB 11562			
1493	Compact NS retrofit escutcheon	Small cut-out	LV432571
DB111483			
433	IP40 toggle escutcheon	Compact NS type/small cut-out	32556
DB111433			
\$	Torque limiting screws (set of 12)	3P/4P Compact NSX400-630	LV432513
25 TO			
\$\$ \$	1 set of 10 identification labels		LV429226
DB1111438			
564	1 base for extended rotary handle		LV432498
DBITT468			
435	LCD display for electronic trip unit	Micrologic 5	LV429483
DB 111433		Micrologic 6	LV429484
		Micrologic E-M	LV429486
DB111438	5 transparent covers for electronic trip unit	Micrologic 2	LV432459
0 12		Micrologic 5/6	LV432461
£	5 opaque covers for Micrologic 5/6		LV432460
DB115907	5 opaque covers for ivilcrologic 5/6		LV43240U
ä			

Individual enclosures

IP55 steel enclosure



Compact NSX400 with black extended rotary handle	LV431219
Compact NSX400 with red and yellow extended rotary handle	LV431220
Compact NSX630 or Vigicompact NSX400/630 with black extended rotary handle	LV431221
Compact NSX630 or Vigicompact NSX400/630 with red and yellow extended rotary handle	LV431222

IP55 insulating enclosure



Compact NSX400/630 with black extended rotary handle
Vigicompact NSX400/630 with black extended rotary handle
LV432665
LV432666

Visible break disconnect function

See catalogue dealing with "Interpact INV products (visible break)" and the associated accessories.

The visible break disconnection function is compatible with fixed front-connected/rear-connected Compact NSX devices.

Monitoring and control, test tools

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630

		ontrol (remote operation)	
	Circuit breaker access	ories	
6		Breaker Status Control Module BSCM	LV434205
43	A S	Dieakei Status Control Module BSCM	LV434203
DB111439			
	ULP display module (1)		
0	OLF display illoudie	O Table and Start Starte and In EDMAN	TDV00404
DB 111440		Switchboard front display module FDM121	TRV00121
<u>+</u>	INFE II'I	FDM mounting accessory (diameter 22 mm)	TRV00128
	4		
	Y		
	0.000		
	III Desamentianis	a dula	
	ULP communication m		[==:::=::=
DB111441		Modbus interface Modbus SL communication interface module	TRV00210
	W []		
Ճ			
	7		
	ULP wiring accessorie	S	
45		NSX cord L = 0.35 m	LV434200
DB1111442		NSX cord L = 1.3 m	LV434201
DB 1			
	لر [1] کھ	NSX cord L = 3 m	LV434202
	1 83	NSX cord for U > 480 V AC L = 1.3 m	LV434204
73	A	10 stacking connectors for communication interface modules	TRV00217
156		To diadning definition of formula medical minorities medical	1111100211
DB 1			
43		10 Modbus line terminators	VW3A8306DRC (2)
DB11144			,
8	~		
83		RS 485 roll cable (4 wires, length 60 m)	50965
DB 11562		The fee following the first this	00000
B9			
	_		[
2623	N	5 RJ45 connectors female/female	TRV00870
B11	4 1		
444		10 ULP line terminators	TRV00880
DB11144			
445		10 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 0.3 m	TRV00803
DB1111445		10 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 0.6 m	TRV00806
BB	甲//	5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 1 m	TRV00810
	W/ //		
		5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 2 m	TRV00820
		5 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 3 m	TRV00830
		1 RJ45/RJ45 male cord L = 5 m	TRV00850
	Power supply modules		
82		External power supply module 100-240 V AC 110-230 V DC / 24 V DC-3 A class 2	ABL8RPS24030 (2)
DB112278			1
)B1			
	ا ا		
	000		
	_		
736	The state of the s	External power supply module 24 V DC-1 A OVC IV	
DB112736		24-30 V DC	54440
ď	IAD IAD	48-60 V DC	54441
	٢	100-125 V AC	54442
	Littura de la constitución de la		
		110-130 V AC	54443
		200-240 V AC	54444
		380-415 V AC	54445
	Battery module		
59		24 V DC battery module	54446
DB112729	~ ~ ~	2. 1. 2.0 3.0.01 j 11100.010	10
DB1	4 \ >		
_	1 2000000		
	i.		
	(A)		
	2000000		
	100000000		

- (1) For measurement display with Micrologic A and E or status display with BSCM.
 (2) See Telemecanique catalogue.

Monitoring and control, test

tools (cont.)

Compact and Vigicompact NSX400/630 (cont.)

	Test tool, software	, demo		
	Test tool			
DB111449		Pocket battery for Micrologic NSX100-630	LV434206	
DB111451		Maintenance case Comprising: - USB maintenance interface - Power supply - Micrologic cord - USB cord - RJ45/RJ45 male cord	TRV00910	
DB111450		Spare USB maintenance interface	TRV00911	
DB111452		Spare power supply 110-240 V AC	TRV00915	
)B111453		Spare Micrologic cord for USB maintenance interface	TRV00917	
DB111448 DB111453		Bluetooth/Modbus option for USB maintenance interface	VW3A8114	(1)
	Software			
DB117158	ART OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	Configuration and setting software RSU Test software LTU Monitoring software RCU	LV4ST121	(2)
	Demo tool			
		Demo case for Compact NSX	LV434207	

- (1) See Telemecanique catalogue.
 (2) Downloadable from http://schneider-electric.com.

COMPACT NSX

nstructions			
Iser manual			
	Circuit breaker	(French)	LV434100
	Circuit breaker Micrologic 5.6	(English)	LV434101
		(French)	LV434103
		(English)	LV434104
	Modbus	(French)	LV434106
	Micrologic 5.6	(English)	LV434107
	ULP	(French)	TRV99100
	Micrologic 5.6 Modbus	(English)	TRV99101

Compact NSX100 to NSX630 Circuit breakers and switch-

disconnectors

To indicate your choices, check the applicable square boxes						Indication and measu									
or note the quantity		diamin da a	4 -			\neg	Ammeter module	standard				3P 3P	Н	4F	` <u> </u>
and enter the appro	opriate informa	ition in the r	ecta	angles			Current-transformer module	I max				3P 3P	+	4F	5
Circuit brooks	- a- aitala	d:	-4-				Current-transformer module					3P	\dashv	4F	$\overline{}$
Circuit breake Compact type	r or switch-	NSX100/1					Insulation-monitoring modu					3P		4F	
Compacttype		NSX400/6		200		\exists	Voltage-presence indicator								
Rating		A					Auxiliary contact	OF, SD, SDE or SI	DV			Standard		Low leve	4
Circuit breaker		B, F, N, H,	S, I	L			SDE adapter (TM, MA or Mi	crologic 2 trip units)							\perp
Switch-disconnecte	or	NA				_	SDX module								
Number of poles		2, 3 or 4				4	Remote operation Electrical operation	Motor mechanism		AC		DC		V	
Number of poles tri	ppea	2d, 3d or	4a	Eront	connections	\dashv	Voltage releases	Instantaneous	MX	AC		DC	\dashv	V	
Plug-in/withdr.	Plug-in			1	awable	\dashv	vollago roloadoo	motarita io o a o	MN	AC		DC	П	v	
Earth-leakage prot		ME, MH, N	ИΒ	Withdi	awabic	_		Fixed time delay	MN	AC		DC		V	
Vigi module		Voltage			V			Adjust. time delay	MN	AC		DC		V	
		4P option	on 3	BP NSX			Rotary handles								
Trip unit							Direct	Black				Red and yel			
Thermal-mag.	TMD rating ()			_	Extended	MCC conversion a	iccess.					sion access.	+
	TMG rating (_	Extended	Black Telescopic handle	for withdrawak	olo dovice		Red and yel	IOW	ironi	
Electronic	MA rating (2.		П	Missala	-1- 2 2	-	Indication auxiliary	1 early-break swite		ne device	,	2 early-mak	P SW	ritches	+
Electronic	Micrologic 2 Micrologic 2		\vdash	Microlo	gic 2.3 gic 2.3-AB	\dashv	Locking	r carry broak switt	J. 1			2 outly mak	000	itorico	
	Micrologic 2		H		gic 2.3-AB	\dashv	Toggle (1 to 3 padlocks)		Ren	novable				Fixed	4
	Micrologic 5		П		gic 5.3 E	\exists	Rotary handle	Keylock adapter (k							
	Micrologic 5				gic 5.3 A-Z			Keylocks Ronis 13	•	,		Pro	falu	x KS5 B24 D4Z	
	Micrologic 5				gic 6.3 A		Motor mechanism	Keylock adapter +	keylock Ronis	(special)				NSX100/250)
	Micrologic 6	6.2 A		Microlo	gic 6.3 E			Keylock adapter (F	eylock not incl	uded)				NSX400/630	
	Micrologic 6		Ш		gic 1.3 M	_		Keylocks Ronis 13	51B.500			Pro	falu	x KS5 B24 D4Z	
	Micrologic 2		Щ		gic 2.3 M	_	Interlocking								
	Micrologic 6		Ш	Microlo	gic 6.3 E-M	4	Mechanical	Toggle operated				Rot	ary	Handle	_
External neutral C	SDTAM Mod	dule				\dashv	By key (2 keylocks, 1 key)	Locking kit without				D	£ = 1	x KS5 B24 D4Z	
	V DC power supply connector				-	for rotary handle	Keylocks Ronis 13	51B.500			Pro	naiu	X KS5 B24 D4Z		
	I wiring accessory for NSX630b NW/NT					\dashv	Installation accessor IP30 escutcheon for all type		No/motor moch	aniem)					
External power sup						_	IP30 escutcheon (with acce			iailisiii)					+
	24-30 V DC			48-60 V	DC [IP30 escutcheon for Vigi mo								\top
	100-125 V A	С		110-130	VAC		IP40 escutcheon for all type		dle/motor mech	nanism)					\top
	200-240 V A	C		380-415	VAC		IP40 escutcheon for Vigi mo			,					
Battery module							IP40 escutcheon for Vigi or	ammeter module							
Connection			,	_	_		Toggle cover								
Connection Rear-connection kit Short Long S				Sealing accessories								_			
		Mixed				_	DIN rail adapter	NSX100/250							_
NSX100/250 conn	ectors	Snap-on 1 Snap-on 2				\dashv	3P 60 mm busbar adapter								
		Snap-on 1			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\dashv	Plug-in / withdrawabl					(for book)			
		Distributio				=	Auxiliary connections 1 automatic connector fixed part with 9 wires (for base) 1 automatic connector moving part with 9 wires (for circuit breaker)								
		Aluminium				\neg	1 support for 3 automatic connector 1 support for 2								
NSX400/630 conn	ectors	1 cable 35	□ to	300□			moving parts automatic connector								
		2 cables 3	5□ t	o 240 ⁻				9-wire manual aux	iliary connecto	r (fixed +	mo	ving)			
Right-angle termin	al extensions					_	Plug-in base accessories	Long insulated ter	minals					Set of 2	2
Straight extensions		NSX100/2	$\overline{}$			4		2 IP4 shutters for b	pase						
Edgewise extension	ns	45° termin extension	al [le-L terminal sions		Chassis accessories	Escutcheon collar				Toggle		Vig	i
Sproador	NCV100/050		, 1	SAIGI		\neg		Locking kit (keyloc				Alam In all all	\		\vdash
Spreader	NSX100/250 NSX400/630		'	Н	(45 mm) (70 mm)	\dashv	Parte or plus in	2 carriage switche		nnected p 2P	os	tion indicatio 3P	n) 	4F	+
Cu cable lugs	NSX100/050) - l	1500	1850	\dashv	Parts or plug-in Withdrawable kits	Plug-in base FC/R Set of two power of		2P		Standard	H	4F Vig	
ou ouble luge	NSX400/630		·	240	300	_	Williarawable Kits	Safety trip for adva				Otanuaru	ш	vig	· —
Al cable lugs	NSX100/250			1500	185 [□]			For 3P/4P chassis						Noving part	
•	NSX400/630)		240□	3000									ixed part	
Voltage measurem	ent	For lugs N	SX1	100/250 ≤	185□		Adapter for plug-in base (for	r terminal shield or in	terphase barrie	ers)					
Input for connector		For lugs N		400/630		_	Communication								
Terminal shields	NSX100/250		- 1	_	Long	_		NSX Cord L = 0.35						cord L = 1.3 m	
	NSX400/630			\sqcup	Long	\dashv		NSX Cord U > 480	V AC L = 0.35	m		NS	SX C	ord L = 3 m	\perp
Interphase barriers	Long for 52.5	ının sprea	uers	-	Sot of G	\dashv	BSCM Communication metal model	i 222 242\'							+
2 insulating	NSX100/250	1			Set of 6	\dashv	Communicating motor mech Switchboard front display m								+
z insulating screens:	NSX100/250 NSX400/630				70 pitch	\dashv	FDM mounting accessory	JOUUIE FDIVITZT							+
Test tool	140/400/030				, o pitcii [Modbus interface								+
Pocket battery for I	Micrologic						Stacking accessory								\top
Maintenance case						\dashv	ULP line termination								T
USB maintenance	interface						RJ45 connectors female/fer	male \	Nire length RJ	45				ength RJ45	T
Power supply 110-:								ı	_= 0.3 m				= 0.6		
Spare Micrologic c	ord								Nire length RJ	45				ength RJ45	
									_= 1 m	45			= 2 n		
									Nire length RJ	45				ength RJ45	Ш
								L	_ = 3 m			L:	= 5 n	1	



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Contents

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For each major section (Accessories, Switchgear, etc.) and for each item (Adapter for plug-in base, Connection terminal, etc.), this glossary provides:

- the page number in the concerned catalogue
- the reference standard
- the standardised IEC symbol
- the definition.

Text in quotation marks is drawn from the standards.

Accessories					
Adapter for plug-in base	►A-72	The adapter is a plastic component that can be installed upstream and/or downstream of the plug-in base and enables use of all the connection accessories of the fixed device.			
Bare-cable connector	►A-71	Conducting part of the circuit breaker intended for connection to power circuits. On Compact NSX, it is an aluminium part that screws to the connection terminals of the circuit breaker. There are one or more holes (single or multiple cable connector) for the ends of bare cables.			
Connection terminals	►A-70	Flat copper surface, linked to the conducting parts of the circuit breaker and to which power connections are made using bars, connectors or lugs.			
One-piece spreader	►A-70	The spreader is a plastic component with copper connectors that can be installed upstream and/or downstream of a Compact NSX100 to 250 circuit breaker with a pole pitch of 35 mm. It increases the pitch of the circuit-breaker terminals to the 45 mm pitch of a NSX400/630 device to facilitate connection of large cables.			
Spreaders	►A-70	Set of three (3P device) or four (4P) flat, conducting parts made of aluminium. They are screwed to the circuit-breaker terminals to increase the pitch between poles.			
Circuit-breaker char	racteris	tics (IEC 60947-2)			
Breaking capacity	►A-6	Value of prospective current that a switching device is capable of breaking at a stated voltage under prescribed conditions of use and behaviour. Reference is generally made to the ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) and the service breaking capacity (Ics).			
Degree of protection (IP) IEC 60529	► A-5	Defines device protection against the penetration of solid objects and liquids, using two digits specified in standard IEC 60259. Each digit corresponds to a level of protection, where 0 indicates no protection. First digit (0 to 6): protection against penetration of solid foreign objects. corresponds to protection against objects with a diameter > 50 mm, 6 corresponds to total protection against dust. Second digit (0 to 8): protection against penetration of liquids (water). corresponds to protection against falling drops of water (condensation), 8 corresponds to continuous immersion. The enclosure of Compact NSX circuit breakers provides a minimum of IP40 (protection against objects > 1 mm) and can reach IP56 (protection against dust and powerful water jets) depending on the installation conditions.			
Degree of protection against external mechanical impacts (IK)	► A-6	Defines the aptitude of an object to resist mechanical impacts on all sides, indicated by a number from 0 to 10 (standard IEC 62262). Each number corresponds to the impact energy (in Joules) that the object can handle according to a standardised procedure. 0 corresponds to no protection, 1 to an impact energy of 0.14 Joules, 10 to an impact energy of 20 Joules. Compact NSX provide IK07 (2 Joules) and can provide IK08 (5 Joules) depending on the installation conditions.			
Durability	►A-6	The term "durability" is used in the standards instead of "endurance" to express the expectancy of the number of operating cycles which can be performed by the equipment before repair or replacement of parts. The term "endurance" is used for specifically defined operational performance.			
Electrical durability IEC 60947-1	►A-6	With respect to its resistance to electrical wear, equipment is characterised by the number of on-load operating cycles, corresponding to the service conditions given in the relevant product standard, which can be made without re replacement.			

Frame size	► A-70	"A term designating a group of circuit breakers, the external physical dimensions of which are common to a range of current ratings. Frame size is expressed in amperes corresponding to the highest current rating of the group. Within a frame size, the width may vary according to the number of poles. This definition does not imply dimensional standardization." Compact NSX has two frame sizes covering 100 to 250 A and 400 to 630 A.
Insulation class	► A-5	Defines the type of device insulation in terms of earthing and the corresponding safety for user, in one of three classes. Class I. The device is earthed. Any electrical faults, internal or external, or caused by the load, are cleared via the earthing circuit, thus ensuring user safety. Class II. The device is not connected to a protective conductor. User safety is ensured by reinforced insulation around the live parts (an insulating case and no contact with live parts, i.e. plastic buttons, moulded connections, etc.) or double insulation. Class III. The device may be connected only to SELV (safety extra-low voltage) circuits. The Compact NSX are class II devices (front) and may be installed through the door in class II switchboards (standards IEC 61140 and IEC 60664-1), without reducing insulation, even with a rotary handle or motor mechanism module.
Making capacity		Value of prospective making current that a switching device is capable of making at a stated voltage under prescribed conditions of use and behaviour. Reference is generally made to the short-circuit making capacity lcm.
Maximum break time	►A-17	Maximum time after which breaking is effective, i.e. the contacts separated and the current completely interrupted.
Mechanical durability	►A-6	With respect to its resistance to mechanical wear, equipment is characterised by the number of no-load operating cycles which can be effected before it becomes necessary to service or replace any mechanical parts.
Non-tripping time	► A-17	This is the minimum time during which the protective device does not operate in spite of pick-up overrun, if the duration of the overrun does not exceed the corresponding voluntary time delay.
Pollution degree of environment conditions IEC 60947-1 IEC 60664-1	► A-6	"Conventional number based on the amount of conductive or hygroscopic dust, ionized gas or salt and on the relative humidity and its frequency of occurrence, resulting in hygroscopic absorption or condensation of moisture leading to reduction in dielectric strength and/or surface resistivity". Standard IEC 60947-1 distinguishes four pollution degrees. ■ Degree 1. No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. ■ Degree 2. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation may be expected. ■ Degree 3. Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation. ■ Degree 4. The pollution generates persistent conductivity caused, for instance, by conductive dust or by rain or snow. Compact NSX meets degree 3, which corresponds to industrial applications.
Prospective short-circuit current	► E-13	Current that would flow through the poles if they remained fully closed during the short-circuit.
Rated current (In)	► A-6	This is the current that the device can carry continuously with the contacts closed and without abnormal temperature rise.
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	►A-6	"The peak value of an impulse voltage of prescribed form and polarity which the equipment is capable of withstanding without failure under specified conditions of test and to which the values of the clearances are referred. The rated impulse withstand voltage of an equipment shall be equal to or higher than the values stated for the transient overvoltages occurring in the circuit in which the equipment is fitted".
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	►A-6	"The rated insulation voltage of an equipment is the value of voltage to which dielectric tests and creepage distances are referred. In no case shall the maximum value of the rated operational voltage exceed that of the rated insulation voltage".
Rated operational current (le)		"A rated operational current of an equipment is stated by the manufacturer and takes into account the rated operational voltage, the rated frequency, the rated duty, the utilization category and the type of protective enclosure, if appropriate".
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	►A-6	"A value of voltage which, combined with a rated operational current, determines the application of the equipment and to which the relevant tests and the utilisation categories are referred. For multipole equipment, it is generally stated as the voltage between phases". This is the maximum continuous voltage at which the equipment may be used.

Rated short-time withstand current (Icw)

"Value of short-time withstand current, assigned to the equipment by the manufacturer, that the equipment can carry without damage, under the test conditions specified in the relevant product standard". Generally expressed in kA for 0.5, 1 or 3 seconds. This is an essential characteristic for air circuit breakers. It is not significant for moulded-case circuit breakers for which the design targets fast opening and high limiting capacity.

Service breaking capacity (Ics)

Expressed as a percentage of Icu, it provides an indication on the robustness of the device under severe conditions. It is confirmed by a test with one opening and one closing/opening at Ics, followed by a check that the device operates correctly at its rated current, i.e. 50 cycles at In, where temperature rise remains within tolerances

Short-circuit making capacity (lcm) ▶ A-58

Value indicating the capacity of the device to make and carry a high current without repulsion of the contacts. It is expressed in kA peak.

Suitability for isolation

► A-5

(see also Positive contact indication, page G-5)

This capability means that the circuit breaker meets the conditions below.

- In the open position, it must withstand, without flashover between the upstream and downstream contacts, the impulse voltage specified by the standard as a function of the Uimp indicated on the device.
- It must indicate contact position by one or more of the following systems:
- □ position of the operating handle
- □ separate mechanical indicator
- □ visible break of the moving contacts

and the protection system suffers no damage.

- Leakage current between each pole, with the contacts open, at a test voltage of 1.1 x the rated operating voltage, must not exceed:
- □ 0.5 mA per pole for new devices
- □ 2 mA per pole for devices already subjected to normal switching operations
- □ 6 mA, the maximum value that must never be exceeded.
- It must not be possible to install padlocks unless the contacts are open. Locking in the closed position is permissible for special applications. Compact NSX complies with this requirement by positive contact indication.

Suitable for isolation with positive > A-5 contact indication

Suitability for isolation is defined here by the mechanical reliability of the position indicator of the operating mechanism, where:

(see also Suitability for isolation, page

- the isolation position corresponds to the O (OFF) position
- the operating handle cannot indicate the "OFF" position unless the contacts are effectively open.

The other conditions for isolation must all be fulfilled:

- locking in the open position is possible only if the contacts are effectively open
- leakage currents are below the standardised limits
- overvoltage impulse withstand between upstream and downstream connections.

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu)

► A-6

Expressed in kA, it indicates the maximum breaking capacity of the circuit breaker. It is confirmed by a test with one opening and one closing/opening at Icu, followed by a check that the circuit is properly isolated. This test ensures user safety.

Communication.....

BSCN

G2)

► A-27

(Breaker status and control module)

The optional BSCM for Compact NSX is used to acquire device status indications and control the communicating remote-control function. It includes a memory used to manage the maintenance indicators. It serves as a converter between the analog outputs of the device indication contacts (O/F, SD, SDE) and the digital communicating functions.

Ethernet is a very common network protocol and complies with IEEE standard 802.3.

Ethernet TCP/IP

►A-28

(Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

Ethernet TCP/IP is the protocol that brings web functions to Ethernet networks. Most PCs have an Ethernet 10/100 card (10 or 100 Mbit/s) for connection to the internet. Data communicated from Compact NSX via Modbus are accessible on a PC via a TCP/IP-Modbus gateway such as MPS100 or EGX100.

Network

Set of communicating devices that are interconnected by communication lines in order to share data and resources.

Open protocol

3

A protocol for system communication, interconnection or data exchange for which technical specifications are public, i.e. there are no restrictions on access or implementation. An open protocol is the opposite of a proprietary protocol.

Protocol

► A-28

Standardised specification for dialog between digital components that exchange data. It is an operating mode based on the length and structure of binary words and it must be used by all the components exchanging data between themselves. Communication is not possible without using a protocol.

RJ45 connector	► A-26	Universal, 8-wire connector that is widely used in digital communication networks. The RJ45 connector is used to interconnect computer equipment (Ethernet, Modbus, etc.), telephones and audiovisual equipment.
RS485 Modbus	► A-28	Modbus is the most widely used communication protocol in industrial networks. It operates in master-slave mode. An RS485 multipoint link connects the master and slaves via a pair of wires offering throughputs of up to 38400 bits/second over distances up to 1200 m). The master cyclically polls the slaves which send back the requested information. The Modbus protocol uses frames containing the address of the targeted slave, the function (read, write), the datum and the CRC (cyclical redundancy check).
SDTAM	► A-81	Relay module with two static outputs specifically for the motor-protection Micrologic trip units 1 M, 2 M and 6 E-M. An output, linked to the contactor controller, opens the contactor when an overload or other motor fault occurs, thus avoiding opening of the circuit breaker. The other output stores the opening event in memory.
SDx	► A-81	Relay module with two outputs that remotes the trip or alarm conditions of Compact NSX circuit breakers equipped with a Micrologic electronic trip unit.
Static output	► A-81	Output of a relay made up of a thyristor or triac electronic component. The low switching capability means that a power relay is required. This is the case for the SDx and SDTAM outputs.
ULP (Universal Logic Plug)	►A-31	Connection system used by Compact NSX to communicate information to the Modbus interface via a simple RJ45 cable. Compatible modules are indicated by the symbol opposite.
Components		
ASIC (Application Specific Integrated Circuit)	►A-8	Integrated circuit designed, built and intended for a specific application. It carries out repetitive sequences of instructions engraved in the silicon chip. For that reason, it is extremely reliable because it cannot be modified and is not affected by environment conditions. Micrologic trip units use an ASIC for the protection functions. The ASIC cyclically polls the network status at a high frequency, using the values supplied by captors.
Microprocessor	►A-8	Comparison with the settings forms the basis for orders to the electronic trip units. A microprocessor is a more general purpose device than an ASIC. In Micrologic, a microprocessor is used for measurements and it can be programmed. It is not used
		for the main protection functions that are carried out by the ASIC.
Controls	•••••	••••••
Communicating motor mechanism	► A-82	For Compact NSX remote control via the communication system, a communicating motor mechanism is required. Except for the communication function, it is identical to the standard motor mechanism module and connects to and controlled by the BSCM module.
CNOMO machine-tool rotary handle	e ►A-84	Handle used for machine-tool control enclosures and providing IP54 and IK08.
Direct rotary handle	►A-84	This is an optional control handle for the circuit breaker. It has the same three positions I (ON), O (OFF) and TRIPPED as the toggle control. It provides IP40, IK07 and the possibility, due to its extended travel, of using early-make and early-break contacts. It maintains suitability for isolation and offers optional locking using a keylock or a padlock.
Emergency off	►A-83	In a circuit equipped with a circuit breaker, this function is carried out by an opening mechanism using an MN undervoltage release or an MX shunt release in conjunction with an emergency off button.
Extended rotary handle	►A-84	Rotary handle with an extended shaft to control devices installed at the rear of switchboards. It has the same characteristics as direct rotary handles. It offers multiple locking possibilities using a keylock, a padlock or a door interlock.
Failsafe remote tripping	►A-83	Remote tripping is carried out by an opening mechanism using an MN undervoltage release in conjunction with an emergency off button. If power is lost, the protection device opens the circuit breaker.

This is the standard control mechanism for the circuit breaker, with a toggle that can Manual toggle control ►A-89 be flipped up or down. In a moulded-case circuit breaker (MCCB), there are three positions, I (ON), O (OFF) and TRIPPED. Once in the TRIPPED position, manual reset is required by switching to O (OFF position before reclosing. The TRIPPED position does not offer isolation with positive contact indication. This is guaranteed only by the O (OFF) position. Handle used for motor control centres and providing IP43 and IK07. MCC rotary handle ►A-84 The optional motor mechanism module is used to remotely open, close and recharge Motor mechanism module ► A-82 the circuit breaker. Discrimination | Cascading..... Cascading Cascading implements the current-limiting capacity of a circuit breaker, making it possible to install downstream circuit breakers with lower performance levels. The upstream circuit breaker reduces any high short-circuit currents. This makes it possible to install downstream circuit breakers with breaking capacities less than the prospective short-circuit current at their point of installation. The main advantage of cascading is to reduce the overall cost of switchgear. Because the current is limited throughout the circuit downstream of the limiting circuit breaker, cascading applies to all the devices located downstream. **Current discrimination** Discrimination based on the difference between the current-protection settings of the circuit breakers. The difference in settings between two successive circuit breakers in a circuit must be sufficient to allow the downstream breaker to clear the fault before the upstream breaker trips. Discrimination is ensured between upstream and downstream circuit breakers if, Discrimination ► A-8 when a fault occurs, only the circuit breaker placed immediately upstream of the fault Discrimination is the key to ensuring the continuity of service of an installation. **Energy discrimination** This function is specific to Compact NSX (see Reflex tripping on page G-7) and ►A-8 supplements the other types of discrimination. **Partial discrimination** Discrimination is partial if the conditions for total discrimination are not met up to the ▶ Δ-8 ultimate short-circuit current lcu, but only up to a lesser value. This value is called the discrimination limit. If a fault exceeds the discrimination limit, both circuit breakers trip. **Time discrimination** Discrimination based on the difference between the time-delay settings of the circuit breakers. The upstream trip unit is delayed to provide the downstream breaker the time required to clear the fault. **Total discrimination** Total discrimination is ensured between upstream and downstream circuit breakers **▶A-8** if, for all fault values, from overloads up to solid short-circuits, only the downstream circuit breaker trips and the upstream circuit breaker remains closed. A number of circuit breakers with Micrologic electronic trip units are interconnected Zone selective interlocking (ZSI) ►A-18 one after another by a pilot wire. In the event of a short-time or ground fault: ■ in the absence of information from downstream, the circuit breaker directly concerned by the fault (i.e. located just upstream of the fault) shifts to the shortest time delay and sends a signal upstream

maintains its normal time delay.

Environment.....

EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) ▶ A-5

EMC is the capacity of a device not to disturb its environment during operation (emitted electromagnetic disturbances) and to operate in a disturbed environment (electromagnetic disturbances affecting the device). The standards define various classes for the types of disturbances. Micrologic trip units comply with annexes F and J in standard IEC IE60947-2.

■ the upstream device, on receiving the signal from the downstream device,

In this manner, the fault is cleared rapidly by the circuit breaker closest to the fault.

Power loss
Pole resistance

► B-10

The flow of current through the circuit-breaker poles produces Joule-effect losses caused by the resistance of the poles.

Product environmental profile (PEP) ▶ A-4

LCA: Life-cycle assessment ISO 14040

An assessment on the impact of the construction and use of a product on the environment, in compliance with standard ISO 14040, Environmental management, life-cycle assessment (LCA), principles and framework.

For Compact NSX, this assessment is carried out using the standardised EIME (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer) software, which makes possible comparisons between the products of different manufacturers. It includes all stages, i.e. manufacture, distribution, use and end of life, with set

- use over 20 years at a percent load of 80% for 14 hours per day and 20% for ten hours
- according to the European electrical-energy model. It provides the information presented below.
- Materials making up the product: composition and proportions, with a check to make sure no substances forbidden by the RoHS directive are included.
- Manufacture: on Schneider Electric production sites that have set up an environmental management system certified ISO 14001.
- Distribution: packaging in compliance with the 94/62/EC packaging directive (optimised volumes and weights) and optimised distribution flows via local centres.
- Use: no aspects requiring special precautions for use. Power lost through Joule effect in Watts (W) must be < 0.02% of total power flowing through the circuit breaker. Based on the above assumptions, annual consumption from 95 to 200 kWh.
- End of life: products dismantled or crushed. For Compact NSX, 81% of materials can be recycled using standard recycling techniques. Less than 2% of total weight requires special recycling.

Product environmental profile (PEP) ▶ A-4

Environmental indicators

Environmental indicators are also frequently used for the PEP (sheet available on request for Compact NSX):

- Depletion of natural resources
- Depletion of energy

usage assumptions:

- Depletion of water
- Potential for atmospheric warming (greenhouse effect)
- Potential for stratospheric ozone depletion
- Creation of atmospheric ozone (ozone layer)
- Acidification of air (acid rain)
- Production of hazardous waste.

RoHS directive

► A-4

(Restriction of Hazardous substances)

European directive 2002/95/EC dated 27 January 2003 aimed at reducing or eliminating the use of hazardous substances. The manufacturer must attest to compliance, without third-party certification. Circuit breakers are not included in the list of concerned products, which are essentially consumer products. That not withstanding, Schneider Electric decided to comply with the RoHS directive. Compact NSX products are designed in compliance with RoHS and do not contain (above the authorised levels) lead, more user contains the authorised levels lead, more user contains the authorised levels lead.

Compact NSX products are designed in compliance with RoHS and do not contain (above the authorised levels) lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls PBB and polybrominated diphenyl ether PBDE).

Safety clearances

► A-4

When installing a circuit breaker, minimum distances (safety clearances) must be maintained between the device and panels, bars and other protection systems installed nearby. These distances, which depend on the ultimate breaking capacity, are defined by tests carried out in accordance with standard IEC 60947-2.

Temperature derating

▶ B-8

An ambient temperature varying significantly from 40°C can modify operation of magnetic or thermal-magnetic protection functions. It does not affect electronic trip units. However, when electronic trip units are used in high-temperature situations, it is necessary to check the settings to ensure that only the permissible current for the given ambient temperature is let through.

Vibration withstand

IEC 60068-2-6

▶B-2

► A-4

Circuit breakers are tested in compliance with standard IEC 60068-2-6 for the levels required by merchant-marine inspection organisations (Veritas, Lloyd's, etc.):

- 2 to 13.2 Hz: amplitude of ±1 mm
- 13.2 to 100 Hz: constant acceleration of 0.7 g.

WEEE directive

(Waste of Electrical and Electronic Equipment)

European directive on managing the waste of electrical and electronic equipment. Circuit breakers are not included in the list of concerned products. However, Compact NSX products respect the WEEE directive.

Harmonics

Current harmonics

► A-20

Non-linear loads cause harmonic currents that flow in the 50 Hz (or 60 Hz) distribution system. Total harmonic current is the sum of sinusoidal AC currents for which the rms values can be measured and broken down into:

- \blacksquare the fundamental current at the 50/60 Hz frequency of the distribution system, with an rms value of IH $_1$
- harmonic currents with whole, odd multiples (3, 5, 7, etc.) of the 50/60 Hz frequency, called the third-order, fifth-order, etc. harmonics. For example, IH₃, the third-order harmonic at 150/180 Hz, IH₅, the fifth-order harmonic at 250/300 Hz, etc. The presence of harmonics in the system must be monitored and limited because it results in temperature rise, currents in the neutral (caused by the third-order harmonics and multiples), malfunctions of sensitive electronic devices, etc. Micrologic E trip units take into account harmonics up to order 15 in the THDI and THDU calculations.

Non-linear load

Systems producing harmonics are present in all industrial, commercial and residential sectors. Harmonics are caused by non-linear loads. A load is said to be non-linear when the current drawn does not have the same waveform as the supply voltage. Typically, loads using power electronics are non-linear. Examples of non-linear loads include computers, rectifiers, variable-speed drives, arc furnaces and fluorescent lighting.

Total harmonic distortion of current ► A-21 (THDI)

THDI characterises the distortion of the current wave by harmonics. It indicates the quantity of harmonics in the resulting waveform. It is expressed in

It indicates the quantity of harmonics in the resulting waveform. It is expressed in percent.

The higher the THDI, the more the current is distorted by harmonics. THDI should remain below 10%. Above that level, there is said to be harmonic pollution that is considered severe when it rises above 50%.

Total harmonic distortion of voltage ► A-21 (THDU)

THDU characterises the distortion of the voltage wave by harmonics. It indicates the quantity of harmonics in the resulting waveform. It is expressed in

The higher the THDU, the more the system voltage is distorted by harmonics. It is advised not to exceed 5% for low-voltage systems.

Voltage harmonics ► A-20

For each current harmonic IHk, there is a voltage harmonic UHk of the same order k, where the resulting voltage is the sum of the two waves.

The voltage wave is therefore distorted with respect to the standard sinusoidal wave.

Measurements

Contact wear

► A-23

Each time Compact NSX opens, the Micrologic 5 / 6 trip unit measures the interrupted current and increments the contact-wear indicator as a function of the interrupted current, according to test results stored in memory.

Current transformer with iron-core ≥ 10 toroid

It is made up of a coil wound around an iron frame through which a power busbar runs. The current flowing in the bar, on passing through the sensor, induces a magnetic field that reverses for each half period. This variation in the field in turn creates an induced current in the coil. This current is proportional to the current flowing in the bar. It is sufficient to supply the measurement electronics. The disadvantage of iron-core measurement current transformers (CT) is that they rapidly saturate for currents > 10 ln.

Current transformer with Rogowski ▶ 10 toroid or air-core CT

It is made up of a coil without an iron frame, through which a power busbar runs. The output voltage at the coil terminals is proportional to the current flowing through the bar. The result is a current transformer (CT) with a voltage output. The advantage is that it never saturates whatever the primary current and thus enables measurement of high currents. The output is however a very low current that is too low to supply the measurement electronics.

For Micrologic, Rogowski CTs measure the current and a second CT, with an iron core, provides the electrical supply.

Demand current, demand power and ▶ A-21 peak values

Average of the instantaneous current or power values over an adjustable fixed or sliding time interval. The highest value observed over the time interval is the peak value. The time interval runs from the last reset.

Instantaneous current > A-21

True rms value of the current measured by the current transformers over a sliding time interval. Available on Micrologic 5/6 A or E.

Instantaneous voltage	► A-21	True rms value of the voltage measured by the voltage sensors over a sliding time interval. Available on Micrologic 5/6 A or E.		
Maximeters/minimeters	► A-20	Micrologic 5 and 6 A or E can record the minimum and maximum values of electric parameters over set time periods.		
Overvoltage category (OVC - Overvoltage category) IEC 60947-1. Annex H	►A-32	Standard IEC 60664-1 stipulates that it is up to the user to select a measurement device with a sufficient overvoltage category, depending on the network voltage at the transient overvoltages likely to occur. Four overvoltage categories define the field of use for a device. Cat. I. Devices supplied by a SELV isolating transformer or a battery. Cat. II. Residential distribution, handheld or laboratory tools and devices connected to standardised 2P + earth electrical outlets (230 V). Cat. III. Industrial distribution, fixed distribution circuits in buildings (main low voltage switchboards, rising mains, elevators, etc.). Cat. IV. Utility substations, overhead lines, certain industrial equipment.		
Percent load	► A-23	Percentage of current flowing through the circuit breaker with respect to its rated current. Micrologic 6 E-M offers this information and can sum it over the total operating time to provide the load profile for the following ranges, 0 to 49%, 50 to 79%, 80 to 89% and \geq 90%.		
Phase sequence	►A-23	The order in which the phases are connected (L1, L2, L3 or L1, L3, L2) determines the direction of rotation for three-phase asynchronous motors. Micrologic 6 E-M trip units provide this information.		
Power and energy metering (consumption)	► A-21	The digital electronics in Micrologic 5/6 E calculate the instantaneous power levels apparent (S in kVA), active (P in kW) and (Q in kV), and integrate over a time interv to determine the corresponding energies (kVAh, kWh kvarh). Calculations are for each phase and for the total.		
Time-stamped histories	► A-23	Micrologic trip units store information on events (e.g. alarms and their cause) that are time-stamped to within a millisecond.		
$oldsymbol{P}_{rotection}$				
Ground-fault protection G (Ig)	►A-19	Protection function specific to electronic circuit breakers, symbolised by G (Ground). This protection can calculate high-threshold residual earth-leakage currents (in the order of tens of Amperes) on the basis of phase-current measurements. Micrologic 5/6 offers this protection function with adjustable pick-up Ig and time delay.		
Instantaneous protection I (Ii)	►A-19	This protection supplements lsd. It provokes instantaneous opening of the device. The pick-up may be adjustable or fixed (built-in). This value is always lower than the contact-repulsion level.		
Long-time protection L (Ir)	► A-19	Protection function where the adjustable Ir pick-up determines a protection curve similar to the thermal-protection curve (inverse-time curve I²t). The curve is generally determined on the basis of the Ir setting which corresponds to a theoretically infinite tripping time (asymptote) and of the point at 6 Ir at which the tripping time depends on the rating.		
Magnetic protection (Im)	► A-14	Short-circuit protection provided by magnetic trip units (see this term). The pick-up setting may be fixed or adjustable.		
Neutral protection (IN)	►A-16	The neutral is protected because all circuit-breaker poles are interrupted. The setting may be that used for the phases or specific to the neutral, i.e. reduced neutral (0.5 times the phase current) or OSN (oversized neutral) at 1.6 times the phase current. For OSN protection, the maximum device setting is limited to 0.63 ln.		
Residual-current earth-leakage protection (IΔn)	►A-34	Protection provided by Vigi modules, in which the residual-current toroids directly detect low-threshold earth-leakage currents (in the order of tens of mA) caused by insulation faults.		
Short-delay protection S (Isd)	► A-19	Protection function specific to electronic circuit breakers, symbolised by S (Short delay or short time). This protection supplements thermal protection. The reaction time is very short, but has a slight time delay to enable discrimination with the upstream device. The short-delay pick-up lsd is adjustable from approximately 1.5 to 10 lr.		
Short-delay protection with fixed time delay So (Isd)	►A-17	Short-delay protection, but with a fixed time delay. This function is available on Micrologic 2. It is symbolised by So. It ensures discrimination with downstream devices.		

protection	

► A-15

Overload protection provided by thermal trip units (see this term) using an inverse-

$m{R}$ elays and auxiliary contacts.....

Auxiliary contact

IEC 60947-1

"Contact included in an auxiliary circuit and mechanically operated by the switching

Break contact

► A-84

"Control or auxiliary contact which is open when the main contacts of the mechanical switching device are closed and closed when they are open".

IEC 60947-1

Make contact IEC 60947-1

IEC 60947-1

► A-84

"Control or auxiliary contact which is closed when the main contacts of the mechanical switching device are closed and open when they are open".

Relay (electrical)

► A-18

"Device designed to produce sudden, predetermined changes in one or more electrical output circuits when certain conditions are fulfilled in the electrical input circuits controlling the device".

Relay module with static output

►A-81

►A-6

Output of a relay made up of a thyristor or triac electronic component. The low interrupting capacity means that a power relay is required. This is the case for the SDx and SDTAM outputs.

$S_{witchgear}$

Circuit breaker

IEC 60947-2



"Mechanical switching device, capable of making, carrying and breaking currents under normal circuit conditions and also making, carrying for a specified time and breaking currents under specified abnormal circuit conditions such as those of short circuit". Circuit breakers are the device of choice for protection against overloads and short-circuits. Circuit breakers may, as is the case for Compact NSX, be suitable

Circuit-breaker utilisation category ▶ A-6 IEC 60947-2

The standard defines two utilisation categories, A and B, depending on breaker discrimination with upstream breakers under short-circuit conditions.

- Category A. Circuit breakers not specifically designed for discrimination applications.
- Category B. Circuit breakers specifically designed for discrimination, which requires a short time-delay (which may be adjustable) and a rated short-time withstand current in compliance with the standard.

Compact NSX100 to 630 circuit breakers are category A, however, by design, they provide discrimination with downstream devices (see the Complementary technical

Contactor IEC 60947-1

►A-36

"Mechanical switching device having only one position of rest, operated otherwise than by hand, capable of making, carrying and breaking currents under normal circuit conditions including operating overload conditions". A contactor is provided for frequent opening and closing of circuits under load or slight overload conditions. It must be combined and coordinated with a protective device against overloads and short-circuits, such as a circuit breaker.

Contactor utilisation categories IEC 60947-4-1

►A-37

The standard defines four utilisation categories, AC1, AC2, AC3 and AC4 depending on the load and the control functions provided by the contactor. The class depends on the current, voltage and power factor, as well as contactor withstand capacity in terms of frequency of operation and endurance.

Current-limiting circuit breaker

► A-36

"A circuit-breaker with a break-time short enough to prevent the short-circuit current reaching its otherwise attainable peak value".

IEC 60947-2

Disconnector IEC 60947-3

"Mechanical switching device which, in the open position, complies with the requirements specified for the isolating function". A disconnector serves to isolate upstream and downstream circuits. It is used to open or close circuits under no-load conditions or with a negligible current level. It can carry the rated circuit current and, for a specified time, the short-circuit current.

Switch-disconnector

IEC 60947-3



► A-56

"Switch which, in the open position, satisfies the isolating requirements specified for a disconnector". A switch-disconnector serves for switching and isolation. The switch function breaks the circuit under load conditions and the disconnection function isolates the circuit. Protection is not provided. It may be capable of making shortcircuit currents if it has the necessary making capacity, but it cannot break shortcircuit currents. Compact NSX100 to 630 NA switch-disconnectors have a making capacity.

Switch-disconnector utilisation category

IEC 60947-3

The standard defines six utilisation categories, AC-21A or B, AC-22 A or B, AC23 A or B. They depend on the rated operational current and the mechanical durability (A for frequent operation or B for infrequent operation). Compact NSX NA switchdisconnectors comply with utilisation categories AC22A or AC23A.

current which signals incorrect operation of the driven machine. In the example of a

operates extremely fast, before the other protection functions. It is an additional safety function that operates before the others in the event of a very high short-

pump, under-load protection detects when the pump is no longer primed.

Three-phase asynchronous motors and their protection.....

► A-57

Locked-rotor protection (Ijam)	► A-44	This function steps in when the motor shaft cannot or can no longer drive the load. The result is a high overcurrent.	
Long-start protection (llong)	► A-44	An overly long start means the current drawn remains too high or too low for too long, with respect to the starting current. In all cases, the load cannot be driven and the start must be interrupted. The resulting temperature rise must be taken into account before restarting.	
Phase-unbalance or phase- loss protection (lunbal)	► A-43	This protection function steps in if the current values and/or the unbalance in the three phases supplying the motor exceeds tolerances. Currents should be equal and displacement should be one third of a period. Phase loss is a special case of phase unbalance.	
Starting current	►A-38	Start-up of a three-phase, asynchronous motor is characterised by: a high inrush current, approximately 14 In for 10 to 15 ms a starting current, approximately 7.2 In for 5 to 30 seconds return to the rated current after the starting time.	
Starting time	►A-38	Time after which the motor ceases to draw the starting current and falls back to the operating current Ir (\leq In).	
Thermal image of the rotor and stator	► A-44	The thermal image models the thermal behaviour of a motor rotor and stator, taking into account temperature rise caused by overloads or successive starts, and the cooling constants. For each motor power rating, the algorithm takes into account a theoretical amount of iron and copper which modifies the cooling constants.	
Thermal protection		Protection against overcurrents following an inverse time curve l^2t = constant, which defines the maximum permissible temperature rise for the motor. Tripping occurs after a time delay that decreases with increasing current.	
Trip class IEC 60947-4-1	► A-38	The trip class determines the trip curve of the thermal protection device for a motor feeder. The standard defines trip classes 5, 10, 20 and 30. These classes are the maximum durations, in seconds, for motor starting with a starting current of 7.2 Ir, where Ir is the thermal setting indicated on the motor rating plate.	
Under-load protection (lund)	► A-44	This function steps in when the driven load is too low. It detects a set minimum phase	

■ rip units	•••••	••••••	
Electronic trip unit (Micrologic)	► A-16	Trip unit that continuously measures the current flowing through each phase and the neutral if it exists. For Micrologic, the measurements are provided by built-in current sensors linked to an analog-digital converter with a high sampling frequency. The measurement values are continuously compared by the ASIC to the protection settings. If a setting is overrun, a Mitop release trips the circuit-breaker operating mechanism.	
		This type of trip unit offers much better pick-up and delay setting accuracy than thermal-magnetic trip units. It also provides a wider range of protection functions.	
Magnetic release	► A-14	Release actuated by a coil or a lever. A major increase in the current (e.g. a short-circuit) produces in the coil or the lever a change in the magnetic field that moves a core. This trips the circuit breaker operating mechanism. Action is instantaneous. The pick-up setting may be adjustable.	
Reflex tripping	► A-8	Compact NSX circuit breakers have a patented reflex-tripping system based on the energy of the arc and that is independent of the other protection functions. It	

circuit.

Release IEC 60947-1		Device, mechanically connected to a mechanical switching device (e.g. a circuit breaker), which releases the holding means and permits the opening or the closing of the switching device. For circuit breakers, releases are often integrated in a trip unit.
Shunt release (MX)	►A-83	This type of release operates when supplied with current. The MX release provokes circuit-breaker opening when it receives a pulse-type or maintained command.
Thermal-magnetic trip unit	►A-14	Trip unit combining thermal protection for overloads and magnetic protection.
Thermal release	► A-14	Release in which a bimetal strip is heated by the Joule effect. Above a temperature- rise threshold that is a function of the current and its duration (I²t curve = constant, which is representative of temperature rise in cables), the bimetal strip bends and releases the circuit-breaker opening mechanism. The pick-up setting may be adjustable.
Undervoltage release (MN)	► A-83	This type of release operates when the supply voltage drops below the set minimum.



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